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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁷ : C12N 15/12, C07K 14/47, C12Q 1/68, A61K 39/395, G01N 33/68, 33/574, C07K 16/30, C12N 15/62, 5/02 // A61P 35/00		A2	(11) International Publication Number: WO 00/04149 (43) International Publication Date: 27 January 2000 (27.01.00)																					
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US99/15838 (22) International Filing Date: 14 July 1999 (14.07.99)		(74) Agents: MAKI, David, J. et al.; Seed and Berry LLP, 6300 Columbia, 701 Fifth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104-7092 (US).																						
(30) Priority Data: <table border="0"> <tr> <td>09/115,453</td> <td>14 July 1998 (14.07.98)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/116,134</td> <td>14 July 1998 (14.07.98)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/159,822</td> <td>23 September 1998 (23.09.98)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/159,812</td> <td>23 September 1998 (23.09.98)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/232,880</td> <td>15 January 1999 (15.01.99)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/232,149</td> <td>15 January 1999 (15.01.99)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/288,946</td> <td>9 April 1999 (09.04.99)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> </table>		09/115,453	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US	09/116,134	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US	09/159,822	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US	09/159,812	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US	09/232,880	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US	09/232,149	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US	09/288,946	9 April 1999 (09.04.99)	US	(81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).	
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09/288,946	9 April 1999 (09.04.99)	US																						
(71) Applicant: CORIXA CORPORATION [US/US]; Suite 200, 1124 Columbia Street, Seattle, WA 98104 (US).		Published <i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i>																						
(72) Inventors: DILLON, Davin, Clifford; 21607 N.E. 24th Street, Redmond, WA 98053 (US). HARLOCKER, Susan, Louise; 6203 20th Avenue N.W., Seattle, WA 98107 (US). YUQIU, Jiang; 5001 South 232nd Street, Kent, WA 98032 (US). XU, Jiangchun; 15805 S.E. 43rd Place, Bellevue, WA 98006 (US). MITCHAM, Jennifer, Lynn; 16677 Northeast 88th Street, Redmond, WA 98052 (US).																								
(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER																								
(57) Abstract <p>Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more prostate tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a prostate tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as prostate cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a prostate tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.</p>																								

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COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates generally to therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The invention is more specifically related to polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, and to polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides. Such polypeptides and polynucleotides may be used in vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions for prevention and treatment of prostate cancer, and for the diagnosis and monitoring of such cancers.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Prostate cancer is the most common form of cancer among males, with an estimated incidence of 30% in men over the age of 50. Overwhelming clinical evidence shows that human prostate cancer has the propensity to metastasize to bone, and the disease appears to progress inevitably from androgen dependent to androgen refractory status, leading to increased patient mortality. This prevalent disease is currently the second leading cause of cancer death among men in the U.S.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for the disease, prostate cancer remains difficult to treat. Commonly, treatment is based on surgery and/or radiation therapy, but these methods are ineffective in a significant percentage of cases. Two previously identified prostate specific proteins - prostate specific antigen (PSA) and prostatic acid phosphatase (PAP) - have limited therapeutic and diagnostic potential. For example, PSA levels do not always correlate well with the presence of prostate cancer, being positive in a percentage of non-prostate cancer cases, including benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH). Furthermore, PSA measurements correlate with prostate volume, and do not indicate the level of metastasis.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for these and other cancers, prostate cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat effectively. Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved methods for detecting and treating such cancers. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly stated, the present invention provides compositions and methods for the diagnosis and therapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. In one aspect, the present

invention provides polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof. Certain portions and other variants are immunogenic, such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished. Within certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; (b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and (c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b). In certain specific embodiments, such a polypeptide comprises at least a portion, or variant thereof, of a tumor protein that includes an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

The present invention further provides polynucleotides that encode a polypeptide as described above, or a portion thereof (such as a portion encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein), expression vectors comprising such polynucleotides and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within a related aspect of the present invention, vaccines are provided. Such vaccines comprise a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise: (a) an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein; and (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B cells.

Within related aspects, vaccines are provided that comprise: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides, in other aspects, fusion proteins that comprise at least one polypeptide as described above, as well as polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.

Within related aspects, pharmaceutical compositions comprising a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier are provided.

Vaccines are further provided, within other aspects, that comprise a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine as recited above.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the protein from the sample.

Within related aspects, methods are provided for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated as described above.

Methods are further provided, within other aspects, for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide as described above; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and/or (iii) an antigen presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells. Isolated T cell populations comprising T cells prepared as described above are also provided.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population as described above.

The present invention further provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expressed such a polypeptide; and (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient. Proliferated cells may, but need not, be cloned prior to administration to the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited

above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within preferred embodiments, the binding agent is an antibody, more preferably a monoclonal antibody. The cancer may be prostate cancer.

The present invention also provides, within other aspects, methods for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient. Such methods comprise the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample a level of a polynucleotide, preferably mRNA, that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and (c) comparing the level of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within certain embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected via polymerase chain reaction using, for example, at least one oligonucleotide primer that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide. Within other embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected using a hybridization technique, employing an oligonucleotide probe that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide.

In related aspects, methods are provided for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides antibodies, such as monoclonal antibodies, that bind to a polypeptide as described above, as well as diagnostic

kits comprising such antibodies. Diagnostic kits comprising one or more oligonucleotide probes or primers as described above are also provided.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS AND SEQUENCE IDENTIFIERS

Figure 1 illustrates the ability of T cells to kill fibroblasts expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S, as compared to control fibroblasts. The percentage lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated.

Figures 2A and 2B illustrate the ability of T cells to recognize cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S. In each case, the number of γ -interferon spots is shown for different numbers of responders. In Figure 2A, data is presented for fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide, as compared to fibroblasts pulsed with a control E75 peptide. In Figure 2B, data is presented for fibroblasts expressing P502S, as compared to fibroblasts expressing HER-2/*neu*.

Figure 3 represents a peptide competition binding assay showing that the P1S#10 peptide, derived from P501S, binds HLA-A2. Peptide P1S#10 inhibits HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58 peptide to CTL clone D150M58 in TNF release bioassay. D150M58 CTL is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58.

Figure 4 illustrates the ability of T cell lines generated from P1S#10 immunized mice to specifically lyse P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets, as compared to EGFP-transduced Jurkat A2Kb. The percent lysis is shown as a series of effector to target ratios, as indicated.

Figure 5 illustrates the ability of a T cell clone to recognize and specifically lyse Jurkat A2Kb cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P501S, thereby demonstrating that the P1S#10 peptide may be a naturally processed epitope of the P501S polypeptide.

Figures 6A and 6B are graphs illustrating the specificity of a CD8⁺ cell line (3A-1) for a representative prostate tumor antigen (P501S). Figure 6A shows the results of a ⁵¹Cr release assay. The percent specific lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated. Figure 6B shows the production of interferon-gamma by 3A-1 cells stimulated with autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S, at varying effector:target ratios as indicated.

SEQ ID NO: 1 is the determined cDNA sequence for F1-13

SEQ ID NO: 2 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-12

SEQ ID NO: 3 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for F1-12
SEQ ID NO: 4 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-16
SEQ ID NO: 5 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-1
SEQ ID NO: 6 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-9
SEQ ID NO: 7 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-4
SEQ ID NO: 8 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 9 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 10 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 11 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 12 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 13 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 14 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-13
SEQ ID NO: 15 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-13
SEQ ID NO: 16 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-19
SEQ ID NO: 17 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-19
SEQ ID NO: 18 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-25
SEQ ID NO: 19 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-25
SEQ ID NO: 20 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-24
SEQ ID NO: 21 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-24
SEQ ID NO: 22 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-58
SEQ ID NO: 23 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-58
SEQ ID NO: 24 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-63
SEQ ID NO: 25 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-63
SEQ ID NO: 26 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-4
SEQ ID NO: 27 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-4
SEQ ID NO: 28 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-14
SEQ ID NO: 29 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-14
SEQ ID NO: 30 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-12
SEQ ID NO: 31 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-16
SEQ ID NO: 32 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-21
SEQ ID NO: 33 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-48
SEQ ID NO: 34 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-55
SEQ ID NO: 35 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-2
SEQ ID NO: 36 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-6
SEQ ID NO: 37 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1858
SEQ ID NO: 38 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1860
SEQ ID NO: 39 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1861

SEQ ID NO: 40 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1864
SEQ ID NO: 41 is the determined cDNA sequence for P5
SEQ ID NO: 42 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8
SEQ ID NO: 43 is the determined cDNA sequence for P9
SEQ ID NO: 44 is the determined cDNA sequence for P18
SEQ ID NO: 45 is the determined cDNA sequence for P20
SEQ ID NO: 46 is the determined cDNA sequence for P29
SEQ ID NO: 47 is the determined cDNA sequence for P30
SEQ ID NO: 48 is the determined cDNA sequence for P34
SEQ ID NO: 49 is the determined cDNA sequence for P36
SEQ ID NO: 50 is the determined cDNA sequence for P38
SEQ ID NO: 51 is the determined cDNA sequence for P39
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SEQ ID NO: 65 is the determined cDNA sequence for P84
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SEQ ID NO: 68 is the determined cDNA sequence for P82
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SEQ ID NO: 73 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3686
SEQ ID NO: 74 is the determined cDNA sequence for R1-2330
SEQ ID NO: 75 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1B-3976
SEQ ID NO: 76 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3679

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SEQ ID NO: 83 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4781
SEQ ID NO: 84 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4785
SEQ ID NO: 85 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4787
SEQ ID NO: 86 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4796
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SEQ ID NO: 88 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4810
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SEQ ID NO: 90 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1J-4876
SEQ ID NO: 91 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1K-4884
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SEQ ID NO: 106 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4280
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SEQ ID NO: 108 is the predicted amino acid sequence for F1-12
SEQ ID NO: 109 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 110 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 111 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 112 is the predicted amino acid sequence for J1-17

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SEQ ID NO: 193 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1K-4896
SEQ ID NO: 194 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4761
SEQ ID NO: 195 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4762
SEQ ID NO: 196 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4766
SEQ ID NO: 197 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1H-4770
SEQ ID NO: 198 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1H-4771
SEQ ID NO: 199 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4772
SEQ ID NO: 200 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4309
SEQ ID NO: 201 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D.1-4278
SEQ ID NO: 202 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4288
SEQ ID NO: 203 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4283
SEQ ID NO: 204 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4304
SEQ ID NO: 205 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4296
SEQ ID NO: 206 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4280
SEQ ID NO: 207 is the determined cDNA sequence for 10-d8fwd
SEQ ID NO: 208 is the determined cDNA sequence for 10-H10con
SEQ ID NO: 209 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11-C8rev
SEQ ID NO: 210 is the determined cDNA sequence for 7.g6fwd
SEQ ID NO: 211 is the determined cDNA sequence for 7.g6rev
SEQ ID NO: 212 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b5fwd
SEQ ID NO: 213 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b5rev
SEQ ID NO: 214 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b6fwd
SEQ ID NO: 215 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b6 rev
SEQ ID NO: 216 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d4fwd
SEQ ID NO: 217 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d9rev
SEQ ID NO: 218 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3fwd
SEQ ID NO: 219 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3rev
SEQ ID NO: 220 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-h11rev
SEQ ID NO: 221 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f12fwd
SEQ ID NO: 222 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f3rev
SEQ ID NO: 223 is the determined cDNA sequence for P509S

SEQ ID NO: 224 is the determined cDNA sequence for P510S
SEQ ID NO: 225 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703DE5
SEQ ID NO: 226 is the determined cDNA sequence for 9-A11
SEQ ID NO: 227 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-C6
SEQ ID NO: 228 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-H7
SEQ ID NO: 229 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN13
SEQ ID NO: 230 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN14
SEQ ID NO: 231 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN23
SEQ ID NO: 232 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN24
SEQ ID NO: 233 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN25
SEQ ID NO: 234 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN30
SEQ ID NO: 235 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN34
SEQ ID NO: 236 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN35
SEQ ID NO: 237 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN36
SEQ ID NO: 238 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN38
SEQ ID NO: 239 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN39
SEQ ID NO: 240 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN40
SEQ ID NO: 241 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN41
SEQ ID NO: 242 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN42
SEQ ID NO: 243 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN45
SEQ ID NO: 244 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN46
SEQ ID NO: 245 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN51
SEQ ID NO: 246 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN56
SEQ ID NO: 247 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN64
SEQ ID NO: 248 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN65
SEQ ID NO: 249 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN67
SEQ ID NO: 250 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN76
SEQ ID NO: 251 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN84
SEQ ID NO: 252 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN85
SEQ ID NO: 253 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN86
SEQ ID NO: 254 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN87
SEQ ID NO: 255 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN88
SEQ ID NO: 256 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F1
SEQ ID NO: 257 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F2
SEQ ID NO: 258 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C2
SEQ ID NO: 259 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B1
SEQ ID NO: 260 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B2

SEQ ID NO: 261 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D3
SEQ ID NO: 262 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A4
SEQ ID NO: 263 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F5
SEQ ID NO: 264 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E6
SEQ ID NO: 265 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D6
SEQ ID NO: 266 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B5
SEQ ID NO: 267 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A6
SEQ ID NO: 268 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E8
SEQ ID NO: 269 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D7
SEQ ID NO: 270 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D9
SEQ ID NO: 271 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C10
SEQ ID NO: 272 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A9
SEQ ID NO: 273 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F12
SEQ ID NO: 274 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E12
SEQ ID NO: 275 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D11
SEQ ID NO: 276 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C11
SEQ ID NO: 277 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C12
SEQ ID NO: 278 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B12
SEQ ID NO: 279 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A12
SEQ ID NO: 280 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G2
SEQ ID NO: 281 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H1
SEQ ID NO: 282 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H2
SEQ ID NO: 283 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A3
SEQ ID NO: 284 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A4
SEQ ID NO: 285 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C3
SEQ ID NO: 286 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G4
SEQ ID NO: 287 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B6
SEQ ID NO: 288 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D6
SEQ ID NO: 289 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F5
SEQ ID NO: 290 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A8
SEQ ID NO: 291 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C7
SEQ ID NO: 292 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D7
SEQ ID NO: 293 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8D8
SEQ ID NO: 294 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E7
SEQ ID NO: 295 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F8
SEQ ID NO: 296 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G8
SEQ ID NO: 297 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B10

SEQ ID NO: 298 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C10
SEQ ID NO: 299 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E9
SEQ ID NO: 300 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E10
SEQ ID NO: 301 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F9
SEQ ID NO: 302 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H9
SEQ ID NO: 303 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C12
SEQ ID NO: 304 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E11
SEQ ID NO: 305 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E12
SEQ ID NO: 306 is the amino acid sequence for the peptide PS2#12
SEQ ID NO: 307 is the determined cDNA sequence for P711P
SEQ ID NO: 308 is the determined cDNA sequence for P712P
SEQ ID NO: 309 is the determined cDNA sequence for CLONE23
SEQ ID NO: 310 is the determined cDNA sequence for P774P
SEQ ID NO: 311 is the determined cDNA sequence for P775P
SEQ ID NO: 312 is the determined cDNA sequence for P715P
SEQ ID NO: 313 is the determined cDNA sequence for P710P
SEQ ID NO: 314 is the determined cDNA sequence for P767P
SEQ ID NO: 315 is the determined cDNA sequence for P768P
SEQ ID NO: 316-325 are the determined cDNA sequences of previously isolated genes
SEQ ID NO: 326 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 327 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 328 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P6.26
SEQ ID NO: 329 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P6.26
SEQ ID NO: 330 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PX-23
SEQ ID NO: 331 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PX-23
SEQ ID NO: 332 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for P509S
SEQ ID NO: 333 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for P707P (also referred to as 11-C9)
SEQ ID NO: 334 is the determined cDNA sequence for P714P
SEQ ID NO: 335 is the determined cDNA sequence for P705P (also referred to as 9-F3)
SEQ ID NO: 336 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P705P
SEQ ID NO: 337 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide P1S#10
SEQ ID NO: 338 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide p5
SEQ ID NO: 339 is the predicted amino acid sequence of P509S
SEQ ID NO: 340 is the determined cDNA sequence for P778P
SEQ ID NO: 341 is the determined cDNA sequence for P786P
SEQ ID NO: 342 is the determined cDNA sequence for P789P

SEQ ID NO: 343 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens MM46 mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 344 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens TNF-alpha stimulated ABC protein (ABC50) mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 345 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens mRNA for E-cadherin

SEQ ID NO: 346 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human nuclear-encoded mitochondrial serine hydroxymethyltransferase (SHMT)

SEQ ID NO: 347 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens natural resistance-associated macrophage protein2 (NRAMP2)

SEQ ID NO: 348 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens phosphoglucomutase-related protein (PGMRP)

SEQ ID NO: 349 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human mRNA for proteosome subunit p40

SEQ ID NO: 350 is the determined cDNA sequence for P777P

SEQ ID NO: 351 is the determined cDNA sequence for P779P

SEQ ID NO: 352 is the determined cDNA sequence for P790P

SEQ ID NO: 353 is the determined cDNA sequence for P784P

SEQ ID NO: 354 is the determined cDNA sequence for P776P

SEQ ID NO: 355 is the determined cDNA sequence for P780P

SEQ ID NO: 356 is the determined cDNA sequence for P544S

SEQ ID NO: 357 is the determined cDNA sequence for P745S

SEQ ID NO: 358 is the determined cDNA sequence for P782P

SEQ ID NO: 359 is the determined cDNA sequence for P783P

SEQ ID NO: 360 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17984

SEQ ID NO: 361 is the determined cDNA sequence for P787P

SEQ ID NO: 362 is the determined cDNA sequence for P788P

SEQ ID NO: 363 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17994

SEQ ID NO: 364 is the determined cDNA sequence for P781P

SEQ ID NO: 365 is the determined cDNA sequence for P785P

SEQ ID NO: 366-375 are the determined cDNA sequences for splice variants of B305D.

SEQ ID NO: 376 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 366.

SEQ ID NO: 377 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 372.

SEQ ID NO: 378 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 373.

SEQ ID NO: 379 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 374.

SEQ ID NO: 380 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 375.

SEQ ID NO: 381 is the determined cDNA sequence for B716P.

SEQ ID NO: 382 is the determined full-length cDNA sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 383 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 384 is the cDNA sequence for P1000C.

SEQ ID NO: 385 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-82.

SEQ ID NO:386 is the cDNA sequence for 23320.

SEQ ID NO:387 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-69.

SEQ ID NO:388 is the cDNA sequence for L-idoitol-2-dehydrogenase.

SEQ ID NO:389 is the cDNA sequence for 23379.

SEQ ID NO:390 is the cDNA sequence for 23381.

SEQ ID NO:391 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0122.

SEQ ID NO:392 is the cDNA sequence for 23399.

SEQ ID NO:393 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:394 is the cDNA sequence for HCLBP.

SEQ ID NO:395 is the cDNA sequence for transglutaminase.

SEQ ID NO:396 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:397 is the cDNA sequence for PAP.

SEQ ID NO:398 is the cDNA sequence for Ets transcription factor PDEF.

SEQ ID NO:399 is the cDNA sequence for hTGR.

SEQ ID NO:400 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0295.

SEQ ID NO:401 is the cDNA sequence for 22545.

SEQ ID NO:402 is the cDNA sequence for 22547.

SEQ ID NO:403 is the cDNA sequence for 22548.

SEQ ID NO:404 is the cDNA sequence for 22550.

SEQ ID NO:405 is the cDNA sequence for 22551.

SEQ ID NO:406 is the cDNA sequence for 22552.

SEQ ID NO:407 is the cDNA sequence for 22553.

SEQ ID NO:408 is the cDNA sequence for 22558.

SEQ ID NO:409 is the cDNA sequence for 22562.

SEQ ID NO:410 is the cDNA sequence for 22565.

SEQ ID NO:411 is the cDNA sequence for 22567.

SEQ ID NO:412 is the cDNA sequence for 22568.

SEQ ID NO:413 is the cDNA sequence for 22570.

SEQ ID NO:414 is the cDNA sequence for 22571.
SEQ ID NO:415 is the cDNA sequence for 22572.
SEQ ID NO:416 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:417 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:418 is the cDNA sequence for 22575.
SEQ ID NO:419 is the cDNA sequence for 22580.
SEQ ID NO:420 is the cDNA sequence for 22581.
SEQ ID NO:421 is the cDNA sequence for 22582.
SEQ ID NO:422 is the cDNA sequence for 22583.
SEQ ID NO:423 is the cDNA sequence for 22584.
SEQ ID NO:424 is the cDNA sequence for 22585.
SEQ ID NO:425 is the cDNA sequence for 22586.
SEQ ID NO:426 is the cDNA sequence for 22587.
SEQ ID NO:427 is the cDNA sequence for 22588.
SEQ ID NO:428 is the cDNA sequence for 22589.
SEQ ID NO:429 is the cDNA sequence for 22590.
SEQ ID NO:430 is the cDNA sequence for 22591.
SEQ ID NO:431 is the cDNA sequence for 22592.
SEQ ID NO:432 is the cDNA sequence for 22593.
SEQ ID NO:433 is the cDNA sequence for 22594.
SEQ ID NO:434 is the cDNA sequence for 22595.
SEQ ID NO:435 is the cDNA sequence for 22596.
SEQ ID NO:436 is the cDNA sequence for 22847.
SEQ ID NO:437 is the cDNA sequence for 22848.
SEQ ID NO:438 is the cDNA sequence for 22849.
SEQ ID NO:439 is the cDNA sequence for 22851.
SEQ ID NO:440 is the cDNA sequence for 22852.
SEQ ID NO:441 is the cDNA sequence for 22853.
SEQ ID NO:442 is the cDNA sequence for 22854.
SEQ ID NO:443 is the cDNA sequence for 22855.
SEQ ID NO:444 is the cDNA sequence for 22856.
SEQ ID NO:445 is the cDNA sequence for 22857.
SEQ ID NO:446 is the cDNA sequence for 23601.
SEQ ID NO:447 is the cDNA sequence for 23602.
SEQ ID NO:448 is the cDNA sequence for 23605.
SEQ ID NO:449 is the cDNA sequence for 23606.
SEQ ID NO:450 is the cDNA sequence for 23612.

SEQ ID NO:451 is the cDNA sequence for 23614.
SEQ ID NO:452 is the cDNA sequence for 23618.
SEQ ID NO:453 is the cDNA sequence for 23622.
SEQ ID NO:454 is the cDNA sequence for folate hydrolase.
SEQ ID NO:455 is the cDNA sequence for LIM protein.
SEQ ID NO:456 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:457 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:458 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:459 is the cDNA sequence for 23045.
SEQ ID NO:460 is the cDNA sequence for 23032.
SEQ ID NO:461 is the cDNA sequence for 23054.
SEQ ID NOs:462-467 are cDNA sequences for known genes.
SEQ ID NOs:468-471 are cDNA sequences for P710P.
SEQ ID NO:472 is a cDNA sequence for P1001C.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The compositions described herein may include prostate tumor polypeptides, polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides, binding agents such as antibodies, antigen presenting cells (APCs) and/or immune system cells (e.g., T cells). Polypeptides of the present invention generally comprise at least a portion (such as an immunogenic portion) of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. A "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed in prostate tumor cells at a level that is at least two fold, and preferably at least five fold, greater than the level of expression in a normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein. Certain prostate tumor proteins are tumor proteins that react detectably (within an immunoassay, such as an ELISA or Western blot) with antisera of a patient afflicted with prostate cancer. Polynucleotides of the subject invention generally comprise a DNA or RNA sequence that encodes all or a portion of such a polypeptide, or that is complementary to such a sequence. Antibodies are generally immune system proteins, or antigen-binding fragments thereof, that are capable of binding to a polypeptide as described above. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B-cells that express a polypeptide as described above. T cells that may be employed within such compositions are generally T cells that are specific for a polypeptide as described above.

The present invention is based on the discovery of human prostate tumor proteins. Sequences of polynucleotides encoding certain tumor proteins, or portions thereof, are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Sequences of polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

PROSTATE TUMOR PROTEIN POLYNUCLEOTIDES

Any polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion or other variant thereof as described herein is encompassed by the present invention. Preferred polynucleotides comprise at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably at least 30 consecutive nucleotides and more preferably at least 45 consecutive nucleotides, that encode a portion of a prostate tumor protein. More preferably, a polynucleotide encodes an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein. Polynucleotides complementary to any such sequences are also encompassed by the present invention. Polynucleotides may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic) or RNA molecules. RNA molecules include HnRNA molecules, which contain introns and correspond to a DNA molecule in a one-to-one manner, and mRNA molecules, which do not contain introns. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide of the present invention, and a polynucleotide may, but need not, be linked to other molecules and/or support materials.

Polynucleotides may comprise a native sequence (*i.e.*, an endogenous sequence that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof) or may comprise a variant of such a sequence. Polynucleotide variants may contain one or more substitutions, additions, deletions and/or insertions such that the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide is not diminished, relative to a native tumor protein. The effect on the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide may generally be assessed as described herein. Variants preferably exhibit at least about 70% identity, more preferably at least about 80% identity and most preferably at least about 90% identity to a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a native prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof.

Two polynucleotide or polypeptide sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acids in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison window to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. A "comparison window" as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions, usually 30 to about 75, 40 to about 50,

in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment schemes described in the following references: Dayhoff, M.O. (1978) A model of evolutionary change in proteins – Matrices for detecting distant relationships. In Dayhoff, M.O. (ed.) *Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure*, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington DC Vol. 5, Suppl. 3, pp. 345-358; Hein J. (1990) Unified Approach to Alignment and Phylogenesis pp. 626-645 *Methods in Enzymology* vol. 183, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA; Higgins, D.G. and Sharp, P.M. (1989) *CABIOS* 5:151-153; Myers, E.W. and Muller W. (1988) *CABIOS* 4:11-17; Robinson, E.D. (1971) *Comb. Theor* 11:105; Santou, N. Nes, M. (1987) *Mol. Biol. Evol.* 4:406-425; Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R. (1973) *Numerical Taxonomy – the Principles and Practice of Numerical Taxonomy*, Freeman Press, San Francisco, CA; Wilbur, W.J. and Lipman, D.J. (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 80:726-730.

Preferably, the “percentage of sequence identity” is determined by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over a window of comparison of at least 20 positions, wherein the portion of the polynucleotide or polypeptide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (*i.e.*, gaps) of 20 percent or less, usually 5 to 15 percent, or 10 to 12 percent, as compared to the reference sequences (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid bases or amino acid residue occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the reference sequence (*i.e.*, the window size) and multiplying the results by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

Variants may also, or alternatively, be substantially homologous to a native gene, or a portion or complement thereof. Such polynucleotide variants are capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions to a naturally occurring DNA sequence encoding a native prostate tumor protein (or a complementary sequence). Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5 X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5 X SSC, overnight; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS.

It will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that, as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, there are many nucleotide sequences that encode a polypeptide as described herein. Some of these polynucleotides bear minimal homology to

the nucleotide sequence of any native gene. Nonetheless, polynucleotides that vary due to differences in codon usage are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Further, alleles of the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequences provided herein are within the scope of the present invention. Alleles are endogenous genes that are altered as a result of one or more mutations, such as deletions, additions and/or substitutions of nucleotides. The resulting mRNA and protein may, but need not, have an altered structure or function. Alleles may be identified using standard techniques (such as hybridization, amplification and/or database sequence comparison).

Polynucleotides may be prepared using any of a variety of techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be identified, as described in more detail below, by screening a microarray of cDNAs for tumor-associated expression (*i.e.*, expression that is at least five fold greater in a prostate tumor than in normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein). Such screens may be performed using a Synteni microarray (Palo Alto, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Alternatively, polypeptides may be amplified from cDNA prepared from cells expressing the proteins described herein, such as prostate tumor cells. Such polynucleotides may be amplified via polymerase chain reaction (PCR). For this approach, sequence-specific primers may be designed based on the sequences provided herein, and may be purchased or synthesized.

An amplified portion may be used to isolate a full length gene from a suitable library (*e.g.*, a prostate tumor cDNA library) using well known techniques. Within such techniques, a library (cDNA or genomic) is screened using one or more polynucleotide probes or primers suitable for amplification. Preferably, a library is size-selected to include larger molecules. Random primed libraries may also be preferred for identifying 5' and upstream regions of genes. Genomic libraries are preferred for obtaining introns and extending 5' sequences.

For hybridization techniques, a partial sequence may be labeled (*e.g.*, by nick-translation or end-labeling with ^{32}P) using well known techniques. A bacterial or bacteriophage library is then screened by hybridizing filters containing denatured bacterial colonies (or lawns containing phage plaques) with the labeled probe (*see* Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989). Hybridizing colonies or plaques are selected and expanded, and the DNA is isolated for further analysis. cDNA clones may be analyzed to determine the amount of additional sequence by, for example, PCR using a primer from the partial sequence and a primer from the vector. Restriction maps and partial sequences may be generated to identify one or more overlapping clones. The complete sequence may then be determined using

standard techniques, which may involve generating a series of deletion clones. The resulting overlapping sequences are then assembled into a single contiguous sequence. A full length cDNA molecule can be generated by ligating suitable fragments, using well known techniques.

Alternatively, there are numerous amplification techniques for obtaining a full length coding sequence from a partial cDNA sequence. Within such techniques, amplification is generally performed via PCR. Any of a variety of commercially available kits may be used to perform the amplification step. Primers may be designed using, for example, software well known in the art. Primers are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length, have a GC content of at least 50% and anneal to the target sequence at temperatures of about 68°C to 72°C. The amplified region may be sequenced as described above, and overlapping sequences assembled into a contiguous sequence.

One such amplification technique is inverse PCR (*see* Triglia et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:8186, 1988), which uses restriction enzymes to generate a fragment in the known region of the gene. The fragment is then circularized by intramolecular ligation and used as a template for PCR with divergent primers derived from the known region. Within an alternative approach, sequences adjacent to a partial sequence may be retrieved by amplification with a primer to a linker sequence and a primer specific to a known region. The amplified sequences are typically subjected to a second round of amplification with the same linker primer and a second primer specific to the known region. A variation on this procedure, which employs two primers that initiate extension in opposite directions from the known sequence, is described in WO 96/38591. Another such technique is known as "rapid amplification of cDNA ends" or RACE. This technique involves the use of an internal primer and an external primer, which hybridizes to a polyA region or vector sequence, to identify sequences that are 5' and 3' of a known sequence. Additional techniques include capture PCR (Lagerstrom et al., *PCR Methods Applic.* 1:111-19, 1991) and walking PCR (Parker et al., *Nucl. Acids. Res.* 19:3055-60, 1991). Other methods employing amplification may also be employed to obtain a full length cDNA sequence.

In certain instances, it is possible to obtain a full length cDNA sequence by analysis of sequences provided in an expressed sequence tag (EST) database, such as that available from GenBank. Searches for overlapping ESTs may generally be performed using well known programs (*e.g.*, NCBI BLAST searches), and such ESTs may be used to generate a contiguous full length sequence.

Certain nucleic acid sequences of cDNA molecules encoding at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Isolation of these

polynucleotides is described below. Each of these prostate tumor proteins was overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue.

Polynucleotide variants may generally be prepared by any method known in the art, including chemical synthesis by, for example, solid phase phosphoramidite chemical synthesis. Modifications in a polynucleotide sequence may also be introduced using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis (see Adelman et al., *DNA* 2:183, 1983). Alternatively, RNA molecules may be generated by *in vitro* or *in vivo* transcription of DNA sequences encoding a prostate tumor protein, or portion thereof, provided that the DNA is incorporated into a vector with a suitable RNA polymerase promoter (such as T7 or SP6). Certain portions may be used to prepare an encoded polypeptide, as described herein. In addition, or alternatively, a portion may be administered to a patient such that the encoded polypeptide is generated *in vivo* (e.g., by transfecting antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic cells, with a cDNA construct encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide, and administering the transfected cells to the patient).

A portion of a sequence complementary to a coding sequence (i.e., an antisense polynucleotide) may also be used as a probe or to modulate gene expression. cDNA constructs that can be transcribed into antisense RNA may also be introduced into cells of tissues to facilitate the production of antisense RNA. An antisense polynucleotide may be used, as described herein, to inhibit expression of a tumor protein. Antisense technology can be used to control gene expression through triple-helix formation, which compromises the ability of the double helix to open sufficiently for the binding of polymerases, transcription factors or regulatory molecules (see Gee et al., *In Huber and Carr, Molecular and Immunologic Approaches*, Futura Publishing Co. (Mt. Kisco, NY; 1994)). Alternatively, an antisense molecule may be designed to hybridize with a control region of a gene (e.g., promoter, enhancer or transcription initiation site), and block transcription of the gene; or to block translation by inhibiting binding of a transcript to ribosomes.

A portion of a coding sequence, or of a complementary sequence, may also be designed as a probe or primer to detect gene expression. Probes may be labeled with a variety of reporter groups, such as radionuclides and enzymes, and are preferably at least 10 nucleotides in length, more preferably at least 20 nucleotides in length and still more preferably at least 30 nucleotides in length. Primers, as noted above, are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length.

Any polynucleotide may be further modified to increase stability *in vivo*. Possible modifications include, but are not limited to, the addition of flanking sequences at the 5' and/or 3' ends; the use of phosphorothioate or 2' O-methyl rather than phosphodiesterase linkages in the backbone; and/or the inclusion of nontraditional bases such

as inosine, queosine and wybutosine, as well as acetyl-, methyl-, thio- and other modified forms of adenine, cytidine, guanine, thymine and uridine.

Nucleotide sequences as described herein may be joined to a variety of other nucleotide sequences using established recombinant DNA techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be cloned into any of a variety of cloning vectors, including plasmids, phagemids, lambda phage derivatives and cosmids. Vectors of particular interest include expression vectors, replication vectors, probe generation vectors and sequencing vectors. In general, a vector will contain an origin of replication functional in at least one organism, convenient restriction endonuclease sites and one or more selectable markers. Other elements will depend upon the desired use, and will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Within certain embodiments, polynucleotides may be formulated so as to permit entry into a cell of a mammal, and expression therein. Such formulations are particularly useful for therapeutic purposes, as described below. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that there are many ways to achieve expression of a polynucleotide in a target cell, and any suitable method may be employed. For example, a polynucleotide may be incorporated into a viral vector such as, but not limited to, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, retrovirus, or vaccinia or other pox virus (*e.g.*, avian pox virus). Techniques for incorporating DNA into such vectors are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. A retroviral vector may additionally transfer or incorporate a gene for a selectable marker (to aid in the identification or selection of transduced cells) and/or a targeting moiety, such as a gene that encodes a ligand for a receptor on a specific target cell, to render the vector target specific. Targeting may also be accomplished using an antibody, by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Other formulations for therapeutic purposes include colloidal dispersion systems, such as macromolecule complexes, nanocapsules, microspheres, beads, and lipid-based systems including oil-in-water emulsions, micelles, mixed micelles, and liposomes. A preferred colloidal system for use as a delivery vehicle *in vitro* and *in vivo* is a liposome (*i.e.*, an artificial membrane vesicle). The preparation and use of such systems is well known in the art.

PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Within the context of the present invention, polypeptides may comprise at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof, as described herein. As noted above, a "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed by prostate tumor cells. Proteins that are prostate tumor proteins also react detectably within an immunoassay (such as an ELISA) with antisera from a patient with prostate cancer. Polypeptides as described herein may be of any length. Additional sequences derived from

the native protein and/or heterologous sequences may be present, and such sequences may (but need not) possess further immunogenic or antigenic properties.

An "immunogenic portion," as used herein is a portion of a protein that is recognized (*i.e.*, specifically bound) by a B-cell and/or T-cell surface antigen receptor. Such immunogenic portions generally comprise at least 5 amino acid residues, more preferably at least 10, and still more preferably at least 20 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. Certain preferred immunogenic portions include peptides in which an N-terminal leader sequence and/or transmembrane domain have been deleted. Other preferred immunogenic portions may contain a small N- and/or C-terminal deletion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids), relative to the mature protein.

Immunogenic portions may generally be identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3rd ed., 243-247 (Raven Press, 1993) and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptides for the ability to react with antigen-specific antibodies, antisera and/or T-cell lines or clones. As used herein, antisera and antibodies are "antigen-specific" if they specifically bind to an antigen (*i.e.*, they react with the protein in an ELISA or other immunoassay, and do not react detectably with unrelated proteins). Such antisera and antibodies may be prepared as described herein, and using well known techniques. An immunogenic portion of a native prostate tumor protein is a portion that reacts with such antisera and/or T-cells at a level that is not substantially less than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide (*e.g.*, in an ELISA and/or T-cell reactivity assay). Such immunogenic portions may react within such assays at a level that is similar to or greater than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide. Such screens may generally be performed using methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. For example, a polypeptide may be immobilized on a solid support and contacted with patient sera to allow binding of antibodies within the sera to the immobilized polypeptide. Unbound sera may then be removed and bound antibodies detected using, for example, ¹²⁵I-labeled Protein A.

As noted above, a composition may comprise a variant of a native prostate tumor protein. A polypeptide "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from a native prostate tumor protein in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions, such that the immunogenicity of the polypeptide is not substantially diminished. In other words, the ability of a variant to react with antigen-specific antisera may be enhanced or unchanged, relative to the native protein, or may be diminished by less than 50%, and preferably less than 20%, relative to the native protein. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences and evaluating the reactivity of the modified polypeptide with antigen-specific antibodies or antisera as described herein.

Preferred variants include those in which one or more portions, such as an N-terminal leader sequence or transmembrane domain, have been removed. Other preferred variants include variants in which a small portion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids) has been removed from the N- and/or C-terminal of the mature protein. Polypeptide variants preferably exhibit at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 90% and most preferably at least about 95% identity (determined as described above) to the identified polypeptides.

Preferably, a variant contains conservative substitutions. A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. Amino acid substitutions may generally be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues. For example, negatively charged amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid; positively charged amino acids include lysine and arginine; and amino acids with uncharged polar head groups having similar hydrophilicity values include leucine, isoleucine and valine; glycine and alanine; asparagine and glutamine; and serine, threonine, phenylalanine and tyrosine. Other groups of amino acids that may represent conservative changes include: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his. A variant may also, or alternatively, contain nonconservative changes. In a preferred embodiment, variant polypeptides differ from a native sequence by substitution, deletion or addition of five amino acids or fewer. Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenicity, secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide.

As noted above, polypeptides may comprise a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (*e.g.*, poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

Polypeptides may be prepared using any of a variety of well known techniques. Recombinant polypeptides encoded by DNA sequences as described above may be readily prepared from the DNA sequences using any of a variety of expression vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are

E. coli, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. Supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein or polypeptide into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant polypeptide.

Portions and other variants having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may also be generated by synthetic means, using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. See Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division (Foster City, CA), and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Within certain specific embodiments, a polypeptide may be a fusion protein that comprises multiple polypeptides as described herein, or that comprises at least one polypeptide as described herein and an unrelated sequence, such as a known tumor protein. A fusion partner may, for example, assist in providing T helper epitopes (an immunological fusion partner), preferably T helper epitopes recognized by humans, or may assist in expressing the protein (an expression enhancer) at higher yields than the native recombinant protein. Certain preferred fusion partners are both immunological and expression enhancing fusion partners. Other fusion partners may be selected so as to increase the solubility of the protein or to enable the protein to be targeted to desired intracellular compartments. Still further fusion partners include affinity tags, which facilitate purification of the protein.

Fusion proteins may generally be prepared using standard techniques, including chemical conjugation. Preferably, a fusion protein is expressed as a recombinant protein, allowing the production of increased levels, relative to a non-fused protein, in an expression system. Briefly, DNA sequences encoding the polypeptide components may be assembled separately, and ligated into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of the DNA sequence encoding one polypeptide component is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide component so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase. This permits translation into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both component polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptide components by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into

the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene* 40:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may generally be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Linker sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons required to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

Fusion proteins are also provided that comprise a polypeptide of the present invention together with an unrelated immunogenic protein. Preferably the immunogenic protein is capable of eliciting a recall response. Examples of such proteins include tetanus, tuberculosis and hepatitis proteins (*see, for example, Stoute et al. New Engl. J. Med.*, 336:86-91, 1997).

Within preferred embodiments, an immunological fusion partner is derived from protein D, a surface protein of the gram-negative bacterium *Haemophilus influenza B* (WO 91/18926). Preferably, a protein D derivative comprises approximately the first third of the protein (*e.g.*, the first N-terminal 100-110 amino acids), and a protein D derivative may be lipidated. Within certain preferred embodiments, the first 109 residues of a Lipoprotein D fusion partner is included on the N-terminus to provide the polypeptide with additional exogenous T-cell epitopes and to increase the expression level in *E. coli* (thus functioning as an expression enhancer). The lipid tail ensures optimal presentation of the antigen to antigen presenting cells. Other fusion partners include the non-structural protein from influenzae virus, NS1 (hemagglutinin). Typically, the N-terminal 81 amino acids are used, although different fragments that include T-helper epitopes may be used.

In another embodiment, the immunological fusion partner is the protein known as LYTA, or a portion thereof (preferably a C-terminal portion). LYTA is derived from *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, which synthesizes an N-acetyl-L-alanine amidase known as

amidase LYTA (encoded by the *LytA* gene; *Gene* 43:265-292, 1986). LYTA is an autolysin that specifically degrades certain bonds in the peptidoglycan backbone. The C-terminal domain of the LYTA protein is responsible for the affinity to the choline or to some choline analogues such as DEAE. This property has been exploited for the development of *E. coli* C-LYTA expressing plasmids useful for expression of fusion proteins. Purification of hybrid proteins containing the C-LYTA fragment at the amino terminus has been described (*see Biotechnology* 10:795-798, 1992). Within a preferred embodiment, a repeat portion of LYTA may be incorporated into a fusion protein. A repeat portion is found in the C-terminal region starting at residue 178. A particularly preferred repeat portion incorporates residues 188-305.

In general, polypeptides (including fusion proteins) and polynucleotides as described herein are isolated. An "isolated" polypeptide or polynucleotide is one that is removed from its original environment. For example, a naturally-occurring protein is isolated if it is separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system. Preferably, such polypeptides are at least about 90% pure, more preferably at least about 95% pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. A polynucleotide is considered to be isolated if, for example, it is cloned into a vector that is not a part of the natural environment.

BINDING AGENTS

The present invention further provides agents, such as antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof, that specifically bind to a prostate tumor protein. As used herein, an antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, is said to "specifically bind" to a prostate tumor protein if it reacts at a detectable level (within, for example, an ELISA) with a prostate tumor protein, and does not react detectably with unrelated proteins under similar conditions. As used herein, "binding" refers to a noncovalent association between two separate molecules such that a complex is formed. The ability to bind may be evaluated by, for example, determining a binding constant for the formation of the complex. The binding constant is the value obtained when the concentration of the complex is divided by the product of the component concentrations. In general, two compounds are said to "bind," in the context of the present invention, when the binding constant for complex formation exceeds about 10^3 L/mol. The binding constant may be determined using methods well known in the art.

Binding agents may be further capable of differentiating between patients with and without a cancer, such as prostate cancer, using the representative assays provided herein. In other words, antibodies or other binding agents that bind to a prostate tumor protein will generate a signal indicating the presence of a cancer in at least about 20% of patients with the disease, and will generate a negative signal indicating the absence of the disease in at least about 90% of individuals without the cancer. To determine whether a binding agent satisfies this requirement, biological samples (e.g., blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) from

patients with and without a cancer (as determined using standard clinical tests) may be assayed as described herein for the presence of polypeptides that bind to the binding agent. It will be apparent that a statistically significant number of samples with and without the disease should be assayed. Each binding agent should satisfy the above criteria; however, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that binding agents may be used in combination to improve sensitivity.

Any agent that satisfies the above requirements may be a binding agent. For example, a binding agent may be a ribosome, with or without a peptide component, an RNA molecule or a polypeptide. In a preferred embodiment, a binding agent is an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof. Antibodies may be prepared by any of a variety of techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art. *See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, antibodies can be produced by cell culture techniques, including the generation of monoclonal antibodies as described herein, or via transfection of antibody genes into suitable bacterial or mammalian cell hosts, in order to allow for the production of recombinant antibodies. In one technique, an immunogen comprising the polypeptide is initially injected into any of a wide variety of mammals (*e.g., mice, rats, rabbits, sheep or goats*). In this step, the polypeptides of this invention may serve as the immunogen without modification. Alternatively, particularly for relatively short polypeptides, a superior immune response may be elicited if the polypeptide is joined to a carrier protein, such as bovine serum albumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin. The immunogen is injected into the animal host, preferably according to a predetermined schedule incorporating one or more booster immunizations, and the animals are bled periodically. Polyclonal antibodies specific for the polypeptide may then be purified from such antisera by, for example, affinity chromatography using the polypeptide coupled to a suitable solid support.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for an antigenic polypeptide of interest may be prepared, for example, using the technique of Kohler and Milstein, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511-519, 1976, and improvements thereto. Briefly, these methods involve the preparation of immortal cell lines capable of producing antibodies having the desired specificity (*i.e., reactivity with the polypeptide of interest*). Such cell lines may be produced, for example, from spleen cells obtained from an animal immunized as described above. The spleen cells are then immortalized by, for example, fusion with a myeloma cell fusion partner, preferably one that is syngeneic with the immunized animal. A variety of fusion techniques may be employed. For example, the spleen cells and myeloma cells may be combined with a nonionic detergent for a few minutes and then plated at low density on a selective medium that supports the growth of hybrid cells, but not myeloma cells. A preferred selection technique uses HAT (hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine) selection. After a sufficient

time, usually about 1 to 2 weeks, colonies of hybrids are observed. Single colonies are selected and their culture supernatants tested for binding activity against the polypeptide. Hybridomas having high reactivity and specificity are preferred.

Monoclonal antibodies may be isolated from the supernatants of growing hybridoma colonies. In addition, various techniques may be employed to enhance the yield, such as injection of the hybridoma cell line into the peritoneal cavity of a suitable vertebrate host, such as a mouse. Monoclonal antibodies may then be harvested from the ascites fluid or the blood. Contaminants may be removed from the antibodies by conventional techniques, such as chromatography, gel filtration, precipitation, and extraction. The polypeptides of this invention may be used in the purification process in, for example, an affinity chromatography step.

Within certain embodiments, the use of antigen-binding fragments of antibodies may be preferred. Such fragments include Fab fragments, which may be prepared using standard techniques. Briefly, immunoglobulins may be purified from rabbit serum by affinity chromatography on Protein A bead columns (Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988) and digested by papain to yield Fab and Fc fragments. The Fab and Fc fragments may be separated by affinity chromatography on protein A bead columns.

Monoclonal antibodies of the present invention may be coupled to one or more therapeutic agents. Suitable agents in this regard include radionuclides, differentiation inducers, drugs, toxins, and derivatives thereof. Preferred radionuclides include ^{90}Y , ^{123}I , ^{125}I , ^{131}I , ^{186}Re , ^{188}Re , ^{211}At , and ^{212}Bi . Preferred drugs include methotrexate, and pyrimidine and purine analogs. Preferred differentiation inducers include phorbol esters and butyric acid. Preferred toxins include ricin, abrin, diphtheria toxin, cholera toxin, gelonin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin, *Shigella* toxin, and pokeweed antiviral protein.

A therapeutic agent may be coupled (e.g., covalently bonded) to a suitable monoclonal antibody either directly or indirectly (e.g., via a linker group). A direct reaction between an agent and an antibody is possible when each possesses a substituent capable of reacting with the other. For example, a nucleophilic group, such as an amino or sulfhydryl group, on one may be capable of reacting with a carbonyl-containing group, such as an anhydride or an acid halide, or with an alkyl group containing a good leaving group (e.g., a halide) on the other.

Alternatively, it may be desirable to couple a therapeutic agent and an antibody via a linker group. A linker group can function as a spacer to distance an antibody from an agent in order to avoid interference with binding capabilities. A linker group can also serve to increase the chemical reactivity of a substituent on an agent or an antibody, and

thus increase the coupling efficiency. An increase in chemical reactivity may also facilitate the use of agents, or functional groups on agents, which otherwise would not be possible.

It will be evident to those skilled in the art that a variety of bifunctional or polyfunctional reagents, both homo- and hetero-functional (such as those described in the catalog of the Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, IL), may be employed as the linker group. Coupling may be effected, for example, through amino groups, carboxyl groups, sulfhydryl groups or oxidized carbohydrate residues. There are numerous references describing such methodology, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.

Where a therapeutic agent is more potent when free from the antibody portion of the immunoconjugates of the present invention, it may be desirable to use a linker group which is cleavable during or upon internalization into a cell. A number of different cleavable linker groups have been described. The mechanisms for the intracellular release of an agent from these linker groups include cleavage by reduction of a disulfide bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,489,710, to Spitler), by irradiation of a photolabile bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,625,014, to Senter et al.), by hydrolysis of derivatized amino acid side chains (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,638,045, to Kohn et al.), by serum complement-mediated hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.), and acid-catalyzed hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,569,789, to Blattler et al.).

It may be desirable to couple more than one agent to an antibody. In one embodiment, multiple molecules of an agent are coupled to one antibody molecule. In another embodiment, more than one type of agent may be coupled to one antibody. Regardless of the particular embodiment, immunoconjugates with more than one agent may be prepared in a variety of ways. For example, more than one agent may be coupled directly to an antibody molecule, or linkers which provide multiple sites for attachment can be used. Alternatively, a carrier can be used.

A carrier may bear the agents in a variety of ways, including covalent bonding either directly or via a linker group. Suitable carriers include proteins such as albumins (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,507,234, to Kato et al.), peptides and polysaccharides such as aminodextran (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,699,784, to Shih et al.). A carrier may also bear an agent by noncovalent bonding or by encapsulation, such as within a liposome vesicle (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,429,008 and 4,873,088). Carriers specific for radionuclide agents include radiohalogenated small molecules and chelating compounds. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,735,792 discloses representative radiohalogenated small molecules and their synthesis. A radionuclide chelate may be formed from chelating compounds that include those containing nitrogen and sulfur atoms as the donor atoms for binding the metal, or metal oxide, radionuclide. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,673,562, to Davison et al. discloses representative chelating compounds and their synthesis.

A variety of routes of administration for the antibodies and immunoconjugates may be used. Typically, administration will be intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or in the bed of a resected tumor. It will be evident that the precise dose of the antibody/immunoconjugate will vary depending upon the antibody used, the antigen density on the tumor, and the rate of clearance of the antibody.

T CELLS

Immunotherapeutic compositions may also, or alternatively, comprise T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein. Such cells may generally be prepared *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, using standard procedures. For example, T cells may be isolated from bone marrow, peripheral blood, or a fraction of bone marrow or peripheral blood of a patient, using a commercially available cell separation system, such as the CEPRATE™ system, available from CellPro Inc., Bothell WA (*see also* U.S. Patent No. 5,240,856; U.S. Patent No. 5,215,926; WO 89/06280; WO 91/16116 and WO 92/07243). Alternatively, T cells may be derived from related or unrelated humans, non-human mammals, cell lines or cultures.

T cells may be stimulated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide and/or an antigen presenting cell (APC) that expresses such a polypeptide. Such stimulation is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the generation of T cells that are specific for the polypeptide. Preferably, a prostate tumor polypeptide or polynucleotide is present within a delivery vehicle, such as a microsphere, to facilitate the generation of specific T cells.

T cells are considered to be specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide if the T cells kill target cells coated with the polypeptide or expressing a gene encoding the polypeptide. T cell specificity may be evaluated using any of a variety of standard techniques. For example, within a chromium release assay or proliferation assay, a stimulation index of more than two fold increase in lysis and/or proliferation, compared to negative controls, indicates T cell specificity. Such assays may be performed, for example, as described in Chen et al., *Cancer Res.* 54:1065-1070, 1994. Alternatively, detection of the proliferation of T cells may be accomplished by a variety of known techniques. For example, T cell proliferation can be detected by measuring an increased rate of DNA synthesis (*e.g.*, by pulse-labeling cultures of T cells with tritiated thymidine and measuring the amount of tritiated thymidine incorporated into DNA). Contact with a prostate tumor polypeptide (100 ng/ml - 100 µg/ml, preferably 200 ng/ml - 25 µg/ml) for 3 - 7 days should result in at least a two fold increase in proliferation of the T cells. Contact as described above for 2-3 hours should result in activation of the T cells, as measured using standard cytokine assays in which a two fold increase in the level of cytokine release (*e.g.*, TNF or IFN-γ) is indicative of T cell activation (*see* Coligan et al., *Current Protocols in Immunology*, vol. 1, Wiley Interscience

(Greene 1998)). T cells that have been activated in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or polypeptide-expressing APC may be CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺. Prostate tumor protein-specific T cells may be expanded using standard techniques. Within preferred embodiments, the T cells are derived from either a patient or a related, or unrelated, donor and are administered to the patient following stimulation and expansion.

For therapeutic purposes, CD4⁺ or CD8⁺ T cells that proliferate in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or APC can be expanded in number either *in vitro* or *in vivo*. Proliferation of such T cells *in vitro* may be accomplished in a variety of ways. For example, the T cells can be re-exposed to a prostate tumor polypeptide, or a short peptide corresponding to an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, with or without the addition of T cell growth factors, such as interleukin-2, and/or stimulator cells that synthesize a prostate tumor polypeptide. Alternatively, one or more T cells that proliferate in the presence of a prostate tumor protein can be expanded in number by cloning. Methods for cloning cells are well known in the art, and include limiting dilution.

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND VACCINES

Within certain aspects, polypeptides, polynucleotides, T cells and/or binding agents disclosed herein may be incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions or immunogenic compositions (*i.e.*, vaccines). Pharmaceutical compositions comprise one or more such compounds and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more such compounds and a non-specific immune response enhancer. A non-specific immune response enhancer may be any substance that enhances an immune response to an exogenous antigen. Examples of non-specific immune response enhancers include adjuvants, biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactic galactide) and liposomes (into which the compound is incorporated; *see e.g.*, Fullerton, U.S. Patent No. 4,235,877). Vaccine preparation is generally described in, for example, M.F. Powell and M.J. Newman, eds., "Vaccine Design (the subunit and adjuvant approach)," Plenum Press (NY, 1995). Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines within the scope of the present invention may also contain other compounds, which may be biologically active or inactive. For example, one or more immunogenic portions of other tumor antigens may be present, either incorporated into a fusion polypeptide or as a separate compound, within the composition or vaccine.

A pharmaceutical composition or vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more of the polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. As noted above, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacteria and viral expression systems. Numerous gene delivery techniques are well known in the art, such as those described by Rolland, *Crit. Rev. Therap. Drug Carrier Systems* 15:143-198, 1998,

and references cited therein. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface or secretes such an epitope. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (e.g., vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Suitable systems are disclosed, for example, in Fisher-Hoch et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:317-321, 1989; Flexner et al., *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 569:86-103, 1989; Flexner et al., *Vaccine* 8:17-21, 1990; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,603,112, 4,769,330, and 5,017,487; WO 89/01973; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB 2,200,651; EP 0,345,242; WO 91/02805; Berkner, *Biotechniques* 6:616-627, 1988; Rosenfeld et al., *Science* 252:431-434, 1991; Kolls et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:215-219, 1994; Kass-Eisler et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:11498-11502, 1993; Guzman et al., *Circulation* 88:2838-2848, 1993; and Guzman et al., *Cir. Res.* 73:1202-1207, 1993. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. Compositions of the present invention may be formulated for any appropriate manner of administration, including for example, topical, oral, nasal, intravenous, intracranial, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactate polyglycolate) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109.

Such compositions may also comprise buffers (e.g., neutral buffered saline or phosphate buffered saline), carbohydrates (e.g., glucose, mannose, sucrose or dextrans), mannitol, proteins, polypeptides or amino acids such as glycine, antioxidants, chelating agents such as EDTA or glutathione, adjuvants (e.g., aluminum hydroxide) and/or

preservatives. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention may be formulated as a lyophilizate. Compounds may also be encapsulated within liposomes using well known technology.

Any of a variety of non-specific immune response enhancers may be employed in the vaccines of this invention. For example, an adjuvant may be included. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* derived proteins. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated sugars; cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF or interleukin-2, -7, or -12, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within the vaccines provided herein, the adjuvant composition is preferably designed to induce an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (e.g., IFN- γ , IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (e.g., IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10 and TNF- β) tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann and Coffman, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173, 1989.

Preferred adjuvants for use in eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A (3D-MPL), together with an aluminum salt. MPL adjuvants are available from Ribi ImmunoChem Research Inc. (Hamilton, MT; see US Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555. Another preferred adjuvant is a saponin, preferably QS21, which may be used alone or in combination with other adjuvants. For example, an enhanced system involves the combination of a monophosphoryl lipid A and saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is

quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprises an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. A particularly potent adjuvant formulation involving QS21, 3D-MPL and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is described in WO 95/17210. Any vaccine provided herein may be prepared using well known methods that result in a combination of antigen, immune response enhancer and a suitable carrier or excipient.

The compositions described herein may be administered as part of a sustained release formulation (*i.e.*, a formulation such as a capsule or sponge that effects a slow release of compound following administration). Such formulations may generally be prepared using well known technology and administered by, for example, oral, rectal or subcutaneous implantation, or by implantation at the desired target site. Sustained-release formulations may contain a polypeptide, polynucleotide or antibody dispersed in a carrier matrix and/or contained within a reservoir surrounded by a rate controlling membrane. Carriers for use within such formulations are biocompatible, and may also be biodegradable; preferably the formulation provides a relatively constant level of active component release. The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be treated or prevented.

Any of a variety of delivery vehicles may be employed within pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines to facilitate production of an antigen-specific immune response that targets tumor cells. Delivery vehicles include antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (*i.e.*, matched HLA haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, *Nature* 392:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (*see* Timmerman and Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med.* 50:507-529, 1999). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*) and based on the lack of differentiation markers of B cells (CD19 and CD20), T cells (CD3), monocytes (CD14) and natural killer cells (CD56), as determined using standard assays. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-

surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (see Zitvogel et al., *Nature Med.* 4:594-600, 1998).

Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood, bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNF α to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNF α , CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or other compound(s) that induce maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.

Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature" cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fc γ receptor, mannose receptor and DEC-205 marker. The mature phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (e.g., CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (e.g., CD40, CD80 and CD86).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the prostate tumor polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a composition or vaccine comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi et al., *Immunology and cell Biology* 75:456-460, 1997. Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or progenitor cells with the prostate tumor polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (e.g., vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that

provides T cell help (e.g., a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

CANCER THERAPY

In further aspects of the present invention, the compositions described herein may be used for immunotherapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. Within such methods, pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines are typically administered to a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may or may not be afflicted with cancer. Accordingly, the above pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be used to prevent the development of a cancer or to treat a patient afflicted with a cancer. A cancer may be diagnosed using criteria generally accepted in the art, including the presence of a malignant tumor. Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered either prior to or following surgical removal of primary tumors and/or treatment such as administration of radiotherapy or conventional chemotherapeutic drugs.

Within certain embodiments, immunotherapy may be active immunotherapy, in which treatment relies on the *in vivo* stimulation of the endogenous host immune system to react against tumors with the administration of immune response-modifying agents (such as polypeptides and polynucleotides disclosed herein).

Within other embodiments, immunotherapy may be passive immunotherapy, in which treatment involves the delivery of agents with established tumor-immune reactivity (such as effector cells or antibodies) that can directly or indirectly mediate antitumor effects and does not necessarily depend on an intact host immune system. Examples of effector cells include T cells as discussed above, T lymphocytes (such as CD8⁺ cytotoxic T lymphocytes and CD4⁺ T-helper tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes), killer cells (such as Natural Killer cells and lymphokine-activated killer cells), B cells and antigen-presenting cells (such as dendritic cells and macrophages) expressing a polypeptide provided herein. T cell receptors and antibody receptors specific for the polypeptides recited herein may be cloned, expressed and transferred into other vectors or effector cells for adoptive immunotherapy. The polypeptides provided herein may also be used to generate antibodies or anti-idiotypic antibodies (as described above and in U.S. Patent No. 4,918,164) for passive immunotherapy.

Effector cells may generally be obtained in sufficient quantities for adoptive immunotherapy by growth *in vitro*, as described herein. Culture conditions for expanding single antigen-specific effector cells to several billion in number with retention of antigen recognition *in vivo* are well known in the art. Such *in vitro* culture conditions typically use intermittent stimulation with antigen, often in the presence of cytokines (such as IL-2) and non-dividing feeder cells. As noted above, immunoreactive polypeptides as provided herein

may be used to rapidly expand antigen-specific T cell cultures in order to generate a sufficient number of cells for immunotherapy. In particular, antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic, macrophage, monocyte, fibroblast or B cells, may be pulsed with immunoreactive polypeptides or transfected with one or more polynucleotides using standard techniques well known in the art. For example, antigen-presenting cells can be transfected with a polynucleotide having a promoter appropriate for increasing expression in a recombinant virus or other expression system. Cultured effector cells for use in therapy must be able to grow and distribute widely, and to survive long term *in vivo*. Studies have shown that cultured effector cells can be induced to grow *in vivo* and to survive long term in substantial numbers by repeated stimulation with antigen supplemented with IL-2 (*see, for example, Cheever et al., Immunological Reviews 157:177, 1997*).

Alternatively, a vector expressing a polypeptide recited herein may be introduced into antigen presenting cells taken from a patient and clonally propagated *ex vivo* for transplant back into the same patient. Transfected cells may be reintroduced into the patient using any means known in the art, preferably in sterile form by intravenous, intracavitary, intraperitoneal or intratumor administration.

Routes and frequency of administration of the therapeutic compositions disclosed herein, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual, and may be readily established using standard techniques. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (*e.g.*, intracutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (*e.g.*, by aspiration) or orally. Preferably, between 1 and 10 doses may be administered over a 52 week period. Preferably, 6 doses are administered, at intervals of 1 month, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of a compound that, when administered as described above, is capable of promoting an anti-tumor immune response, and is at least 10-50% above the basal (*i.e.*, untreated) level. Such response can be monitored by measuring the anti-tumor antibodies in a patient or by vaccine-dependent generation of cytolytic effector cells capable of killing the patient's tumor cells *in vitro*. Such vaccines should also be capable of causing an immune response that leads to an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial or longer disease-free survival) in vaccinated patients as compared to non-vaccinated patients. In general, for pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides, the amount of each polypeptide present in a dose ranges from about 100 µg to 5 mg per kg of host. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

In general, an appropriate dosage and treatment regimen provides the active compound(s) in an amount sufficient to provide therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit. Such

a response can be monitored by establishing an improved clinical outcome (e.g., more frequent remissions, complete or partial, or longer disease-free survival) in treated patients as compared to non-treated patients. Increases in preexisting immune responses to a prostate tumor protein generally correlate with an improved clinical outcome. Such immune responses may generally be evaluated using standard proliferation, cytotoxicity or cytokine assays, which may be performed using samples obtained from a patient before and after treatment.

METHODS FOR DETECTING CANCER

In general, a cancer may be detected in a patient based on the presence of one or more prostate tumor proteins and/or polynucleotides encoding such proteins in a biological sample (for example, blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) obtained from the patient. In other words, such proteins may be used as markers to indicate the presence or absence of a cancer such as prostate cancer. In addition, such proteins may be useful for the detection of other cancers. The binding agents provided herein generally permit detection of the level of antigen that binds to the agent in the biological sample. Polynucleotide primers and probes may be used to detect the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein, which is also indicative of the presence or absence of a cancer. In general, a prostate tumor sequence should be present at a level that is at least three fold higher in tumor tissue than in normal tissue

There are a variety of assay formats known to those of ordinary skill in the art for using a binding agent to detect polypeptide markers in a sample. See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient may be determined by (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent; (b) detecting in the sample a level of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the level of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value.

In a preferred embodiment, the assay involves the use of binding agent immobilized on a solid support to bind to and remove the polypeptide from the remainder of the sample. The bound polypeptide may then be detected using a detection reagent that contains a reporter group and specifically binds to the binding agent/polypeptide complex. Such detection reagents may comprise, for example, a binding agent that specifically binds to the polypeptide or an antibody or other agent that specifically binds to the binding agent, such as an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or a lectin. Alternatively, a competitive assay may be utilized, in which a polypeptide is labeled with a reporter group and allowed to bind to the immobilized binding agent after incubation of the binding agent with the sample. The extent to which components of the sample inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the binding agent is indicative of the reactivity of the sample with the immobilized binding

agent. Suitable polypeptides for use within such assays include full length prostate tumor proteins and portions thereof to which the binding agent binds, as described above.

The solid support may be any material known to those of ordinary skill in the art to which the tumor protein may be attached. For example, the solid support may be a test well in a microtiter plate or a nitrocellulose or other suitable membrane. Alternatively, the support may be a bead or disc, such as glass, fiberglass, latex or a plastic material such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride. The support may also be a magnetic particle or a fiber optic sensor, such as those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,359,681. The binding agent may be immobilized on the solid support using a variety of techniques known to those of skill in the art, which are amply described in the patent and scientific literature. In the context of the present invention, the term "immobilization" refers to both noncovalent association, such as adsorption, and covalent attachment (which may be a direct linkage between the agent and functional groups on the support or may be a linkage by way of a cross-linking agent). Immobilization by adsorption to a well in a microtiter plate or to a membrane is preferred. In such cases, adsorption may be achieved by contacting the binding agent, in a suitable buffer, with the solid support for a suitable amount of time. The contact time varies with temperature, but is typically between about 1 hour and about 1 day. In general, contacting a well of a plastic microtiter plate (such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride) with an amount of binding agent ranging from about 10 ng to about 10 μ g, and preferably about 100 ng to about 1 μ g, is sufficient to immobilize an adequate amount of binding agent.

Covalent attachment of binding agent to a solid support may generally be achieved by first reacting the support with a bifunctional reagent that will react with both the support and a functional group, such as a hydroxyl or amino group, on the binding agent. For example, the binding agent may be covalently attached to supports having an appropriate polymer coating using benzoquinone or by condensation of an aldehyde group on the support with an amine and an active hydrogen on the binding partner (*see, e.g.*, Pierce Immunotechnology Catalog and Handbook, 1991, at A12-A13).

In certain embodiments, the assay is a two-antibody sandwich assay. This assay may be performed by first contacting an antibody that has been immobilized on a solid support, commonly the well of a microtiter plate, with the sample, such that polypeptides within the sample are allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody. Unbound sample is then removed from the immobilized polypeptide-antibody complexes and a detection reagent (preferably a second antibody capable of binding to a different site on the polypeptide) containing a reporter group is added. The amount of detection reagent that remains bound to the solid support is then determined using a method appropriate for the specific reporter group.

More specifically, once the antibody is immobilized on the support as described above, the remaining protein binding sites on the support are typically blocked. Any suitable blocking agent known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as bovine serum albumin or Tween 20™ (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO). The immobilized antibody is then incubated with the sample, and polypeptide is allowed to bind to the antibody. The sample may be diluted with a suitable diluent, such as phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) prior to incubation. In general, an appropriate contact time (*i.e.*, incubation time) is a period of time that is sufficient to detect the presence of polypeptide within a sample obtained from an individual with prostate cancer. Preferably, the contact time is sufficient to achieve a level of binding that is at least about 95% of that achieved at equilibrium between bound and unbound polypeptide. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that the time necessary to achieve equilibrium may be readily determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. At room temperature, an incubation time of about 30 minutes is generally sufficient.

Unbound sample may then be removed by washing the solid support with an appropriate buffer, such as PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20™. The second antibody, which contains a reporter group, may then be added to the solid support. Preferred reporter groups include those groups recited above.

The detection reagent is then incubated with the immobilized antibody-polypeptide complex for an amount of time sufficient to detect the bound polypeptide. An appropriate amount of time may generally be determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. Unbound detection reagent is then removed and bound detection reagent is detected using the reporter group. The method employed for detecting the reporter group depends upon the nature of the reporter group. For radioactive groups, scintillation counting or autoradiographic methods are generally appropriate. Spectroscopic methods may be used to detect dyes, luminescent groups and fluorescent groups. Biotin may be detected using avidin, coupled to a different reporter group (commonly a radioactive or fluorescent group or an enzyme). Enzyme reporter groups may generally be detected by the addition of substrate (generally for a specific period of time), followed by spectroscopic or other analysis of the reaction products.

To determine the presence or absence of a cancer, such as prostate cancer, the signal detected from the reporter group that remains bound to the solid support is generally compared to a signal that corresponds to a predetermined cut-off value. In one preferred embodiment, the cut-off value for the detection of a cancer is the average mean signal obtained when the immobilized antibody is incubated with samples from patients without the cancer. In general, a sample generating a signal that is three standard deviations above the predetermined cut-off value is considered positive for the cancer. In an alternate preferred

embodiment, the cut-off value is determined using a Receiver Operator Curve, according to the method of Sackett et al., *Clinical Epidemiology: A Basic Science for Clinical Medicine*, Little Brown and Co., 1985, p. 106-7. Briefly, in this embodiment, the cut-off value may be determined from a plot of pairs of true positive rates (i.e., sensitivity) and false positive rates (100%-specificity) that correspond to each possible cut-off value for the diagnostic test result. The cut-off value on the plot that is the closest to the upper left-hand corner (i.e., the value that encloses the largest area) is the most accurate cut-off value, and a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method may be considered positive. Alternatively, the cut-off value may be shifted to the left along the plot, to minimize the false positive rate, or to the right, to minimize the false negative rate. In general, a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method is considered positive for a cancer.

In a related embodiment, the assay is performed in a flow-through or strip test format, wherein the binding agent is immobilized on a membrane, such as nitrocellulose. In the flow-through test, polypeptides within the sample bind to the immobilized binding agent as the sample passes through the membrane. A second, labeled binding agent then binds to the binding agent-polypeptide complex as a solution containing the second binding agent flows through the membrane. The detection of bound second binding agent may then be performed as described above. In the strip test format, one end of the membrane to which binding agent is bound is immersed in a solution containing the sample. The sample migrates along the membrane through a region containing second binding agent and to the area of immobilized binding agent. Concentration of second binding agent at the area of immobilized antibody indicates the presence of a cancer. Typically, the concentration of second binding agent at that site generates a pattern, such as a line, that can be read visually. The absence of such a pattern indicates a negative result. In general, the amount of binding agent immobilized on the membrane is selected to generate a visually discernible pattern when the biological sample contains a level of polypeptide that would be sufficient to generate a positive signal in the two-antibody sandwich assay, in the format discussed above. Preferred binding agents for use in such assays are antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof. Preferably, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane ranges from about 25 ng to about 1 μ g, and more preferably from about 50 ng to about 500 ng. Such tests can typically be performed with a very small amount of biological sample.

Of course, numerous other assay protocols exist that are suitable for use with the tumor proteins or binding agents of the present invention. The above descriptions are intended to be exemplary only. For example, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the above protocols may be readily modified to use prostate tumor polypeptides to

detect antibodies that bind to such polypeptides in a biological sample. The detection of such prostate tumor protein specific antibodies may correlate with the presence of a cancer.

A cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the presence of T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. With certain methods, a biological sample comprising CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient is incubated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide and/or an APC that expresses at least an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, and the presence or absence of specific activation of the T cells is detected. Suitable biological samples include, but are not limited to, isolated T cells. For example, T cells may be isolated from a patient by routine techniques (such as by Ficoll/Hypaque density gradient centrifugation of peripheral blood lymphocytes). T cells may be incubated *in vitro* for 2-9 days (typically 4 days) at 37°C with prostate tumor polypeptide (e.g., 5 - 25 µg/ml). It may be desirable to incubate another aliquot of a T cell sample in the absence of prostate tumor polypeptide to serve as a control. For CD4⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating proliferation of the T cells. For CD8⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating cytolytic activity. A level of proliferation that is at least two fold greater and/or a level of cytolytic activity that is at least 20% greater than in disease-free patients indicates the presence of a cancer in the patient.

As noted above, a cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. For example, at least two oligonucleotide primers may be employed in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) based assay to amplify a portion of a prostate tumor cDNA derived from a biological sample, wherein at least one of the oligonucleotide primers is specific for (*i.e.*, hybridizes to) a polynucleotide encoding the prostate tumor protein. The amplified cDNA is then separated and detected using techniques well known in the art, such as gel electrophoresis. Similarly, oligonucleotide probes that specifically hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein may be used in a hybridization assay to detect the presence of polynucleotide encoding the tumor protein in a biological sample.

To permit hybridization under assay conditions, oligonucleotide primers and probes should comprise an oligonucleotide sequence that has at least about 60%, preferably at least about 75% and more preferably at least about 90%, identity to a portion of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein that is at least 10 nucleotides, and preferably at least 20 nucleotides, in length. Preferably, oligonucleotide primers and/or probes will hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide disclosed herein under moderately stringent conditions, as defined above. Oligonucleotide primers and/or probes which may be usefully employed in the diagnostic methods described herein preferably are at least 10-40 nucleotides in length. In a preferred embodiment, the oligonucleotide primers

comprise at least 10 contiguous nucleotides, more preferably at least 15 contiguous nucleotides, of a DNA molecule having a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375 and 381. Techniques for both PCR based assays and hybridization assays are well known in the art (*see*, for example, Mullis et al., *Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol.*, 51:263, 1987; Erlich ed., *PCR Technology*, Stockton Press, NY, 1989).

One preferred assay employs RT-PCR, in which PCR is applied in conjunction with reverse transcription. Typically, RNA is extracted from a biological sample, such as biopsy tissue, and is reverse transcribed to produce cDNA molecules. PCR amplification using at least one specific primer generates a cDNA molecule, which may be separated and visualized using, for example, gel electrophoresis. Amplification may be performed on biological samples taken from a test patient and from an individual who is not afflicted with a cancer. The amplification reaction may be performed on several dilutions of cDNA spanning two orders of magnitude. A two-fold or greater increase in expression in several dilutions of the test patient sample as compared to the same dilutions of the non-cancerous sample is typically considered positive.

In another embodiment, the disclosed compositions may be used as markers for the progression of cancer. In this embodiment, assays as described above for the diagnosis of a cancer may be performed over time, and the change in the level of reactive polypeptide(s) or polynucleotide evaluated. For example, the assays may be performed every 24-72 hours for a period of 6 months to 1 year, and thereafter performed as needed. In general, a cancer is progressing in those patients in whom the level of polypeptide or polynucleotide detected increases over time. In contrast, the cancer is not progressing when the level of reactive polypeptide or polynucleotide either remains constant or decreases with time.

Certain *in vivo* diagnostic assays may be performed directly on a tumor. One such assay involves contacting tumor cells with a binding agent. The bound binding agent may then be detected directly or indirectly via a reporter group. Such binding agents may also be used in histological applications. Alternatively, polynucleotide probes may be used within such applications.

As noted above, to improve sensitivity, multiple prostate tumor protein markers may be assayed within a given sample. It will be apparent that binding agents specific for different proteins provided herein may be combined within a single assay. Further, multiple primers or probes may be used concurrently. The selection of tumor protein markers may be based on routine experiments to determine combinations that results in optimal sensitivity. In addition, or alternatively, assays for tumor proteins provided herein may be combined with assays for other known tumor antigens.

DIAGNOSTIC KITS

The present invention further provides kits for use within any of the above diagnostic methods. Such kits typically comprise two or more components necessary for performing a diagnostic assay. Components may be compounds, reagents, containers and/or equipment. For example, one container within a kit may contain a monoclonal antibody or fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein. Such antibodies or fragments may be provided attached to a support material, as described above. One or more additional containers may enclose elements, such as reagents or buffers, to be used in the assay. Such kits may also, or alternatively, contain a detection reagent as described above that contains a reporter group suitable for direct or indirect detection of antibody binding.

Alternatively, a kit may be designed to detect the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Such kits generally comprise at least one oligonucleotide probe or primer, as described above, that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein. Such an oligonucleotide may be used, for example, within a PCR or hybridization assay. Additional components that may be present within such kits include a second oligonucleotide and/or a diagnostic reagent or container to facilitate the detection of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library was constructed from prostate tumor poly A⁺ RNA using a Superscript Plasmid System for cDNA Synthesis and Plasmid Cloning kit (BRL Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD 20897) following the manufacturer's protocol. Specifically, prostate tumor tissues were homogenized with polytron (Kinematica, Switzerland) and total RNA was extracted using Trizol reagent (BRL Life Technologies) as directed by the manufacturer. The poly A⁺ RNA was then purified using a Qiagen oligotex spin column mRNA purification kit (Qiagen, Santa Clarita, CA 91355) according to the manufacturer's protocol. First-strand cDNA was synthesized using the NotI/Oligo-dT18 primer. Double-stranded cDNA was synthesized, ligated with EcoRI/BAXI adaptors (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA) and digested with NotI. Following size fractionation with Chroma Spin-1000 columns (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA), the cDNA was ligated into the EcoRI/NotI site of pCDNA3.1 (Invitrogen) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells (BRL Life Technologies) by electroporation.

Using the same procedure, a normal human pancreas cDNA expression library was prepared from a pool of six tissue specimens (Clontech). The cDNA libraries were characterized by determining the number of independent colonies, the percentage of clones that carried insert, the average insert size and by sequence analysis. The prostate tumor library contained 1.64×10^7 independent colonies, with 70% of clones having an insert and the average insert size being 1745 base pairs. The normal pancreas cDNA library contained 3.3×10^6 independent colonies, with 69% of clones having inserts and the average insert size being 1120 base pairs. For both libraries, sequence analysis showed that the majority of clones had a full length cDNA sequence and were synthesized from mRNA, with minimal rRNA and mitochondrial DNA contamination.

cDNA library subtraction was performed using the above prostate tumor and normal pancreas cDNA libraries, as described by Hara *et al.* (*Blood*, 84:189-199, 1994) with some modifications. Specifically, a prostate tumor-specific subtracted cDNA library was generated as follows. Normal pancreas cDNA library (70 μ g) was digested with EcoRI, NotI, and SfuI, followed by a filling-in reaction with DNA polymerase Klenow fragment. After phenol-chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation, the DNA was dissolved in 100 μ l of

H₂O, heat-denatured and mixed with 100 µl (100 µg) of Photoprobe biotin (Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, CA). As recommended by the manufacturer, the resulting mixture was irradiated with a 270 W sunlamp on ice for 20 minutes. Additional Photoprobe biotin (50 µl) was added and the biotinylation reaction was repeated. After extraction with butanol five times, the DNA was ethanol-precipitated and dissolved in 23 µl H₂O to form the driver DNA.

To form the tracer DNA, 10 µg prostate tumor cDNA library was digested with BamHI and XhoI, phenol chloroform extracted and passed through Chroma spin-400 columns (Clontech). Following ethanol precipitation, the tracer DNA was dissolved in 5 µl H₂O. Tracer DNA was mixed with 15 µl driver DNA and 20 µl of 2 x hybridization buffer (1.5 M NaCl/10 mM EDTA/50 mM HEPES pH 7.5/0.2% sodium dodecyl sulfate), overlaid with mineral oil, and heat-denatured completely. The sample was immediately transferred into a 68 °C water bath and incubated for 20 hours (long hybridization [LH]). The reaction mixture was then subjected to a streptavidin treatment followed by phenol/chloroform extraction. This process was repeated three more times. Subtracted DNA was precipitated, dissolved in 12 µl H₂O, mixed with 8 µl driver DNA and 20 µl of 2 x hybridization buffer, and subjected to a hybridization at 68 °C for 2 hours (short hybridization [SH]). After removal of biotinylated double-stranded DNA, subtracted cDNA was ligated into BamHI/XhoI site of chloramphenicol resistant pBCSK⁺ (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA 92037) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells by electroporation to generate a prostate tumor specific subtracted cDNA library (referred to as "prostate subtraction 1").

To analyze the subtracted cDNA library, plasmid DNA was prepared from 100 independent clones, randomly picked from the subtracted prostate tumor specific library and grouped based on insert size. Representative cDNA clones were further characterized by DNA sequencing with a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A (Foster City, CA). Six cDNA clones, hereinafter referred to as F1-13, F1-12, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4, were shown to be abundant in the subtracted prostate-specific cDNA library. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for F1-12 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 2 and 3, respectively, with determined 3' cDNA sequences for F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 1 and 4-7, respectively.

The cDNA sequences for the isolated clones were compared to known sequences in the gene bank using the EMBL and GenBank databases (release 96). Four of the prostate tumor cDNA clones, F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, and H1-4, were determined to encode the following previously identified proteins: prostate specific antigen (PSA), human glandular kallikrein, human tumor expression enhanced gene, and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. H1-9 was found to be identical to a previously identified human

autonomously replicating sequence. No significant homologies to the cDNA sequence for F1-12 were found.

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of a full-length cDNA sequence for F1-12. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 107, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 108.

To clone less abundant prostate tumor specific genes, cDNA library subtraction was performed by subtracting the prostate tumor cDNA library described above with the normal pancreas cDNA library and with the three most abundant genes in the previously subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library: human glandular kallikrein, prostate specific antigen (PSA), and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. Specifically, 1 µg each of human glandular kallikrein, PSA and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II cDNAs in pCDNA3.1 were added to the driver DNA and subtraction was performed as described above to provide a second subtracted cDNA library hereinafter referred to as the "subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike".

Twenty-two cDNA clones were isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-17, L1-12, N1-1862, J1-13, J1-19, J1-25, J1-24, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4 and L1-14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11, 12-13, 14-15, 16-17, 18-19, 20-21, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27 and 28-29, respectively. The determined 3' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-12, J1-16, J1-21, K1-48, K1-55, L1-2, L1-6, N1-1858, N1-1860, N1-1861, N1-1864 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 30-40, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to three of the five most abundant DNA species, (J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862; SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11 and 12-13, respectively). Of the remaining two most abundant species, one (J1-12; SEQ ID NO:30) was found to be identical to the previously identified human pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, and the other (K1-48; SEQ ID NO:33) was determined to have some homology to *R. norvegicus* mRNA for 2-arylpropionyl-CoA epimerase. Of the 17 less abundant cDNA clones isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, four (J1-16, K1-55, L1-6 and N1-1864; SEQ ID NOS:31, 34, 36 and 40, respectively) were found to be identical to previously identified sequences, two (J1-21 and N1-1860; SEQ ID NOS: 32 and 38, respectively) were found to show some homology to non-human sequences, and two (L1-2 and N1-1861; SEQ ID NOS: 35 and 39, respectively) were found to show some homology to known human sequences. No significant homologies were found to the polypeptides J1-13, J1-19, J1-24, J1-25, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4, L1-14 (SEQ ID NOS: 14-15, 16-17, 20-21, 18-19, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27, 28-29, respectively).

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of full length cDNA sequences for J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862 (SEQ ID NOS: 109-111, respectively). The corresponding predicted

amino acid sequences are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 112-114. L1-12 is also referred to as P501S.

In a further experiment, four additional clones were identified by subtracting a prostate tumor cDNA library with normal prostate cDNA prepared from a pool of three normal prostate poly A+ RNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 2"). The determined cDNA sequences for these clones, hereinafter referred to as U1-3064, U1-3065, V1-3692 and 1A-3905, are provided in SEQ ID NO: 69-72, respectively. Comparison of the determined sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to U1-3065.

A second subtraction with spike (referred to as "prostate subtraction spike 2") was performed by subtracting a prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike with normal pancreas cDNA library and further spiked with PSA, J1-17, pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, mitochondrial DNA, cytochrome c oxidase subunit II, N1-1862, autonomously replicating sequence, L1-12 and tumor expression enhanced gene. Four additional clones, hereinafter referred to as V1-3686, R1-2330, 1B-3976 and V1-3679, were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 73-76, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to V1-3686 and R1-2330.

Further analysis of the three prostate subtractions described above (prostate subtraction 2, subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, and prostate subtraction spike 2) resulted in the identification of sixteen additional clones, referred to as 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1G-4734, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4810, 1I-4811, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 77-92, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4741, 1G-4734, 1I-4807, 1J-4876 and 1K-4896 (SEQ ID NOS: 79, 81, 87, 90 and 92, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4807, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 179-188 and 191-193, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1I-4810 and 1I-4811, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 189 and 190, respectively.

Additional studies with prostate subtraction spike 2 resulted in the isolation of three more clones. Their sequences were determined as described above and compared to the most recent GenBank. All three clones were found to have homology to known genes, which are Cysteine-rich protein, KIAA0242, and KIAA0280 (SEQ ID NO: 317, 319, and 320, respectively). Further analysis of these clones by Synteni microarray (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA) demonstrated that all three clones were over-expressed in most prostate tumors and

prostate BPH, as well as in the majority of normal prostate tissues tested, but low expression in all other normal tissues.

An additional subtraction was performed by subtracting a normal prostate cDNA library with normal pancreas cDNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 3"). This led to the identification of six additional clones referred to as 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766, 1H-4770, 1H-4771 and 1H-4772 (SEQ ID NOS: 93-98). Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4761 and 1H-4771 (SEQ ID NOS: 93 and 97, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766 and 1H-4772 provided in SEQ ID NOS: 194-196 and 199, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1H-4770 and 1H-4771, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 197 and 198, respectively.

Subtraction of a prostate tumor cDNA library, prepared from a pool of polyA+ RNA from three prostate cancer patients, with a normal pancreas cDNA library (prostate subtraction 4) led to the identification of eight clones, referred to as 1D-4297, 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280 (SEQ ID NOS: 99-107). These sequences were compared to those in the gene bank as described above. No significant homologies were found to 1D-4283 and 1D-4304 (SEQ ID NOS: 103 and 104, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 200-206, respectively.

cDNA clones isolated in prostate subtraction 1 and prostate subtraction 2, described above, were colony PCR amplified and their mRNA expression levels in prostate tumor, normal prostate and in various other normal tissues were determined using microarray technology (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA). Briefly, the PCR amplification products were dotted onto slides in an array format, with each product occupying a unique location in the array. mRNA was extracted from the tissue sample to be tested, reverse transcribed, and fluorescent-labeled cDNA probes were generated. The microarrays were probed with the labeled cDNA probes, the slides scanned and fluorescence intensity was measured. This intensity correlates with the hybridization intensity. Two clones (referred to as P509S and P510S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate and expressed at low levels in all other normal tissues tested (liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon). The determined cDNA sequences for P509S and P510S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 223 and 224, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed some homology to previously identified ESTs.

Additional, studies led to the isolation of the full-length cDNA sequence for P509S. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 332, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 339.

EXAMPLE 2

DETERMINATION OF TISSUE SPECIFICITY OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Using gene specific primers, mRNA expression levels for the representative prostate tumor polypeptides F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (also referred to as P502S), L1-12 (also referred to as P501S), F1-12 (also referred to as P504S) and N1-1862 (also referred to as P503S) were examined in a variety of normal and tumor tissues using RT-PCR.

Briefly, total RNA was extracted from a variety of normal and tumor tissues using Trizol reagent as described above. First strand synthesis was carried out using 1-2 μ g of total RNA with SuperScript II reverse transcriptase (BRL Life Technologies) at 42 °C for one hour. The cDNA was then amplified by PCR with gene-specific primers. To ensure the semi-quantitative nature of the RT-PCR, β -actin was used as an internal control for each of the tissues examined. First, serial dilutions of the first strand cDNAs were prepared and RT-PCR assays were performed using β -actin specific primers. A dilution was then chosen that enabled the linear range amplification of the β -actin template and which was sensitive enough to reflect the differences in the initial copy numbers. Using these conditions, the β -actin levels were determined for each reverse transcription reaction from each tissue. DNA contamination was minimized by DNase treatment and by assuring a negative PCR result when using first strand cDNA that was prepared without adding reverse transcriptase.

mRNA Expression levels were examined in four different types of tumor tissue (prostate tumor from 2 patients, breast tumor from 3 patients, colon tumor, lung tumor), and sixteen different normal tissues, including prostate, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, testes, bone marrow and brain. F1-16 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor tissue, colon tumor and normal prostate, and at lower levels in normal liver, skin and testes, with expression being undetectable in the other tissues examined. H1-1 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor, lung tumor, breast tumor, normal prostate, normal colon and normal brain, at much lower levels in normal lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, small intestine, bone marrow, and was not detected in the other tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) and L1-12 (P501S) appear to be specifically over-expressed in prostate, with both genes being expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate but at low to undetectable levels in all the other tissues examined. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors and detectable in normal colon and kidney. The RT-PCR results thus indicate that

F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (P502S), N1-1862 (P503S) and L1-12 (P501S) are either prostate specific or are expressed at significantly elevated levels in prostate.

Further RT-PCR studies showed that F1-12 (P504S) is over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney but not detectable in all other tissues tested. Similarly, R1-2330 was shown to be over-expressed in 40% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney and liver, but not detectable in all other tissues tested. U1-3064 was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, and also expressed in breast and colon tumors, but was not detectable in normal tissues.

RT-PCR characterization of R1-2330, U1-3064 and 1D-4279 showed that these three antigens are over-expressed in prostate and/or prostate tumors.

Northern analysis with four prostate tumors, two normal prostate samples, two BPH prostates, and normal colon, kidney, liver, lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, brain, stomach, testes, small intestine and bone marrow, showed that L1-12 (P501S) is over-expressed in prostate tumors and normal prostate, while being undetectable in other normal tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) was detected in two prostate tumors and not in the other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in three prostate tumors and to be expressed in normal prostate, colon and kidney, but not in other tissues tested. F1-12 (P504S) was found to be highly expressed in two prostate tumors and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

The microarray technology described above was used to determine the expression levels of representative antigens described herein in prostate tumor, breast tumor and the following normal tissues: prostate, liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon. L1-12 (P501S) was found to be over-expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, with some expression being detected in normal skeletal muscle. Both J1-12 and F1-12 (P504S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor, with expression being lower or undetectable in all other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and at low levels in normal large intestine and normal colon, with expression being undetectable in all other tissues tested. R1-2330 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and to be expressed at lower levels in all other tissues tested. 1D-4279 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, expressed at lower levels in normal spinal cord, and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

Further microarray analysis to specifically address the extent to which P501S (SEQ ID NO: 110) was expressed in breast tumor revealed moderate over-expression not only in breast tumor, but also in metastatic breast tumor (2/31), with negligible to low expression

in normal tissues. This data suggests that P501S may be over-expressed in various breast tumors as well as in prostate tumors.

The expression levels of 32 ESTs (expressed sequence tags) described by Vasmatazis *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998) in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by microarray technology as described above. Two of these clones (referred to as P1000C and P1001C) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and expressed at low to undetectable levels in all other tissues tested (normal aorta, thymus, resting and activated PBMC, epithelial cells, spinal cord, adrenal gland, fetal tissues, skin, salivary gland, large intestine, bone marrow, liver, lung, dendritic cells, stomach, lymph nodes, brain, heart, small intestine, skeletal muscle, colon and kidney. The determined cDNA sequences for P1000C and P1001C are provided in SEQ ID NO: 384 and 472, respectively. The sequence of P1001C was found to show some homology to the previously isolated Human mRNA for JM27 protein. No significant homologies were found to the sequence of P1000C.

The expression of the polypeptide encoded by the full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S; SEQ ID NO: 108) was investigated by immunohistochemical analysis. Rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibodies were generated against the full length P504S protein by standard techniques. Subsequent isolation and characterization of the polyclonal antibodies were also performed by techniques well known in the art. Immunohistochemical analysis showed that the P504S polypeptide was expressed in 100% of prostate carcinoma samples tested (n=5).

The rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody did not appear to label benign prostate cells with the same cytoplasmic granular staining, but rather with light nuclear staining. Analysis of normal tissues revealed that the encoded polypeptide was found to be expressed in some, but not all normal human tissues. Positive cytoplasmic staining with rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody was found in normal human kidney, liver, brain, colon and lung-associated macrophages, whereas heart and bone marrow were negative.

This data indicates that the P504S polypeptide is present in prostate cancer tissues, and that there are qualitative and quantitative differences in the staining between benign prostatic hyperplasia tissues and prostate cancer tissues, suggesting that this polypeptide may be detected selectively in prostate tumors and therefore be useful in the diagnosis of prostate cancer.

EXAMPLE 3

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA subtraction library, containing cDNA from normal prostate subtracted with ten other normal tissue cDNAs (brain, heart, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, placenta, skeletal muscle, spleen and thymus) and then submitted to a first round of PCR amplification, was purchased from Clontech. This library was subjected to a second round of PCR amplification, following the manufacturer's protocol. The resulting cDNA fragments were subcloned into the vector pT7 Blue T-vector (Novagen, Madison, WI) and transformed into XL-1 Blue MRF' *E. coli* (Stratagene). DNA was isolated from independent clones and sequenced using a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A.

Fifty-nine positive clones were sequenced. Comparison of the DNA sequences of these clones with those in the gene bank, as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 25 of these clones, hereinafter referred to as P5, P8, P9, P18, P20, P30, P34, P36, P38, P39, P42, P49, P50, P53, P55, P60, P64, P65, P73, P75, P76, P79 and P84. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 41-45, 47-52 and 54-65, respectively. P29, P47, P68, P80 and P82 (SEQ ID NO: 46, 53 and 66-68, respectively) were found to show some degree of homology to previously identified DNA sequences. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, none of these sequences have been previously shown to be present in prostate.

Further studies using the PCR-based methodology described above resulted in the isolation of more than 180 additional clones, of which 23 clones were found to show no significant homologies to known sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 115-123, 127, 131, 137, 145, 147-151, 153, 156-158 and 160. Twenty-three clones (SEQ ID NO: 124-126, 128-130, 132-136, 138-144, 146, 152, 154, 155 and 159) were found to show some homology to previously identified ESTs. An additional ten clones (SEQ ID NO: 161-170) were found to have some degree of homology to known genes. Larger cDNA clones containing the P20 sequence represent splice variants of a gene referred to as P703P. The determined DNA sequence for the variants referred to as DE1, DE13 and DE14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 171, 175 and 177, respectively, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 172, 176 and 178, respectively. The determined cDNA sequence for an extended spliced form of P703 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 225. The DNA sequences for the splice variants referred to as DE2 and DE6 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 173 and 174, respectively.

mRNA Expression levels for representative clones in tumor tissues (prostate (n=5), breast (n=2), colon and lung) normal tissues (prostate (n=5), colon, kidney, liver, lung (n=2), ovary (n=2), skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, small intestine and brain), and activated

and non-activated PBMC was determined by RT-PCR as described above. Expression was examined in one sample of each tissue type unless otherwise indicated.

P9 was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor compared to all normal tissues tested except for normal colon which showed comparable expression. P20, a portion of the P703P gene, was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to all twelve normal tissues tested. A modest increase in expression of P20 in breast tumor (n=2), colon tumor and lung tumor was seen compared to all normal tissues except lung (1 of 2). Increased expression of P18 was found in normal prostate, prostate tumor and breast tumor compared to other normal tissues except lung and stomach. A modest increase in expression of P5 was observed in normal prostate compared to most other normal tissues. However, some elevated expression was seen in normal lung and PBMC. Elevated expression of P5 was also observed in prostate tumors (2 of 5), breast tumor and one lung tumor sample. For P30, similar expression levels were seen in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to six of twelve other normal tissues tested. Increased expression was seen in breast tumors, one lung tumor sample and one colon tumor sample, and also in normal PBMC. P29 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to the majority of normal tissues. However, substantial expression of P29 was observed in normal colon and normal lung (2 of 2). P80 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to all other normal tissues tested, with increased expression also being seen in colon tumor.

Further studies resulted in the isolation of twelve additional clones, hereinafter referred to as 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3. The determined DNA sequences for 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 207, 208, 209, 216, 217, 220, 221 and 222, respectively. The determined forward and reverse DNA sequences for 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6 and 8-g3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 210 and 211; 212 and 213; 214 and 215; and 218 and 219, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to the sequence of 9-f3. The clones 10-d8, 11-c8 and 8-h11 were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs, while 10-h10, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3 and 9-f12 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes. Further characterization of 7-G6 and 8-G3 showed identity to the known genes PAP and PSA, respectively.

mRNA expression levels for these clones were determined using the microarray technology described above. The clones 7-G6, 8-G3, 8-B5, 8-B6, 8-D4, 8-D9, 9-F3, 9-F12, 9-H3, 10-A2, 10-A4, 11-C9 and 11-F2 were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, with expression in other tissues tested being low or undetectable.

Increased expression of 8-F11 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, skeletal muscle and colon. Increased expression of 10-H10 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, lung, colon, brain and large intestine. Increased expression of 9-B1 was seen in prostate tumor, breast tumor, and normal prostate, salivary gland, large intestine and skin, with increased expression of 11-C8 being seen in prostate tumor, and normal prostate and large intestine.

An additional cDNA fragment derived from the PCR-based normal prostate subtraction, described above, was found to be prostate specific by both micro-array technology and RT-PCR. The determined cDNA sequence of this clone (referred to as 9-A11) is provided in SEQ ID NO: 226. Comparison of this sequence with those in the public databases revealed 99% identity to the known gene HOXB13.

Further studies led to the isolation of the clones 8-C6 and 8-H7. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 227 and 228, respectively. These sequences were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs.

PCR and hybridization-based methodologies were employed to obtain longer cDNA sequences for clone P20 (also referred to as P703P), yielding three additional cDNA fragments that progressively extend the 5' end of the gene. These fragments, referred to as P703PDE5, P703P6.26, and P703PX-23 (SEQ ID NO: 326, 328 and 330, with the predicted corresponding amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 327, 329 and 331, respectively) contain additional 5' sequence. P703PDE5 was recovered by screening of a cDNA library (#141-26) with a portion of P703P as a probe. P703P6.26 was recovered from a mixture of three prostate tumor cDNAs and P703PX_23 was recovered from cDNA library (#438-48). Together, the additional sequences include all of the putative mature serine protease along with part of the putative signal sequence. Further studies using a PCR-based subtraction library of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a pool of normal tissues (referred to as JP: PCR subtraction) resulted in the isolation of thirteen additional clones, seven of which did not share any significant homology to known GenBank sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these seven clones (P711P, P712P, novel 23, P774P, P775P, P710P and P768P) are provided in SEQ ID NO: 307-311, 313 and 315, respectively. The remaining six clones (SEQ ID NO: 316 and 321-325) were shown to share some homology to known genes. By microarray analysis, all thirteen clones showed three or more fold over-expression in prostate tissues, including prostate tumors, BPH and normal prostate as compared to normal non-prostate tissues. Clones P711P, P712P, novel 23 and P768P showed over-expression in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues tested (n=29), and in the majority of normal prostate tissues (n=4), but background to low expression levels in all normal tissues.

Clones P774P, P775P and P710P showed comparatively lower expression and expression in fewer prostate tumors and BPH samples, with negative to low expression in normal prostate.

The full-length cDNA for P711P was obtained by employing the partial sequence of SEQ ID NO: 307 to screen a prostate cDNA library. Specifically, a directionally cloned prostate cDNA library was prepared using standard techniques. One million colonies of this library were plated onto LB/Amp plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs which were picked up by these filters were denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P711P cDNA fragment of SEQ ID NO: 307 was radio-labeled and used to hybridize with these filters. Positive clones were selected, and cDNAs were prepared and sequenced using an automatic Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems sequencer. The determined full-length sequence of P711P is provided in SEQ ID NO: 382, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 383.

Using PCR and hybridization-based methodologies, additional cDNA sequence information was derived for two clones described above, 11-C9 and 9-F3, herein after referred to as P707P and P714P, respectively (SEQ ID NO: 333 and 334). After comparison with the most recent GenBank, P707P was found to be a splice variant of the known gene HoxB13. In contrast, no significant homologies to P714P were found.

Clones 8-B3, P89, P98, P130 and P201 (as disclosed in U.S. Patent Application No. 09/020,956, filed February 9, 1998) were found to be contained within one contiguous sequence, referred to as P705P (SEQ ID NO: 335, with the predicted amino acid sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 336), which was determined to be a splice variant of the known gene NKX 3.1.

EXAMPLE 4

SYNTHESIS OF POLYPEPTIDES

Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems 430A peptide synthesizer using Fmoc chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation, binding to an immobilized surface, or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following

lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray or other types of mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

EXAMPLE 5

FURTHER ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA library generated from prostate primary tumor mRNA as described above was subtracted with cDNA from normal prostate. The subtraction was performed using a PCR-based protocol (Clontech), which was modified to generate larger fragments. Within this protocol, tester and driver double stranded cDNA were separately digested with five restriction enzymes that recognize six-nucleotide restriction sites (MluI, MscI, PvuII, SalI and StuI). This digestion resulted in an average cDNA size of 600 bp, rather than the average size of 300 bp that results from digestion with RsaI according to the Clontech protocol. This modification did not affect the subtraction efficiency. Two tester populations were then created with different adapters, and the driver library remained without adapters.

The tester and driver libraries were then hybridized using excess driver cDNA. In the first hybridization step, driver was separately hybridized with each of the two tester cDNA populations. This resulted in populations of (a) unhybridized tester cDNAs, (b) tester cDNAs hybridized to other tester cDNAs, (c) tester cDNAs hybridized to driver cDNAs and (d) unhybridized driver cDNAs. The two separate hybridization reactions were then combined, and rehybridized in the presence of additional denatured driver cDNA. Following this second hybridization, in addition to populations (a) through (d), a fifth population (e) was generated in which tester cDNA with one adapter hybridized to tester cDNA with the second adapter. Accordingly, the second hybridization step resulted in enrichment of differentially expressed sequences which could be used as templates for PCR amplification with adaptor-specific primers.

The ends were then filled in, and PCR amplification was performed using adaptor-specific primers. Only population (e), which contained tester cDNA that did not hybridize to driver cDNA, was amplified exponentially. A second PCR amplification step was then performed, to reduce background and further enrich differentially expressed sequences.

This PCR-based subtraction technique normalizes differentially expressed cDNAs so that rare transcripts that are overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue may be recoverable. Such transcripts would be difficult to recover by traditional subtraction methods.

In addition to genes known to be overexpressed in prostate tumor, seventy-seven further clones were identified. Sequences of these partial cDNAs are provided in SEQ ID NO: 29 to 305. Most of these clones had no significant homology to database sequences. Exceptions were JPTPN23 (SEQ ID NO: 231; similarity to pig valosin-containing protein), JPTPN30 (SEQ ID NO: 234; similarity to rat mRNA for proteasome subunit), JPTPN45 (SEQ ID NO: 243; similarity to rat *norvegicus* cytosolic NADP-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase), JPTPN46 (SEQ ID NO: 244; similarity to human subclone H8 4 d4 DNA sequence), JP1D6 (SEQ ID NO: 265; similarity to *G. gallus* dynein light chain-A), JP8D6 (SEQ ID NO: 288; similarity to human BAC clone RG016J04), JP8F5 (SEQ ID NO: 289; similarity to human subclone H8 3 b5 DNA sequence), and JP8E9 (SEQ ID NO: 299; similarity to human Alu sequence).

Additional studies using the PCR-based subtraction library consisting of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a normal prostate pool (referred to as PT-PN PCR subtraction) yielded three additional clones. Comparison of the cDNA sequences of these clones with the most recent release of GenBank revealed no significant homologies to the two clones referred to as P715P and P767P (SEQ ID NO: 312 and 314). The remaining clone was found to show some homology to the known gene KIAA0056 (SEQ ID NO: 318). Using microarray analysis to measure mRNA expression levels in various tissues, all three clones were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumors and BPH tissues. Specifically, clone P715P was over-expressed in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues by a factor of three or greater, with elevated expression seen in the majority of normal prostate samples and in fetal tissue, but negative to low expression in all other normal tissues. Clone P767P was over-expressed in several prostate tumors and BPH tissues, with moderate expression levels in half of the normal prostate samples, and background to low expression in all other normal tissues tested.

Further analysis, by microarray as described above, of the PT-PN PCR subtraction library and of a DNA subtraction library containing cDNA from prostate tumor subtracted with a pool of normal tissue cDNAs, led to the isolation of 27 additional clones (SEQ ID NO: 340-365 and 381) which were determined to be over-expressed in prostate tumor. The clones of SEQ ID NO: 341, 342, 345, 347, 348, 349, 351, 355-359, 361, 362 and 364 were also found to be expressed in normal prostate. Expression of all 26 clones in a variety of normal tissues was found to be low or undetectable, with the exception of P544S (SEQ ID NO: 356) which was found to be expressed in small intestine. Of the 26 clones, 10 (SEQ ID NO: 340-349) were found to show some homology to previously identified sequences. No significant homologies were found to the clones of SEQ ID NO: 350-365.

EXAMPLE 6

PEPTIDE PRIMING OF MICE AND PROPAGATION OF CTL LINES

6.1. This Example illustrates the preparation of a CTL cell line specific for cells expressing the P502S gene.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with P2S#12 peptide (VLGWVAEL; SEQ ID NO: 306), which is derived from the P502S gene (also referred to herein as J1-17, SEQ ID NO: 8), as described by Theobald et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995 with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 100µg of P2S#12 and 120µg of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and using a nylon mesh single cell suspensions prepared. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (RPMI-1640; Gibco BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) containing 10% FCS, 2mM Glutamine (Gibco BRL), sodium pyruvate (Gibco BRL), non-essential amino acids (Gibco BRL), 2×10^{-5} M 2-mercaptoethanol, 50U/ml penicillin and streptomycin, and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P2S#12-pulsed (5mg/ml P2S#12 and 10mg/ml β 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7µg/ml dextran sulfate and 25µg/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later, cells (5×10^5 /ml) were restimulated with 2.5×10^6 /ml peptide pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells (Sherman et al, *Science* 258:815-818, 1992) and 3×10^6 /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20U/ml IL-2. Cells continued to be restimulated on a weekly basis as described, in preparation for cloning the line.

P2S#12 line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were

restimulated as before. On day 21, clones that were growing were isolated and maintained in culture. Several of these clones demonstrated significantly higher reactivity (lysis) against human fibroblasts (HLA A2.1 expressing) transduced with P502S than against control fibroblasts. An example is presented in Figure 1.

This data indicates that P2S #12 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA A2.1 molecule.

6.2. This Example illustrates the preparation of murine CTL lines and CTL clones specific for cells expressing the P501S gene.

This series of experiments were performed similarly to that described above. Mice were immunized with the P1S#10 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 337), which is derived from the P501S gene (also referred to herein as L1-12, SEQ ID NO: 110). The P1S#10 peptide was derived by analysis of the predicted polypeptide sequence for P501S for potential HLA-A2 binding sequences as defined by published HLA-A2 binding motifs (Parker, KC, *et al*, *J. Immunol.*, 152:163, 1994). P1S#10 peptide was synthesized as described in Example 4, and empirically tested for HLA-A2 binding using a T cell based competition assay. Predicted A2 binding peptides were tested for their ability to compete HLA-A2 specific peptide presentation to an HLA-A2 restricted CTL clone (D150M58), which is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58. D150M58 CTL secretes TNF in response to self-presentation of peptide fluM58. In the competition assay, test peptides at 100-200 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ were added to cultures of D150M58 CTL in order to bind HLA-A2 on the CTL. After thirty minutes, CTL cultured with test peptides, or control peptides, were tested for their antigen dose response to the fluM58 peptide in a standard TNF bioassay. As shown in Figure 3, peptide P1S#10 competes HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58, demonstrating that peptide P1S#10 binds HLA-A2.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 were immunized as described by Theobald et al. (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995) with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 62.5 μg of P1S #10 and 120 μg of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from Hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and single cell suspensions prepared using a nylon mesh. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (as described above) and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P1S#10-pulsed (2 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ P1S#10 and 10mg/ml β 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ dextran sulfate and 25 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ LPS for 3 days). Six days later cells (5×10^5 /ml) were restimulated with 2.5×10^6 /ml peptide-pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells, as described above, and 3×10^6 /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20 U/ml IL-2. Cells were restimulated on a weekly

basis in preparation for cloning. After three rounds of *in vitro* stimulations, one line was generated that recognized P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat targets as shown in Figure 4.

A P1S#10-specific CTL line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, viable clones were isolated and maintained in culture. As shown in Figure 5, five of these clones demonstrated specific cytolytic reactivity against P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets. This data indicates that P1S#10 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P501S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA-A2.1 molecule.

EXAMPLE 7

ABILITY OF HUMAN T CELLS TO RECOGNIZE PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example illustrates the ability of T cells specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide to recognize human tumor.

Human CD8⁺ T cells were primed *in vitro* to the P2S-12 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 306) derived from P502S (also referred to as J1-17) using dendritic cells according to the protocol of Van Tsai et al. (*Critical Reviews in Immunology* 18:65-75, 1998). The resulting CD8⁺ T cell microcultures were tested for their ability to recognize the P2S-12 peptide presented by autologous fibroblasts or fibroblasts which were transduced to express the P502S gene in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay (see Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). Briefly, titrating numbers of T cells were assayed in duplicate on 10^4 fibroblasts in the presence of 3 μ g/ml human β_2 -microglobulin and 1 μ g/ml P2S-12 peptide or control E75 peptide. In addition, T cells were simultaneously assayed on autologous fibroblasts transduced with the P502S gene or as a control, fibroblasts transduced with HER-2/*neu*. Prior to the assay, the fibroblasts were treated with 10 ng/ml γ -interferon for 48 hours to upregulate class I MHC expression. One of the microcultures (#5) demonstrated strong recognition of both peptide pulsed fibroblasts as well as transduced fibroblasts in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay. Figure 2A demonstrates that there was a strong increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide (solid bars) but not with the control E75 peptide (open bars). This shows the ability of these T cells to specifically recognize the P2S-12 peptide. As shown in Figure 2B, this microculture also demonstrated an increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T

cells on fibroblasts transduced to express the P502S gene but not the HER-2/*neu* gene. These results provide additional confirmatory evidence that the P2S-12 peptide is a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein. Furthermore, this also demonstrates that there exists in the human T cell repertoire, high affinity T cells which are capable of recognizing this epitope. These T cells should also be capable of recognizing human tumors which express the P502S gene.

EXAMPLE 8

PRIMING OF CTL *IN VIVO* USING NAKED DNA IMMUNIZATION WITH A PROSTATE ANTIGEN

The prostate tumor antigen L1-12, as described above, is also referred to as P501S. HLA A2Kb Tg mice (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with 100 µg VR10132-P501S either intramuscularly or intradermally. The mice were immunized three times, with a two week interval between immunizations. Two weeks after the last immunization, immune spleen cells were cultured with Jurkat A2Kb-P501S transduced stimulator cells. CTL lines were stimulated weekly. After two weeks of *in vitro* stimulation, CTL activity was assessed against P501S transduced targets. Two out of 8 mice developed strong anti-P501S CTL responses. These results demonstrate that P501S contains at least one naturally processed A2-restricted CTL epitope.

EXAMPLE 9

GENERATION OF HUMAN CTL *IN VITRO* USING WHOLE GENE PRIMING AND STIMULATION TECHNIQUES WITH PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

Using *in vitro* whole-gene priming with P501S-retrovirally transduced autologous fibroblasts (see, for example, Yee et al, *The Journal of Immunology*, 157(9):4079-86, 1996), human CTL lines were derived that specifically recognize autologous fibroblasts transduced with P501S (also known as L1-12), as determined by interferon-γ ELISPOT analysis as described above. Using a panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S, these CTL lines were shown to be restricted HLA-A2 class I allele. Specifically, dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by growing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S vaccinia virus at a multiplicity of infection (M.O.I) of five, and matured overnight by the addition of 3 µg/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation. CD8+ T cells were isolated using a magnetic bead system, and

priming cultures were initiated using standard culture techniques. Cultures were restimulated every 7-10 days using autologous primary fibroblasts retrovirally transduced with P501S. Following four stimulation cycles, CD8+ T cell lines were identified that specifically produced interferon- γ when stimulated with P501S-transduced autologous fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity could be sustained by the continued stimulation of the cultures with P501S-transduced fibroblasts in the presence of IL-15. A panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S were generated to define the restriction allele of the response. By measuring interferon- γ in an ELISPOT assay, the P501S specific response was shown to be restricted by HLA-A2. These results demonstrate that a CD8+ CTL response to P501S can be elicited.

EXAMPLE 10

IDENTIFICATION OF A NATURALLY PROCESSED CTL EPITOPE CONTAINED WITHIN A PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

The 9-mer peptide p5 (SEQ ID NO: 338) was derived from the P703P antigen (also referred to as P20). The p5 peptide is immunogenic in human HLA-A2 donors and is a naturally processed epitope. Antigen specific CD8+ T cells can be primed following repeated *in vitro* stimulations with monocytes pulsed with p5 peptide. These CTL specifically recognize p5-pulsed target cells in both ELISPOT (as described above) and chromium release assays. Additionally, immunization of HLA-A2 transgenic mice with p5 leads to the generation of CTL lines which recognize a variety of P703P transduced target cells expressing either HLA-A2Kb or HLA-A2. Specifically, HLA-A2 transgenic mice were immunized subcutaneously in the footpad with 100 μ g of p5 peptide together with 140 μ g of hepatitis B virus core peptide (a Th peptide) in Freund's incomplete adjuvant. Three weeks post immunization, spleen cells from immunized mice were stimulated *in vitro* with peptide-pulsed LPS blasts. CTL activity was assessed by chromium release assay five days after primary *in vitro* stimulation. Retrovirally transduced cells expressing the control antigen P703P and HLA-A2Kb were used as targets. CTL lines that specifically recognized both p5-pulsed targets as well as P703P-expressing targets were identified.

Human *in vitro* priming experiments demonstrated that the p5 peptide is immunogenic in humans. Dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by culturing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, the DC were pulsed with p5 peptide and cultured with GM-CSF and IL-4 together with CD8+ T cell enriched PBMC. CTL lines were restimulated on a weekly basis

with p5-pulsed monocytes. Five to six weeks after initiation of the CTL cultures, CTL recognition of p5-pulsed target cells was demonstrated.

EXAMPLE 11

EXPRESSION OF A BREAST TUMOR-DERIVED ANTIGEN IN PROSTATE

Isolation of the antigen B305D from breast tumor by differential display is described in US Patent Application No. 08/700,014, filed August 20, 1996. Several different splice forms of this antigen were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these splice forms are provided in SEQ ID NO: 366-375, with the predicted amino acid sequences corresponding to the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 292, 298 and 301-303 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 299-306, respectively.

The expression levels of B305D in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by real time PCR and by Northern analysis. The results indicated that B305D is highly expressed in breast tumor, prostate tumor, normal prostate tumor and normal testes, with expression being low or undetectable in all other tissues examined (colon tumor, lung tumor, ovary tumor, and normal bone marrow, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, skin, small intestine, stomach).

EXAMPLE 12

ELICITATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN-SPECIFIC CTL RESPONSES IN HUMAN BLOOD

This Example illustrates the ability of a prostate tumor antigen to elicit a CTL response in blood of normal humans.

Autologous dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal donors by growth for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S-expressing vaccinia virus at an M.O.I. of 5 and matured for 8 hours by the addition of 2 micrograms/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation, CD8⁺ cells were isolated by positive selection using magnetic beads, and priming cultures were initiated in 24-well plates. Following five stimulation cycles, CD8⁺ lines were identified that specifically produced interferon-gamma when stimulated with autologous P501S-transduced fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity of cell line 3A-1 could be maintained following additional stimulation cycles on autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S. Line 3A-1 was shown to specifically recognize autologous B-LCL transduced to

express P501S, but not EGFP-transduced autologous B-LCL, as measured by cytotoxicity assays (^{51}Cr release) and interferon-gamma production (Interferon-gamma Elispot; *see above* and Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). The results of these assays are presented in Figures 6A and 6B.

EXAMPLE 13

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 372 clones were identified, and 319 were successfully sequenced. Table I presents a summary of these clones, which are shown in SEQ ID NOs:385-400. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:386, 389, 390 and 392 correspond to novel genes, and SEQ ID NOs: 393 and 396 correspond to previously identified sequences. The others (SEQ ID NOs:385, 387, 388, 391, 394, 395 and 397-400) correspond to known sequences, as shown in Table I.

Table I
Summary of Prostate Tumor Antigens

Known Genes	Previously identified Genes	Novel Genes
T-cell gamma chain	P504S	23379 (SEQ ID NO:389)
Kallikrein	P1000C	23399 (SEQ ID NO:392)
Vector	P501S	23320 (SEQ ID NO:386)
CGI-82 protein mRNA (23319; SEQ ID NO:385)	P503S	23381 (SEQ ID NO:390)
PSA	P510S	
Ald. 6 Dehyd.	P784P	
L-idoitol-2 dehydrogenase (23376; SEQ ID NO:388)	P502S	
Ets transcription factor PDEF (22672; SEQ ID NO:398)	P706P	
hTGR (22678; SEQ ID NO:399)	19142.2, bangur.seq (22621; SEQ ID NO:396)	
KIAA0295(22685; SEQ ID NO:400)	5566.1 Wang(23404; SEQ ID NO:393)	
Prostatic Acid Phosphatase(22655; SEQ ID NO:397)	P712P	

transglutaminase (22611; SEQ ID NO:395)	P778P	
HDLBP (23508; SEQ ID NO:394)		
CGI-69 Protein(23367; SEQ ID NO:387)		
KIAA0122(23383; SEQ ID NO:391)		
TEEG		

CGI-82 showed 4.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 43% of prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate, not detected in other normal tissues tested. L-iditol-2 dehydrogenase showed 4.94 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 90% of prostate tumors, 100% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Ets transcription factor PDEF showed 5.55 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate and not detected in other normal tissues tested. hTGR1 showed 9.11 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 63% of prostate tumors and is not detected in normal tissues tested including normal prostate. KIAA0295 showed 5.59 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% of prostate tumors, low to undetectable in normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Prostatic acid phosphatase showed 9.14 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 67% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Transglutaminase showed 14.84 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 30% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and is not detected in other normal tissues tested. High density lipoprotein binding protein (HDLBP) showed 28.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% of normal prostate, and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. CGI-69 showed 3.56 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It is a low abundant gene, detected in more than 90% of prostate tumors, and in 75% normal prostate tissues. The expression of this gene in normal tissues was very low. KIAA0122 showed 4.24 fold over-expression in prostate

tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 57% of prostate tumors, it was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. 19142.2 bangur showed 23.25 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors and 100% of normal prostate. It was undetectable in other normal tissues tested. 5566.1 Wang showed 3.31 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% normal prostate and was also over-expressed in normal bone marrow, pancreas, and activated PBMC. Novel clone 23379 showed 4.86 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in 97% of prostate tumors and 75% normal prostate and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. Novel clone 23399 showed 4.09 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 27% of prostate tumors and was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Novel clone 23320 showed 3.15 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in all prostate tumors and 50% of normal prostate tissues. It was also expressed in normal colon and trachea. Other normal tissues do not express this gene at high level.

EXAMPLE 14

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY ELECTRONIC SUBTRACTION

This Example describes the use of an electronic subtraction technique to identify prostate tumor antigens.

Potential prostate-specific genes present in the GenBank human EST database were identified by electronic subtraction (similar to that described by Vasmatizis et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998). The sequences of EST clones (43,482) derived from various prostate libraries were obtained from the GenBank public human EST database. Each prostate EST sequence was used as a query sequence in a BLASTN (National Center for Biotechnology Information) search against the human EST database. All matches considered identical (length of matching sequence >100 base pairs, density of identical matches over this region > 70%) were grouped (aligned) together in a cluster. Clusters containing more than 200 ESTs were discarded since they probably represented repetitive elements or highly expressed genes such as those for ribosomal proteins. If two or more clusters shared common ESTs, those clusters were grouped together into a "supercluster," resulting in 4,345 prostate superclusters.

Records for the 479 human cDNA libraries represented in the GenBank release were downloaded to create a database of these cDNA library records. These 479 cDNA libraries were grouped into three groups, Plus (normal prostate and prostate tumor libraries, and breast cell lines, in which expression was desired), Minus (libraries from other normal adult tissues, in which expression was not desirable), and Other (fetal tissue, infant tissue, tissues found only in women, non-prostate tumors and cell lines other than prostate cell lines, in which expression was considered to be irrelevant). A summary of these library groups is presented in Table II.

Table II
Prostate cDNA Libraries and ESTs

Library	# of Libraries	# of ESTs
Plus	25	43,482
Normal	11	18,875
Tumor	11	21,769
Cell lines	3	2,838
Minus	166	
Other	287	

Each supercluster was analyzed in terms of the ESTs within the supercluster. The tissue source of each EST clone was noted and used to classify the superclusters into four groups: Type 1- EST clones found in the Plus group libraries only; no expression detected in Minus or Other group libraries; Type 2- EST clones found in the Plus and Other group libraries only; no expression detected in the Minus group; Type 3- EST clones found in the Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than in either the Minus or Other groups; and Type 4- EST clones found in Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than the expression in the Minus group. This analysis identified 4,345 breast clusters (*see* Table III). From these clusters, 3,172 EST clones were ordered from Research Genetics, Inc., and were received as frozen glycerol stocks in 96-well plates.

Table III
Prostate Cluster Summary

Type	# of Superclusters	# of ESTs Ordered
1	688	677
2	2899	2484
3	85	11
4	673	0
Total	4345	3172

The inserts were PCR-amplified using amino-linked PCR primers for Synteni microarray analysis. When more than one PCR product was obtained for a particular clone, that PCR product was not used for expression analysis. In total, 2,528 clones from the electronic subtraction method were analyzed by microarray analysis to identify electronic subtraction breast clones that had high tumor vs. normal tissue mRNA. Such screens were performed using a Synteni (Palo Alto, CA) microarray, according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Within these analyses, the clones were arrayed on the chip, which was then probed with fluorescent probes generated from normal and tumor prostate cDNA, as well as various other normal tissues. The slides were scanned and the fluorescence intensity was measured.

Clones with an expression ratio greater than 3 (*i.e.*, the level in prostate tumor cDNA was at least three times the level in normal prostate cDNA) were identified as prostate tumor-specific sequences (Table IV). The sequences of these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOs:401-453, with certain novel sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:407, 413, 416-419, 422, 426, 427 and 450.

Table IV
Prostate-tumor Specific Clones

SEQ ID NO.	Sequence Designation	Comments
401	22545	previously identified P1000C
402	22547	previously identified P704P

403	22548	known
404	22550	known
405	22551	PSA
406	22552	prostate secretory protein 94
407	22553	novel
408	22558	previously identified P509S
409	22562	glandular kallikrein
410	22565	previously identified P1000C
411	22567	PAP
412	22568	B1006C (breast tumor antigen)
413	22570	novel
414	22571	PSA
415	22572	previously identified P706P
416	22573	novel
417	22574	novel
418	22575	novel
419	22580	novel
420	22581	PAP
421	22582	prostatic secretory protein 94
422	22583	novel
423	22584	prostatic secretory protein 94
424	22585	prostatic secretory protein 94
425	22586	known
426	22587	novel
427	22588	novel
428	22589	PAP
429	22590	known
430	22591	PSA
431	22592	known
432	22593	Previously identified P777P
433	22594	T cell receptor gamma chain
434	22595	Previously identified P705P
435	22596	Previously identified P707P
436	22847	PAP
437	22848	known
438	22849	prostatic secretory protein 57

439	22851	PAP
440	22852	PAP
441	22853	PAP
442	22854	previously identified P509S
443	22855	previously identified P705P
444	22856	previously identified P774P
445	22857	PSA
446	23601	previously identified P777P
447	23602	PSA
448	23605	PSA
449	23606	PSA
450	23612	novel
451	23614	PSA
452	23618	previously identified P1000C
453	23622	previously identified P705P

EXAMPLE 15

FURTHER IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of additional prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 142 clones were identified and sequenced. Certain of these clones are shown in SEQ ID NOs:454-467. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:459-461 correspond to novel genes. The others (SEQ ID NOs:454-458 and 461-467) correspond to known sequences.

EXAMPLE 16

FURTHER CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN P710P

This Example describes the full length cloning of P710P.

The prostate cDNA library described above was screened with the P710P fragment described above. One million colonies were plated on LB/Ampicillin plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs picked up by these filters were then denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P710P fragment was radiolabeled and used to hybridize with the filters. Positive cDNA clones were selected and their cDNAs recovered and sequenced by an automatic ABI Sequencer. Four sequences were obtained, and are presented in SEQ ID NOs:468-471.

From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited except as by the appended claims.

CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472;
- (b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and
- (c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b).

2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 108, 112, 113, 114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 339 and 383.

4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434,

435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

5. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

6. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

7. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence that hybridizes, under moderately stringent conditions, to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

8. An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

9. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

10. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.

11. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according claim 8.

12. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 11.

13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

14. A vaccine comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

15. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

16. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

18. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

19. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

20. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

21. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein that comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

22. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 18, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

24. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.

25. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

26. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

27. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

28. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

29. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

30. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polynucleotide according to claim 4, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

31. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof according to claim 21, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

32. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

33. A method according to claim 32, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

34. A method according to any one of claims 29-32, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.

35. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.

36. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.

37. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.

38. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.

39. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim 35.

40. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a fusion protein according to claim 32, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

41. A vaccine comprising a fusion protein according to claim 35, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

42. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

43. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

44. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

45. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

46. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

47. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

48. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 40 or claim 44.

49. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 41 or claim 45.

50. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;
wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the prostate tumor protein from the sample.

51. A method according to claim 50, wherein the biological sample is blood or a fraction thereof.

52. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the method of claim 50.

53. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence provided in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and/or
 - (iv) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);
- under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

54. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 53.

55. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 54.

56. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

- (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
 - (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate; and

- (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

57. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
- (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
- (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate;

- (b) cloning at least one proliferated cell; and
- (c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

58. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and

(c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

59. A method according to claim 58, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

60. A method according to claim 59, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

61. A method according to claim 58, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.
62. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
 - (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;
 - (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and
 - (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.
63. A method according to claim 62, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.
64. A method according to claim 63, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
65. A method according to claim 62, wherein the cancer is a prostate cancer.
66. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
 - (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and

(c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

67. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

68. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

69. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

70. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

71. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

72. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

(a) one or more antibodies according to claim 21; and

(b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.

73. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.

74. A kit according to claim 73, wherein the solid support comprises nitrocellulose, latex or a plastic material.

75. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.

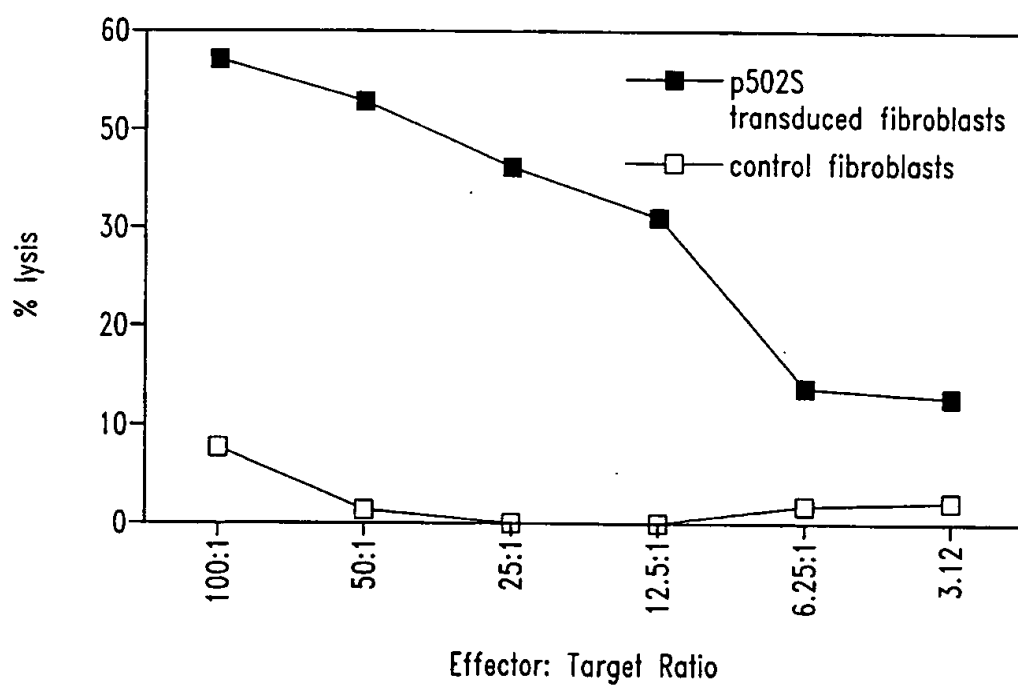
76. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the reporter group is selected from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.

77. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 nucleotides that hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides.

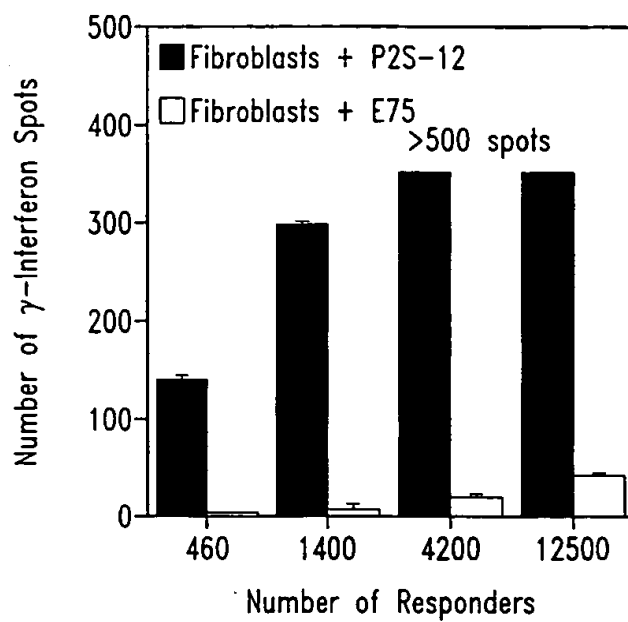
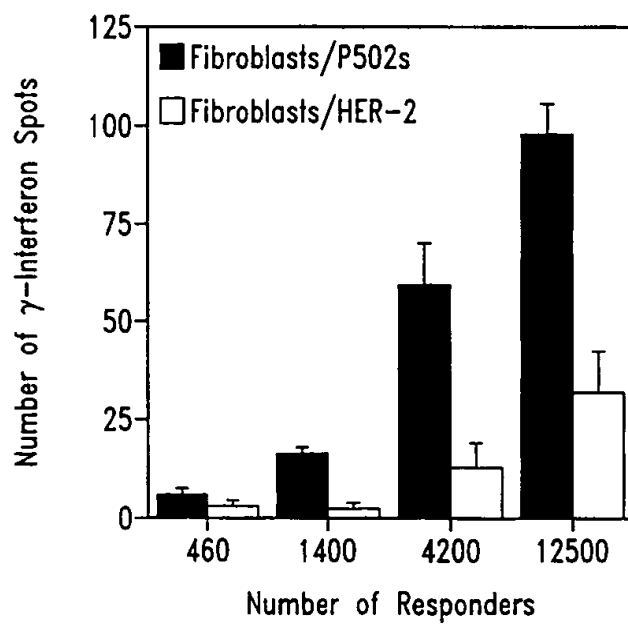
78. A oligonucleotide according to claim 77, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises 10-40 nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

79. A diagnostic kit, comprising:
(a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 77; and
(b) a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or hybridization assay.

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*Fig. 1*

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*Fig. 2A**Fig. 2B*

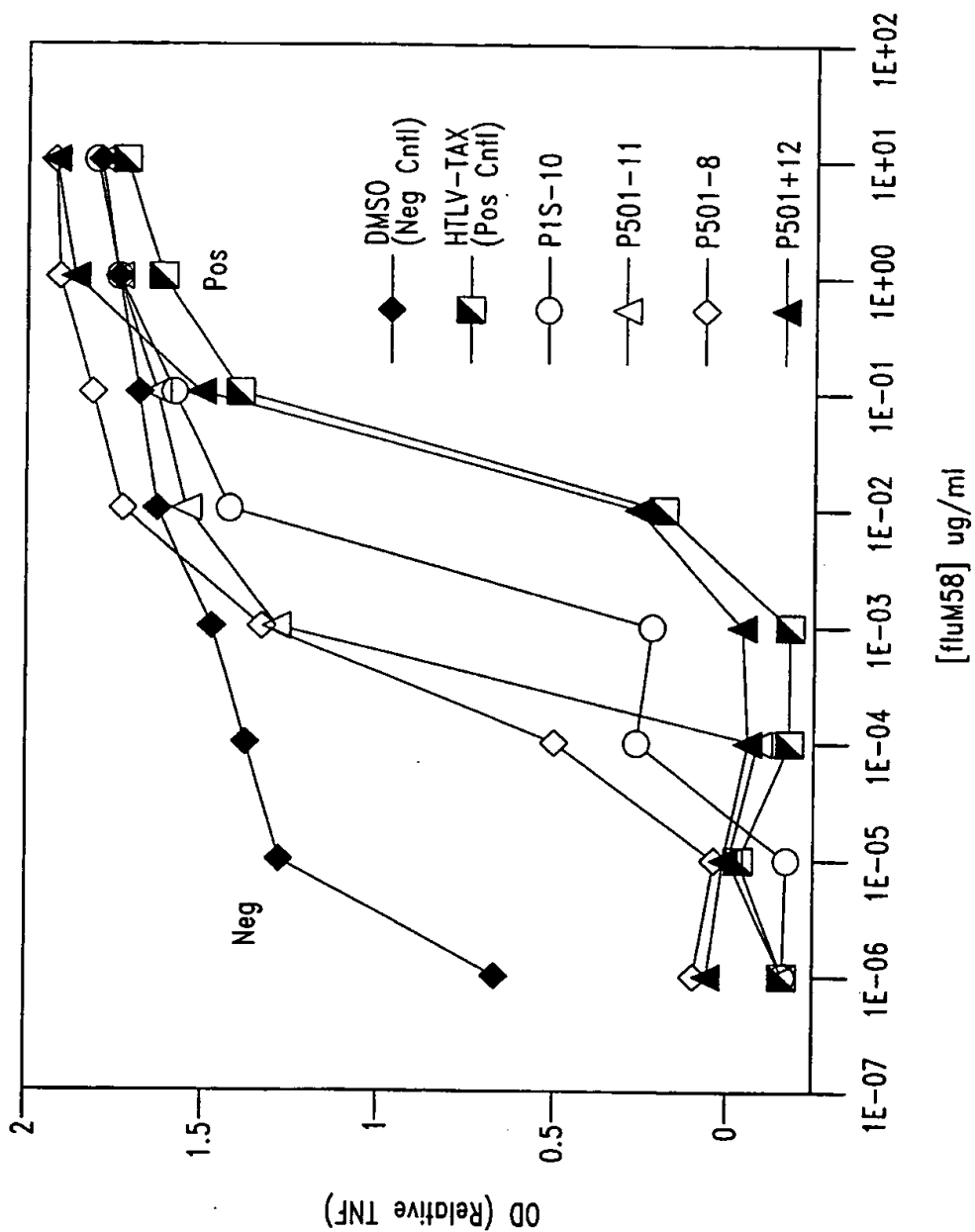
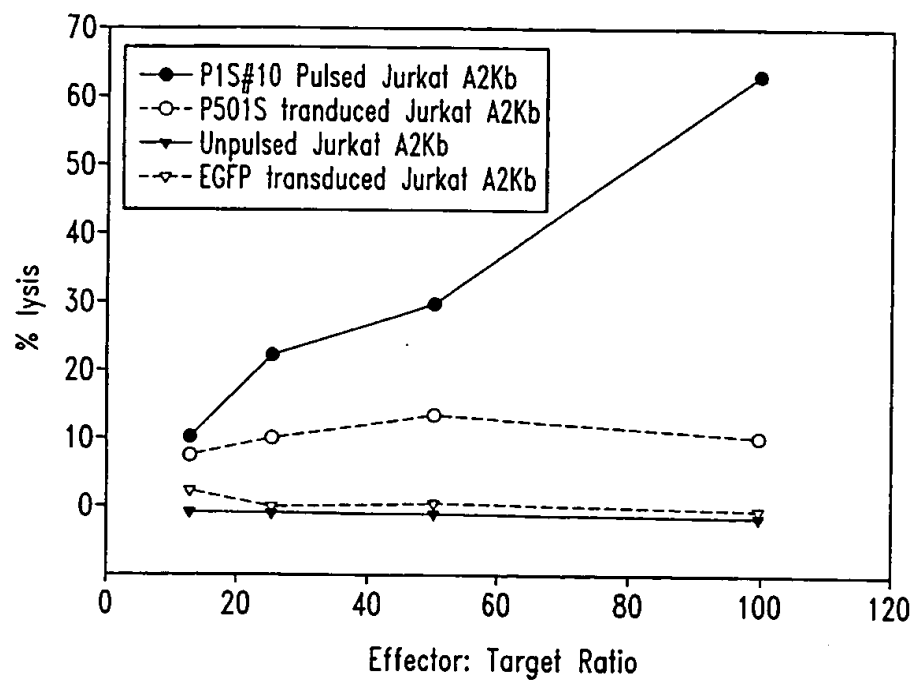
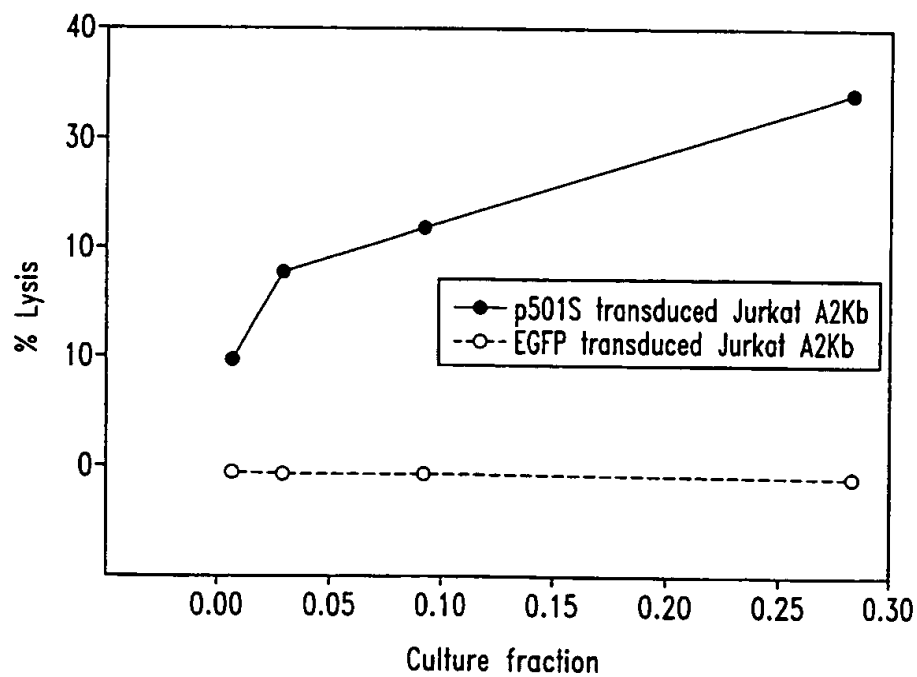
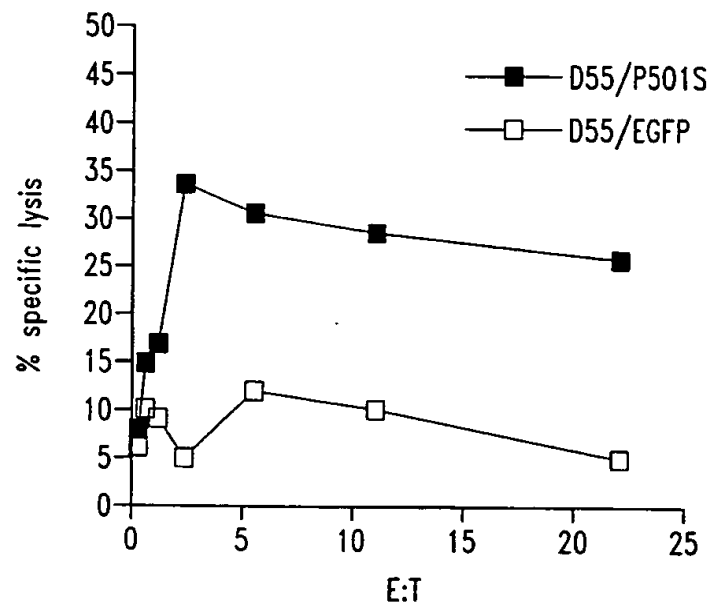
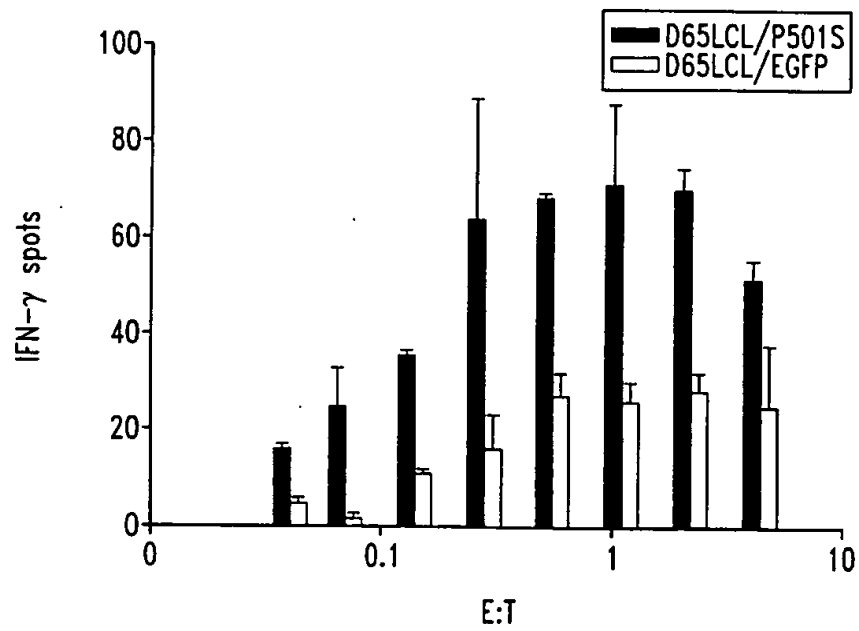


Fig. 3

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*Fig. 4**Fig. 5*

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*Fig. 6**Fig. 7*

SEQUENCE LISTING

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tcctcaaaag tcagaaccgg agtcacacag gcatctgtgc cgtcaaagat ttgacaccac      180
tctgccttcg tcttctttgc aaatacatct gcaaacttct tcttcatttc tggccaatca      240
tccatgctca tctgattggg aagttcatca gactttagtc canntccttt gatcagcagc      300
tcgtagaact ggggttctat tgctccaaca gccatgaatt ccccatctgc tgtcctgtaa      360
gtcgtataga aaggtgctcc accatccaac atgttctgtc ctcgaggggg ggcccggtag      420
ccaattcgcc ctatantgag tcgtattacg cgcgctcact ggccgctcgt ttacaacgct      480
gtgactggga aaaccctggg cgttaccaac ttaatcgctc tgcagcacat ccccttttcg      540
ccagctgggc gtaatancca aaaggccgc accgatcgcc cttccaacag ttgcgcacct      600
gaatgggnaa atgggacccc cctgttaccc cgcattnaac ccccgcnagg tttngttgtt      660
acccccacnt nnaccgctta cactttgcca gcgccttanc gcccgtcccc tttcnccttt      720
cttcccttcc tttcncncnc ctttcccccg ggggttcccc cntcaaacc cna      773

```

```

<210> 4
<211> 828
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(828)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 4
cctcctgagt cctactgacc tgtgctttct ggtgtggagt ccagggctgc taggaaaagg      60
aatgggcaga cacaggtgta tgccaatgtt tctgaaatgg gtataatttc gtcctctcct      120
tcggaacact ggctgtctct gaagacttct cgctcagttt cagtgaggac acacacaaag      180
acgtgggtga catgtttgtt tgtggggtgc agagatggga ggggtggggc ccaccctgga      240
agagtggaca gtgacacaag gtggacactc tctacagatc actgaggata agctggagcc      300
acaatgcatg aggcacacac acagcaagga tgacnctgta aacatagccc acgctgtcct      360

```

```

gngggcactg ggaagcctan atnaggccgt gagcanaaag aaggggagga tccactagtt      420
ctanagcggc cgccaccgcg gtgganctcc ancttttgtt cccttttagtg aggggttaatt      480
gcgcgcttgg cntaatcatg gtcatanctn tttcctgtgt gaaattgtta tccgctcaca      540
attccacaca acatacganc cggaacata aantgtaaac ctgggggtgcc taatgantga      600
ctaactcaca ttaattgcgt tgcgctcact gcccgccttc caatcnggaa acctgtcttg      660
ccncttgcat tnatgaatcn gccaaccccc ggggaaaagc gtttgcgctt tgggcgctct      720
tccgcttcct cncctcantta ntccctncnc tcggtcattc cggctgcngc aaaccgggtc      780
accncctcca aaggggggtat tccggtttcc ccnaatccgg gganancc                      828

```

```

<210> 5
<211> 834
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (834)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 5
tttttttttt tttttactga tagatggaat ttattaagct tttcacatgt gatagcacat      60
agttttaatt gcatccaaag tactaacaaa aactctagca atcaagaatg gcagcatgtt      120
attttataac aatcaacacc tgtggctttt aaaatttggg tttcataaga taattttatac      180
tgaagtaaat ctagccatgc ttttaaaaaa tgcttttaggt cactccaagc ttggcagtta      240
acatttggca taaacaataa taaaacaatc acaatttaat aaataacaaa tacaacattg      300
taggccataa tcatatacag tataaggaaa aggtggtagt gttgagtaag cagttattag      360
aatagaatac cttggcctct atgcaaatat gtctagacac tttgattcac tcagccctga      420
cattcagttt tcaaagtagg agacagggtt tacagtatca ttttacagtt tccaacacat      480
tgaaaacaag tagaaaatga tgagttgatt tttattaatg cattacatcc tcaagagtta      540
tcaccaaccc cttagttata aaaaattttc aagttatatt agtcatataa cttgggtgtgc      600
ttatttttaa ttagtgctaa atggattaag tgaagacaac aatgggtccc taatgtgatt      660
gatattggtc atttttacca gcttctaaat ctnaactttc aggcctttga actggaacat      720
tgnatnacag tgttccanag ttncaaccta ctggaacatt acagtgtgct tgattcaaaa      780
tgttattttg ttaaaaatta aattttaacc tgggtggaaaa ataatttgaa atna                      834

```

```

<210> 6
<211> 818
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (818)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 6
tttttttttt tttttttttt aagaccctca tcaatagatg gagacataca gaaatagtca      60
aaccacatct acaaaatgcc agtatcaggc ggcggttcg aagccaaagt gatgtttgga      120
tgtaaagtga aatattagtt ggcggatgaa gcagatagtg aggaaagttg agccaataat      180
gacgtgaagt ccgtggaagc ctgtggctac aaaaaatgtt gagccgtaga tgccgtcgga      240
aatggtgaag ggagactcga agtactctga ggcttgtagg agggtaaaat agagaccag      300
taaaattgta ataagcagtg cttgaattat ttggtttcgg ttgttttcta ttagactatg      360
gtgagctcag gtgattgata ctctgatgc gagtaatacag gatgtgttta ggagtgggac      420
ttctagggga ttagcgggg tgatgcctgt tgggggccag tgccctccta gttggggggg      480
aggggctagg ctggagtggg aaaaggctca gaaaaatcct gcgaagaaaa aaacttctga      540

```

```

ggtaataaat aggattatcc cgtatcgaag gccttttttg acaggtggtg tgtggtggcc 600
ttggtatgtg ctttctcgtg ttacatcgcg ccatcattgg tatatgggta gtgtgttggg 660
ttantanggc ctantatgaa gaacttttgg antggaatta aatcaatngc ttggccggaa 720
gtcattanga nggctnaaaa ggccctgtta ngggtctggg ctnggtttta cccnaccat 780
ggaatncncc ccccggaacna ntgnatccct attcttaa 818

```

<210> 7

<211> 817

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(817)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 7

```

tttttttttt tttttttttt tggctctaga gggggtagag ggggtgctat agggtaaata 60
cgggccctat ttcaaagatt tttaggggaa ttaattctag gacgatgggt atgaaactgt 120
ggtttgctcc acagatttca gagcattgac cgtagtatac ccccggtcgt gtagcgggta 180
aagtggtttg gtttagacgt ccgggaattg catctgtttt taagccta atgtggggacag 240
ctcatgagtg caagacgtct tgtgatgtaa ttattatacn aatgggggct tcaatcggga 300
gtactactcg attgtcaacg tcaaggagtc gcaggtcgcc tggttctagg aataatgggg 360
gaagtatgta ggaattgaag attaatccgc cgtagtcggt gttctcctag gttcaatacc 420
attggtggcc aattgatttg atggtaaggg gagggatcgt tgaactcgtc tgttatgtaa 480
aggatncctt ngggatggga aggcnatnaa ggactangga tnaatggcgg gcangatatt 540
tcaaacngtc tctanttcct gaaacgtctg aaatgttaat aanaattaan ttngttatt 600
gaatnttngg gaaaagggct tacaggacta gaaaccaa atngaaaanta atnntaangg 660
cnttatcntn aaaggtnata accnctccta tnatccacc caatngnatt cccacnncnn 720
acnattggat nccccanttc canaaanggc cccccccgg tgnannccnc cttttgttcc 780
cttnantgan ggttattcnc cctngcntt atcance 817

```

<210> 8

<211> 799

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(799)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 8

```

catttccggg tttactttct aaggaaagcc gagcggaagc tgctaactgt ggaatcggtg 60
cataaggaga actttctgct ggcacgcgct agggacaagc gggagagcga ctccgagcgt 120
ctgaagcgca cgtcccagaa ggtggacttg gcaactgaaac agctgggaca catccgcgag 180
tacgaacagc gcctgaaagt gctggagcgg gaggtccagc agtgtagccg cgtcctgggg 240
tgggtggccg angcctganc cgctctgcct tgcctgcccc angtgggccc ccacccctg 300
acctgcctgg gtccaaacac tgagccctgc tggcggactt caagganaac cccacangg 360
ggattttgct cctanantaa ggctcatctg ggccctcgcc cccccacctg gttggccttg 420
tctttgangt gagccccatg tccatctggg ccaactgtcng gaccaccttt ngggagtgtt 480
ctccttacia ccacannatg cccggctcct cccggaaacc antccancc tnggaaggat 540
caagnccctn atccactnnt nctanaaccg gcncncnccg cngtggaaac cnccttntgt 600
tccttttcnt tnagggttaa tnnccgcttg gccttncan ngctcctncnc nttttccnnt 660
gttnaaattg ttangcnccc nccnntcccn cnnncnnan cccgaccnnc annttnnann 720

```

ncctgggggt nccnnngat tgaccenncc nccctntant tgcnttnggg nncnntgccc 780
ctttccctct nggganncg 799

<210> 9

<211> 801

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(801)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 9

acgccttgat	cctcccaggc	tgggactggt	tctgggagga	gccgggcatg	ctgtgggttg	60
taangatgac	actcccaaag	gtggtcctga	cagtggccca	gatggacatg	gggctcacct	120
caaggacaag	gccaccaggt	gcggggggccg	aagcccatat	gacccctact	ctatgagcaa	180
aatccccctgt	gggggcttct	ccttgaagtc	cgccancagg	gctcagtctt	tggaccang	240
caggatcatgg	ggttgtngnc	caactggggg	ccncaacgca	aaanggcnca	gggcctcngn	300
cacccatccc	angacgcggc	tacactnctg	gacctccnc	tcaccactt	tcatgcgctg	360
ttentacccg	cgnatntgtc	ccanctgttt	cngtgccnac	tcanccttct	nggacgtgeg	420
ctacatacgc	ccggantcnc	ntcccgtct	tgccctatc	cacgtncan	caacaaattt	480
cncctantg	caccnattcc	cacntttnc	agntttcnc	nncngcttc	cttntaaaag	540
ggttganccc	cggaaaatnc	cccaaagggg	ggggggcngg	tacccaactn	ccccctnata	600
gctgaantcc	ccatnaccnn	gnctcnatgg	anccntccnt	tttaannacn	ttctnaactt	660
gggaananc	ctcgncntn	ccccnttaa	tccnccttg	cnangnnent	cccccnntcc	720
ncccnntng	gcntntnann	cnaaaaaggc	ccnnnancaa	tctcctnnen	cctcanttcg	780
ccanccctcg	aatcggccn	c				801

<210> 10

<211> 789

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(789)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 10

cagtctatnt	ggccagtgtg	gcagctttcc	ctgtggctgc	cggtgccaca	tgctgtccc	60
acagtgtggc	cgtggtgaca	gcttcagccg	ccctcaccgg	gttcaccttc	tcagccctgc	120
agatectgcc	ctacacactg	gcctccctct	accaccggga	gaagcagggtg	ttcctgccca	180
aataccgagg	ggacactgga	ggtgctagca	gtgaggacag	cctgatgacc	agcttcctgc	240
caggccctaa	gcctggagct	ccctcccta	atggacacgt	gggtgctgga	ggcagtggcc	300
tgctccacc	tcaccccg	ctctggggg	cctctgctg	tgatgtctcc	gtacgtgtgg	360
tggtgggtga	gcccaccgan	gccagggtgg	ttccgggccc	gggcatctgc	ctggacctcg	420
ccatcctgga	tagtgcttcc	tgctgtccca	ngtgccccca	tccctgttta	tgggtcccat	480
tgctccagctc	agccagtctg	tactgccta	tatggtgtct	gccgcaggcc	tgggtctggt	540
cccatttact	ttgtacaca	ggtantattt	gacaagaacg	anttgcccaa	atactcagcg	600
ttaaaaaatt	ccagcaacat	tgggggtgga	aggcctgcct	cactgggtcc	aactccccgc	660
tcctgttaac	cccatggggc	tgccggcttg	gccgccaat	tctgtgtctg	ccaaantnat	720
gtggctctct	gctgccacct	ggtgctggct	gaagtgcnta	cngcncanct	nggggggtng	780
gngttccc						789

<210> 11
 <211> 772
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (772)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 11
 cccaccctac ccaaatatta gacaccaaca cagaaaagct agcaatggat tcccttctac 60
 tttgttaaat aaataagtta aatattttaa tgcctgtgtc tctgtgatgg caacagaagg 120
 accaacaggc cacatcctga taaaaggtaa gaggggggtg gatcagcaaa aagacagtgc 180
 tgtgggctga ggggacctgg ttcttgtgtg ttgccccca ggactcttcc cctacaaata 240
 actttcatat gttcaaattcc catggaggag tgtttcatcc tagaaactcc catgcaagag 300
 ctacattaaa cgaagctgca ggtaagggg cttanagatg ggaaaccagg tgactgagtt 360
 tattcagctc ccaaaaaccc ttctctaggt gtgtctcaac taggaggcta gctgttaacc 420
 ctgagcctgg gtaatccacc tgcagagtcc ccgcattcca gtgcatggaa cccttctggc 480
 ctccctgtat aagtccagac tgaaaccccc ttggaaggnc tccagtcagg cagccctana 540
 aactggggaa aaaagaaaag gacgccccan ccccgagctg tgcanctacg cacctcaaca 600
 gcacagggtg gcagcaaaaa aaccacttta ctttggcaca acaaaaaact ngggggggca 660
 accccggcac cccnangggg gttaacagga ancngggnaa cntggaaccc aattnaggca 720
 ggcccnccac ccnaatntt gctgggaaat ttttctccc ctaaattntt tc 772

<210> 12
 <211> 751
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (751)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 12
 gccccaatc cagctgccac accaccacag gtgactgcat tagttcggat gtcatacaaa 60
 agctgattga agcaaccctc tactttttgg tcgtgagcct ttgtcttggg gcaggtttca 120
 ttggctgtgt tgggtgacgtt gtcattgcaa cagaatgggg gaaaggcact gttctctttg 180
 aagtanggtg agtcctcaaa atccgtatag ttggtgaagc cacagcactt gagccctttc 240
 atggtggtgt tccacacttg agtgaagtct tcctgggaac cataatcttt cttgatggca 300
 ggcactacca gcaacgtcag ggaagtgtc agccattgtg gtgtacacca aggcgaccac 360
 agcagctgcn acctcagcaa tgaagatgan gaggangatg aagaagaacg tcncgagggc 420
 acacttgctc tcagtcttan caccatanca gccntgaaa accaananca aagaccacna 480
 cncggctgc gatgaagaaa tnaccccneg ttgacaaact tgcattggcag tggganccac 540
 agtggccnna aaaatcttca aaaaggatgc ccatcnatt gaccccccaa atgcccactg 600
 ccaacagggg ctgccccacn cncnnaacga tganccnatt gnacaagatc tncntggtct 660
 tnatnaacnt gaaccctgcn tngtggtccc tggtcaggnc cnnngcctga cttctnaann 720
 aangaactcn gaagncccca cngganannc g 751

<210> 13
 <211> 729
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(729)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 13

gagccaggcg	tccctctgcc	tgcccactca	gtggcaacac	ccgggagctg	ttttgtcctt	60
tgtggancct	cagcagtncc	ctctttcaga	actcantgcc	aagancctg	aacaggagcc	120
accatgcagt	gcttcagctt	cattaagacc	atgatgatcc	tcttcaattt	gctcatcttt	180
ctgtgtggtg	cagccctgtt	ggcagtgggc	atctgggtgt	caatcgatgg	ggcatccttt	240
ctgaagatct	tggggccact	gtcgtccagt	gccatgcagt	ttgtcaacgt	gggctacttc	300
ctcatcgag	ccggcggtgt	ggtcttagct	ctagggttcc	tgggctgcta	tgggtgctaag	360
actgagagca	agtgtgccct	cgtgacgttc	ttcttcatcc	tcctcctcat	cttcattgct	420
gaggttgcaa	tgtgtgtgtc	gccttggtgt	acaccacaat	ggctgagcac	ttcctgacgt	480
tgtgtgtaat	gcctgccatc	aanaaaagat	tatgggttcc	caggaanact	tcactcaagt	540
gttggaacac	caccatgaaa	gggtcgaagt	gctgtggctt	cnnccaacta	tacggatttt	600
gaagantcac	ctacttcaaa	gaaaaanagt	cctttccccc	atttctgttg	caattgacaa	660
acgtccccaa	cacagccaat	tgaaaacctg	cacccaaccc	aaanggggtcc	ccaaccanaa	720
attnaaggg						729

<210> 14

<211> 816

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(816)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 14

tgtcttctct	caaagttgtt	cttgttgcca	taacaaccac	cataggtaaa	gcgggcgcag	60
tgttcgctga	aggggttgta	gtaccagcgc	gggatgctct	ccttgcagag	tcctgtgtct	120
ggcaggtcca	cgcagtgcc	tttgtcactg	gggaaatgga	tgcgctggag	ctcgtcaaag	180
ccactcgtgt	atttttcaca	ggcagcctcg	tccgacgcgt	cggggcagtt	gggggtgtct	240
tcacactcca	ggaaactgtc	natgcagcag	ccattgctgc	agcgggaactg	ggtgggctga	300
cangtgccag	agcacactgg	atggcgcctt	tccatgnnan	gggccctgng	ggaaagtccc	360
tgancctcan	anctgcctct	caaangcccc	accttgcaca	ccccgcagag	ctagaatgga	420
atcttcttcc	cgaaaggtag	ttnttcttgt	tgcccaancc	anccccntaa	acaaactctt	480
gcanatctgc	tccngggggg	tcntantacc	ancgtgggaa	aagaacccca	ggcngcgaa	540
caancttgtt	tggatncaaa	gcnataatct	nctnttctgc	ttggtggaca	gcaccantna	600
ctgtnnanct	ttagnccntg	gtcctcntgg	gttgnncttg	aacctaatcn	ccnntcaact	660
gggacaagggt	aantngccnt	cctttnaatt	cccnancntn	ccccctgggt	tgggggttttn	720
cncnctccta	ccccagaaan	nccgtgttcc	cccccaacta	ggggccnaaa	ccnnttnttc	780
cacaaccctn	ccccaccac	gggttcngnt	ggttng			816

<210> 15

<211> 783

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(783)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 15

ccaaggcctg	ggcaggcata	nacttgaagg	tacaacccca	ggaacccctg	gtgctgaagg	60
atgtggaaaa	cacagattgg	cgctactgc	ggggtgacac	ggatgtcagg	gtagagagga	120
aagacccaaa	ccaggtggaa	ctgtggggac	tcaaggaang	cacctacctg	ttccagctga	180
cagtgactag	ctcagaccac	ccagaggaca	cggccaacgt	cacagtcaact	gtgctgtcca	240
ccaagcagac	agaagactac	tgcctcgcat	ccaacaangt	gggtcgctgc	cggggctctt	300
tcccacgctg	gtactatgac	cccacggagc	agatctgcaa	gagtttcgtt	tatggaggct	360
gcttgggcaa	caagaacaac	taccttcggg	aagaagagtg	cattctance	tgtcnggggtg	420
tgcaagggtg	gcctttgana	ngcanctctg	gggtcangc	gactttcccc	cagggccctt	480
ccatggaaa	gcgccatcca	ntgttctctg	gcacctgtca	gccaccccag	ttccgctgca	540
ncaatggctg	ctgcatcnac	antttcctng	aattgtgaca	acacccccca	ntgcccccaa	600
ccctcccaac	aaagcttccc	tgttnaaaaa	tacnccantt	ggcttttnac	aaacncccg	660
cncctcentt	ttccccnntn	aacaaagggc	nctngcnttt	gaactgccc	aaacnnggaa	720
tctnccnngg	aaaaantncc	ccccctggtt	cctnnaancc	cctccncaaa	anctncccc	780
ccc						783

<210> 16

<211> 801

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(801)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 16

gccccaatc	cagctgccac	accacccacg	gtgactgcat	tagttcggat	gtcatacaaa	60
agctgattga	agcaaccctc	tacttttttg	tcgtgagcct	tttgcttgg	gcaggtttca	120
ttggctgtgt	tggtgacgtt	gtcattgcaa	cagaatgggg	gaaaggcact	gttctctttg	180
aagtagggtg	agtcctcaaa	atccgtatag	ttggtgaagc	cacagcactt	gagccctttc	240
atggtggtgt	tccacacttg	agtgaagtct	tcctgggaac	cataatcttt	cttgatggca	300
ggcactacca	gcaacgtcag	gaagtgtcga	gccattgtgg	tgtaacacaa	ggcgaccaca	360
gcagctgcaa	cctcagcaat	gaagatgagg	aggaggatga	agaagaacgt	cncgagggca	420
cacttgctct	ccgtcttagc	accatagcag	cccangaaac	caagagcaaa	gaccacaacg	480
ccngctgcga	atgaaagaaa	ntaccacagt	tgacaaactg	catggccact	ggacgacagt	540
tggcccgaa	atcttcagaa	aagggatgcc	ccatcgattg	aacacccana	tgcccactgc	600
cnacagggct	gcncncncn	gaaagaatga	gccattgaag	aaggatcntc	ntggctctaa	660
tgaactgaaa	ccntgcatgg	tggccctgt	tcagggtctt	tggcagtga	ttctganaaa	720
aaggaacngc	ntnagcccc	ccaaangana	aaacaccccc	gggtgttgcc	ctgaattggc	780
ggccaaggan	ccctgccccn	g				801

<210> 17

<211> 740

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(740)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 17

gtgagagcca	ggcgccctc	tgctgcccc	ctcagtggca	acacccggga	gctgttttgt	60
------------	-----------	-----------	------------	------------	------------	----

cctttgtgga	gcctcagcag	ttccctcttt	cagaactcac	tgccaagagc	cctgaacagg	120
agccaccatg	cagtgttca	gcttcattaa	gaccatgatg	atcctcttca	atttgctcat	180
ctttctgtgt	ggtgcagccc	tgttggcagt	gggcatctgg	gtgtcaatcg	atggggcatc	240
ctttctgaag	atcttcgggc	cactgtcgtc	cagtgccatg	cagtttgtca	acgtgggcta	300
cttcctcatc	gcagccggcg	ttgtggtctt	tgctcttggg	ttcctgggct	gctatggtgc	360
taagacggag	agcaagtgtg	ccctcgtgac	gttcttcttc	atcctcctcc	tcattcttcat	420
tgctgaagt	gcagctgctg	tggtcgctt	ggtgtacacc	acaatggctg	aaccattcct	480
gacgttgctg	gtantgcctg	ccatcaanaa	agattatggg	ttcccaggaa	aaattcactc	540
aantntggaa	caccnccatg	aaaagggtc	caatttctgn	tggcttcccc	aactataccg	600
gaattttgaa	agantcnccc	tacttccaaa	aaaaaanant	tgccttttnc	ccntttctgt	660
tgcaatgaaa	acntcccaan	acngccaatn	aaaacctgcc	cnnncaaaaa	ggntcncaaa	720
caaaaaaant	nnaagggttn					740

<210> 18

<211> 802

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(802)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 18

ccgctgggtg	cgctgggtcca	gngnagccac	gaagcacgtc	agcatcacaca	gcctcaatca	60
caaggtcttc	cagctgccgc	acattacgca	gggcaagagc	ctccagcaac	actgcatatg	120
ggatacactt	tacttttagca	gccagggtga	caactgagag	gtgtcgaagc	ttattcttct	180
gagcctctgt	tagtggagga	agattccggg	cttcagctaa	gtagtcagcg	tatgtcccat	240
aagcaaacac	tgtgagcagc	cgggaaggtag	aggcaaaagtc	actctcagcc	agctctctaa	300
cattgggcat	gtccagcagt	tctccaaaca	cgtagacacc	agnggcctcc	agcacctgat	360
ggatgagtgt	ggccagcgct	gcccccttgg	ccgacttggc	taggagcaga	aattgctcct	420
ggttctgccc	tgtcaccttc	acttccgcac	tcactactgc	actgagtgtg	ggggacttgg	480
gctcaggatg	tccagagacg	tggttccgcc	ccctcnctta	atgacaccgn	ccanncaacc	540
gtcggctccc	gccgantgng	ttcgtcgtnc	ctgggtcagg	gtctgctggc	cnctacttgc	600
aancttcgtc	nggcccattg	aattcaccnc	accggaactn	gtangatcca	ctnnttctat	660
aaccggncgc	caccgcnnnt	ggaactccac	tcttnttnc	tttacttgag	ggtaagggtc	720
acccttnncc	ttaccttggt	ccaaacctn	centgtgtcg	anatngtnaa	tcnggnccna	780
tnccanccnc	atangaagcc	ng				802

<210> 19

<211> 731

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(731)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 19

cnaagcttcc	aggtnacggg	ccgcnaancc	tgacccnagg	tancanaang	cagnncngcgg	60
gagcccaccg	tcacngggng	gngtctttat	nggagggggc	ggagccacat	cnctggacnt	120
cntgacccca	actcccnc	ncncantgca	gtgatgagtg	cagaactgaa	ggtnacgtgg	180
caggaaccaa	gancaaannc	tgctccnntc	caagtcggcn	nagggggcgg	ggctggccac	240
gcncatccnt	cnagtgtgn	aaagccccnn	cctgtctact	tgtttgaga	acngcnnnga	300

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catgcccagn gttanataac nggcngagag tnannttgcc tctcccttcc ggctgcgcan 360
cgngtntgct tagnggacat aacctgacta cttaactgaa cccnngaate tncnccccct 420
ccactaagct cagaacaaaa aacttcgaca ccactcantt gtcacctgnc tgctcaagta 480
aagtgtaccc catncccaat gtntgctnga ngctctgncc tgcnttangt tcggctcctgg 540
gaagacctat caattnaagc tatgtttctg actgcctctt gctccctgna acaancnacc 600
cnnnntcca aggggggggnc ggcccccaat ccccccaacc ntnaattnan tttanccccn 660
ccccnggcc cggcctttta cnantctcnn nnacngggna aaaccnnngc tttncccaac 720
nnaatccncc t 731

```

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<210> 20
<211> 754
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(754)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 20
tttttttttt tttttttttt taaaaacccc ctccattnaa tgnaaacttc cgaaattgtc 60
caacccccctc ntccaaatnn ccttttccgg gnggggggttc caaacccaan ttannnttgg 120
annttaaatt aaatnttntt tggnggnnna anccnaatgt nangaaagtt naaccanta 180
tnanttnaa tncctggaac ccngtngntt ccaaaaatnt ttaacctta antccctccg 240
aaatngttna nggaaaaccc aantttctnt aagggtgttt gaaggntnaa tnaaaanccc 300
nnccaattgt ttttngccac gcctgaatta attggnttcc gntgttttcc nttaaaanaa 360
ggnnancccc gggtantnaa tccccccnnc cccaattata ccganttttt ttngaattgg 420
gancccnccg gaattaacgg ggnnnntccc tnttgggggg cnggnncccc cccntcggg 480
ggtnngggnc aggncnnaat tgtttaaggg tccgaaaaat ccctccnaga aaaaaanctc 540
ccagngtgag nntnggggtt ncccccccc canggccct ctcgnanagt tggggtttgg 600
ggggcctggg atttntttc cctnttntcc tcccccccc ccnggganag aggttngngt 660
ttgntcnnc ggccccnccn aaganccttn ccganttnan ttaaaccnt gcctnggcga 720
agtccttgn agggntaaan ggccccctnn cggg 754

```

```

<210> 21
<211> 755
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(755)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

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<400> 21
atcancccat gaccccnac nngggaccnc tcanccggnc nnncnaccnc cggccnatca 60
nngtnagnnc actncnnttn natcacnccc cncnactac gcccnananc cnacgcncta 120
nncanatncc actganngcg cgangtngan ngagaaanct nataccanag ncaccanacn 180
ccagctgtcc nanaangcct nnnatacnng nnnatccaat ntgnancctc cnaagtattn 240
nncnncanat gattttcctn anccgattac cctncccc tancccttcc cccccaacna 300
cgaaggcnct ggncnnaagg nngcgnccnc ccgctagntc cccncaagt cncnnccta 360
aactcanccn nattacncgc ttcttgagta tcaactcccc aatctcacc tactcaactc 420
aaaaanaten gatacaaaat aatncaagcc tgnttatnac actntgactg ggtctctatt 480
ttagnggtcc ntnaancntc ctaatacttc cagtctncct tcnccaattt ccnaangget 540
ctttcngaca gcatnttttg gttcccnntt ggggtcttan ngaattgccc ttctntgaac 600

```

gggctctctt	tttcttctcg	ttancctggn	ttcnnccggc	cagttattat	ttcccntttt	660
aaattctntc	cntttanttt	tggcnttcna	aacccccggc	cttgaaaacg	gccccctggt	720
aaaaggttgc	tttganaaaa	tttttgtttt	gttcc			755

<210> 22

<211> 849

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(849)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 22

tttttttttt	tttttangtg	tngtcgtgca	ggtagaggct	tactacaant	gtgaanacgt	60
acgctnggan	taangcgacc	cgantttctag	ganncnccct	aaaatcanac	tgtgaagatn	120
atcctgnnna	cggaanggtc	accggnggat	nntgctaggg	tgncnctcc	cannncnttn	180
cataactcng	nggccctgcc	caccaccttc	ggcgggccng	ngnccggggc	cgggtcattn	240
gnnttaaccn	cactnngcna	ncgggttccn	nccccnncng	accnnggcga	tccgggggtnc	300
tctgtcttcc	cctgnagncn	anaaantggg	ccnccggccc	ctttacccct	nnacaagcca	360
cngccntcta	ncnccngccc	ccccctccant	nnngggggact	gccnanngct	ccgttntctng	420
nnaccccnnn	gggtncctcg	gttgtcgant	cnaccgnang	ccanggatcc	cnaaggaagg	480
tgcgttnttg	gccccctacc	tctgctnccg	nncacccttc	ccgacnanga	nccgctcccg	540
cncnccgngg	cctcncctcg	caacacccgc	ncctctcngt	ncggnnnccc	ccccacccgc	600
ncctcncnc	ngnccgnancn	ctccnccncc	gtctcannca	ccaccccgcc	ccgccaggcc	660
ntcanccaen	ggnggacnng	nagcncnttc	gcnccgcgcn	gcgncnccct	cgccncngaa	720
ctnctcngg	ccantnncgc	tcaanccnna	cnaaacgcgc	ctgcgcggcc	cgnagcgnc	780
ncctcncga	gtcctcccg	cttcnacc	angnttccn	cgaggacacn	nnaccccgcc	840
nncangcgg						849

<210> 23

<211> 872

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(872)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 23

gcgcaaacta	tacttcgctc	gnactcgtgc	gcctcgtctc	tcttttcttc	cgcaaccatg	60
tctgacnanc	ccgattnggc	ngatatchan	aagntcganc	agtccaaact	gantaacaca	120
cacacncnan	aganaaatcc	nctgccttcc	anagtanacn	attgaacnng	agaaccangc	180
nggcgaatcg	taatnaggcg	tgcgcgcgca	atntgtcncc	gtttattntn	ccagctcnc	240
ctnccnacc	tacntcttcn	nagctgtcnn	acccctngtn	cgnaccccc	naggtcgggga	300
tccgggtttn	nntgaccgng	cnccccctcc	ccccctccat	nacganccnc	ccgcaccacc	360
nanngcncgc	nccccgnnct	cttcgcnc	ctgtcctntn	ccccgtngc	ctggcncngn	420
accgcattga	ccctcgcenn	ctnccnngaaa	ncgnanacgt	ccgggttggn	annancgctg	480
tgggnnngcg	tctgcncgc	gttctctccn	ncncttcca	ccatcttct	tacnggggtc	540
ccncgcccnc	tcnnncacnc	cctgggacgc	tntcctntgc	cccccttnac	tccccccctt	600
cgcgtgnc	cgnccccacc	ntcatttnc	nacgntcttc	acaannncct	ggntnncctc	660
cnancngncn	gtcanccnag	ggaagggngg	ggnnccnntg	nttgacgttg	ngngangtc	720
cgaanantcc	tcnccntcan	cncctaccct	cgggcgnnct	ctcngttnc	aacttancaa	780

ntctcccccg ngngcncntc tcagectenc cncccccnct ctctgcantg tntctctgctc 840
tnaccnntac gantnttcgn cncctctctt cc 872

<210> 24

<211> 815

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(815)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 24

gcatgcaagc	ttgagtattc	tatagngtca	cctaaatanc	ttggcntaat	catggtcnta	60
nctgncttcc	tgtgtcaaat	gtatacnaan	tanatatgaa	tctnatntga	caagannnga	120
tcntncatta	gtaacaantg	tnntgtccat	cctgtcngan	canattccca	tnnattncgn	180
cgcattcncn	gcncantatn	taatngggaa	ntcnntnnnn	ncaccnncat	ctatcntncc	240
gcnccttgac	tggagagat	ggatnanttc	tnntntgacc	nacatgttca	tcttggattn	300
aanancccc	cgcngnccac	cggttngnng	cnagccnntc	ccaagacctc	ctgtggagggt	360
aacctgcgtc	aganncatca	aacntgggaa	acccgcnncc	angtnnaagt	ngnnncanan	420
gatcccgctc	aggnttnacc	atcccttcnc	agegccccct	ttngtgcctt	anagnngnagc	480
gtgtccnanc	cncctcaacat	ganacgcgcc	agnccanccg	caattnggca	caatgtcgnc	540
gaacccccct	gggggannta	tncaaanccc	caggattgtc	cncncangaa	atcccnanc	600
ccnccctac	ccncttttg	gacngtgacc	aantcccgga	gtncaggtcc	ggccngnctc	660
ccccaccggt	nncctngggg	gggtgaanct	cngnntcanc	cngncgaggn	ntcgnaagga	720
accggncctn	ggncgaanng	ancnntcnga	agngccnct	cgtataaccc	cccctcncca	780
nccnacngnt	agntcccccc	cngggtncgg	aangg			815

<210> 25

<211> 775

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(775)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 25

ccgagatgtc	tcgctccgtg	gccttagctg	tgctcgcgct	actctctctt	tctggcctgg	60
aggctatcca	gcgtactcca	aagattcagg	tttactcacg	tcattccagca	gagaatggaa	120
agtcaaattt	cctgaattgc	tatgtgtctg	ggtttcaccc	atccgacatt	gaanttgact	180
tactgaagaa	tgganagaga	attgaaaaag	tggagcattc	agacttgtct	ttcagcaagg	240
actggtcttt	ctatctcntg	tactacactg	aattcacccc	cactgaaaaa	gatgagtatg	300
cctgccgtgt	gaaccatgtg	actttgtcac	agcccaagat	agttaagtgg	gatcgagaca	360
tgtaagcagn	cnnatggaa	gtttgaagat	gccgcatttg	gattggatga	attccaaatt	420
ctgcttgctt	gcnttttaat	antgatatgc	ntatacaccc	taccctttat	gnccccaaat	480
tgtaggggtt	acatnantgt	tcnctnggga	catgatcttc	ctttataant	ccnccnttcg	540
aattgcccgt	cncnngttt	ngaattgttc	cnaaaccacg	gttggtctcc	ccaggctncc	600
tcttacggaa	gggcctgggc	cnccttncaa	gggtggggga	accnaaaatt	tcncttntgc	660
cncccncca	cnntcttgng	nnncanttt	ggaacccttc	cnattcccc	tggcctcnna	720
nccttnncta	anaaaacttn	aaancgtngc	naaanntttt	acttcccccc	ttacc	775

<210> 26

<211> 820
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(820)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 26

anattantac	agtgtaatct	tttcccagag	gtgtgtanag	ggaacggggc	ctagaggcat	60
cccanagata	ncttatanca	acagtgcctt	gaccaagagc	tgctgggcac	atttcctgca	120
gaaaagggtg	cggtcccat	cactcctcct	ctcccatagc	catcccagag	gggtgagtag	180
ccatcangcc	ttcgggtgga	gggagtcang	gaaacaacan	accacagagc	anacagacca	240
ntgatgacca	tgggcgggag	cgagcctctt	ccctgnaccg	gggtggcana	nganagccta	300
nctgaggggt	cacactataa	acgttaacga	ccnagatnan	cacctgcctc	aagtgcaccc	360
ttcctacctg	acnaccang	accnnnaact	gcngcctggg	gacagcncctg	ggancagcta	420
acnnagcact	cacctgcccc	cccatggccg	tncgcntccc	tggtcctgnc	aaggggaagct	480
ccctgttgga	attncgggga	naccaaggga	nccccctcct	ccanctgtga	agggaaaann	540
gatggaattt	tncccttccg	gcnntcccc	tcttcttcta	cacgccccct	nntactcnc	600
tcctctntt	ntcctgncnc	acttttnacc	ccnnnatctt	ccttnattga	tcggannctn	660
ganattccac	tnncgcctnc	cntcnatcng	naanacnaaa	nactntctna	ccnnggggat	720
gggnncctcg	ntcatcctct	cttttctcct	accnccnntt	ctttgcctct	ccttngatca	
780tccaacntc	gntggccntn	ccccccnnn	tcctttncce			

820

<210> 27
 <211> 818
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(818)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 27

tctgggtgat	ggcctcttcc	tcctcagggg	cctctgactg	ctctggggcca	aagaatctct	60
tgtttcttct	ccgagcccca	ggcagcgggt	attcagccct	gccccacctg	attctgatga	120
ctgcggatgc	tgtgacggac	ccaaggggca	aatagggtcc	caggggtccag	ggagggggcg	180
ctgctgagca	cttccgcccc	tcaccctgcc	cagccccctg	catgagctct	gggctgggtc	240
tcgcctcca	gggttctgct	cttccangca	ngccancaag	tggcgctggg	ccacactggc	300
ttcttctctg	ccctccctg	gctctgante	tctgtcttcc	tgctctgtgc	angcnccttg	360
gatctcagtt	tcctcncctc	anngaactct	gtttctgann	tcttcantta	actntgantt	420
tatnaccnan	tggntctgnc	tgtcnnactt	taatgggce	gaccggctaa	tcctcctctc	480
ntcccttcc	anttcnnna	accngcttnc	cntctctccc	ccntancccg	ccngggaanc	540
ctcctttgcc	ctnaccang	gccnnnaccg	ccctnnctn	ggggggcng	gtnnctncnc	600
ctgntnnccc	cnetcncnt	tnctctgtcc	cnnncnccg	nngcannttc	ncngtcccn	660
tnnctctten	ngntcgnaa	ngntcncntn	tnnnnngncn	ngntnntncn	tcctctcnc	720
cnnntgnang	tnnttnnnnc	ncngnncccc	nnnnccnnnn	nggnntnnnn	tcctncncng	780
ccnncccc	ngnattaagg	cctccnntct	ccggccnc			818

<210> 28
 <211> 731
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(731)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 28

aggaagggcg	gagggatatt	gtangggatt	gagggatagg	agnataangg	gggaggtgtg	60
tcccaacatg	anggtgnngt	tctcttttga	angaggggtg	ngtttttann	ccnggtgggt	120
gattnaaccc	cattgtatgg	agnnaaagg	tttnagggat	ttttcggctc	ttatcagtat	180
ntanattcct	gtnaatcgga	aaatnatntt	tcnncnggaa	aatnttgctc	ccatccgnaa	240
attnctcccg	ggtagtgcat	nttngggggn	cngccangtt	tcccaggctg	ctanaatcgt	300
actaaagntt	naagtgggan	tncaaatgaa	aacctnncac	agagnatccn	tacccgactg	360
tnnnttnctt	tcgccctntg	actctgcngg	agcccaatac	ccnngngnat	gtcncccngn	420
nnngcgnenc	tgaaannnnc	tcgnggctnn	gancatcang	gggtttcgca	tcaaaagcnn	480
cgtttencat	naaggcactt	tngcctcatc	caaccnctng	ccctcnncca	tttngccgtc	540
nggttcnctt	acgctnnntg	cncctnnntn	ganattttnc	ccgcctnggg	naancctcct	600
gnaatgggta	gggncttntc	tttnaccnnc	gnggntact	aatcnctnc	acgcntnctt	660
tctcnacccc	cccccttttt	caatcccanc	ggcnaatggg	gtctccccnn	cgangggggg	720
nnnccannnc	c					731

<210> 29

<211> 822

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(822)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 29

actagtccag	tgtgggtggaa	ttccattgtg	ttggggncnc	ttctatgant	antnttagat	60
cgetcanacc	tcacancctc	ccnancngc	ctataangaa	nannaataga	nctgtncnnt	120
atntntacnc	tcatanncct	cnnnaccac	tcctctttaa	ccctactgt	gcctatngcn	180
tnnctantct	ntgccgcctn	cnanccaccn	gtggggcnac	cncnngnatt	ctcnatctcc	240
tcnccatntn	gcctananta	ngtncatacc	ctatacctac	nccaatgcta	nnnctaancn	300
tccatnantt	annntaacta	ccactgaent	ngactttcnc	atnanctcct	aatttgaatc	360
tactctgact	cccacngcct	annnattagc	ancntcccc	nacnatntct	caaccaaadc	420
ntcaacaacc	tatctanctg	ttcnccaacc	nttnctctcg	atccccnnac	aacccccctc	480
ccaaataccc	nccacctgac	ncctaaccen	caccatcccc	gcaagccnan	ggncatttan	540
ccactggaat	cacnatngga	naaaaaaaaa	ccnaactctc	tancncnnat	ctccctaana	600
aatnctcctn	naatttactn	ncantnccat	caancccaen	tgaaacnnaa	ccccgttttt	660
tanatccctt	ctttcgaaaa	ccnacccttt	annncccaac	ctttngggcc	cccccnctnc	720
ccnaatgaag	gncncccaat	cnangaaacg	ncntgaaaa	ancnaggcna	anannntccg	780
canatcctat	cccttanttn	ggggnccttt	nccnngggcc	cc		822

<210> 30

<211> 787

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (787)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 30

cgccgcctg	ctctggcaca	tgcctcctga	atggcatcaa	aagtgatgga	ctgcccattg	60
ctagagaaga	ccttctctcc	tactgtcatt	atggagccct	gcagactgag	ggctccccct	120
gtctgcagga	tttgatgtct	gaagtcgtgg	agtgtggctt	ggagctcctc	atctacatna	180
gctggaagcc	ctggagggcc	tctctcgcca	gcctccccct	tctctccacg	ctctccangg	240
acaccagggg	ctccaggcag	cccattatct	ccagnangac	atgggtgttc	tccacgcgga	300
cccatggggc	ctgnaaggcc	agggctctct	ttgacaccat	ctctcccgtc	ctgcctggca	360
ggccgtggga	tccactantt	ctanaacggn	cgccaccncg	gtgggagctc	cagcttttgt	420
tcccnttaat	gaaggttaat	tgcncgcttg	gcgtaatcat	nggtcanaac	tntttcctgt	480
gtgaaattgt	ttntcccctc	ncnattccnc	ncnacatacn	aacccggaan	cataaagtgt	540
taaagccctg	gggtngcctn	nngaathnaac	tnaactcaat	taattgcgtt	ggctcatggc	600
ccgctttccn	ttcnggaaaa	ctgtcntccc	ctgcnttntt	gaatcgggca	ccccccnggg	660
aaaagcggtt	tgcnttttng	ggggntcctt	ccncttcccc	cctcnctaan	ccctncgcct	720
cggtcgttnc	nggtngcggg	gaangggnat	nnnctccnc	naagggggng	agnnngntat	780
ccccaaa						787

<210> 31

<211> 799

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (799)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 31

tttttttttt	tttttttggc	gatgctactg	tttaattgca	ggaggtgggg	gtgtgtgtac	60
catgtaccag	ggctattaga	agcaagaagg	aaggagggag	ggcagagcgc	cctgctgagc	120
aacaaaggac	tcttgcagcc	ttctctgtct	gtctcttggc	gcaggcacat	ggggaggcct	180
cccgaggggt	ggggggccacc	agtccagggg	tgggagcact	acanggggtg	ggagtgggtg	240
gtggctggtn	cnaatggcct	gncacanatc	cctaogattc	ttgacacctg	gatttcacca	300
ggggaccttc	tgtttctcca	nggnaacttc	ntnnatctcn	aaagaacaca	actgtttctt	360
cngcanttct	ggctgttcat	ggaaagcaca	ggtgtccnat	ttnggctggg	acttggtaca	420
tatggttccg	gcccacctct	ccntcnnaan	aagtaattca	cccccccccn	ccntctnttg	480
cctgggcccct	taantaccca	caccgggaact	canttantta	ttcatcttng	gntgggcttg	540
ntnatcnccn	cctgaangcg	ccaagttgaa	aggccacgcc	gtncnccnctc	cccatagnan	600
nttttnnct	canctaatac	ccccccnggc	aacnatccaa	tccccccccn	tggggggccc	660
agcccanggc	ccccgnctcg	ggnnncnngn	cncgnantcc	ccaggntctc	ccantcngnc	720
ccnnngcncc	cccgacgcga	gaacanaagg	ntngagccnc	cgcannnnnn	nggtnnnnc	780
ctcgcccccc	ccnnccgngg					799

<210> 32

<211> 789

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (789)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 32

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	60
tttttncnag	ggcagggttta	ttgacaacct	cncgggacac	aancaggctg	gggacaggac	120
ggcaacaggc	tccggcggcg	gcggcggcgg	ccctacctgc	ggtaccaa	ntgcagcctc	180
cgctcccgc	tgatnttcct	ctgcagctgc	aggatgccnt	aaaacagggc	ctcggccntn	240
ggtgggcacc	ctgggatttn	aatttccacg	ggcacaatgc	ggtcgcancc	cctcaccacc	300
nattaggaat	agtggtnnta	cccnccnccg	ttggencact	ccccntggaa	accacttntc	360
gcggctccgg	catctgggtc	taaaccttgc	aaacnctggg	gccctctttt	tggttantnt	420
nccngccaca	atcatnactc	agactggcnc	gggctggccc	caaaaaancn	ccccaaaacc	480
ggnccatgtc	ttnnccgggt	tgctgcnatn	tncatcacct	cccgggcnc	ncaggncaac	540
ccaaaagtgc	ttgngggccn	caaaaaanct	ccggggggnc	ccagtttcaa	caaagtcac	600
ccccttggcc	cccaaatect	ccccccgntt	nctgggtttg	ggaacccacg	cctctnnctt	660
tggnnggcaa	gntggntccc	ccttcggggc	cccgggtggc	ccnntcttaa	ngaaaacncc	720
ntcctnnnca	ccatcccccc	nngnnacgnc	tancaangna	tccctttttt	tanaaacggg	780
ccccccnccg						789

<210> 33

<211> 793

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(793)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 33

gacagaacat	ggtggatggt	ggagcacctt	tctatacgac	ttacaggaca	gcagatgggg	60
aattcatggc	tggttgagca	atanaacccc	agttctacga	gctgctgac	aaaggacttg	120
gactaaagtc	tgatgaactt	cccaatcaga	tgagcatgga	tgattggcca	gaaatgaana	180
agaagtttgc	agatgtat	gcaaagaaga	cgaaggcaga	gtggtgtcaa	atctttgacg	240
gcacagatgc	ctgtgtgact	ccggttctga	cttttgagga	ggttggtcat	catgatcaca	300
acaangaacg	gggctcggtt	atcaccantg	aggagcagga	cgtgagcccc	cgccctgcac	360
ctctgctgtt	aaacacccca	gccatccctt	ctttcaaaaag	ggatccacta	cttctagagc	420
ggnccgccacc	gcgggtggagc	tccagctttt	gttcccttta	gtgaggggta	attgcgcgct	480
tggtgtaatc	atgggtcatan	ctgtttcctg	tgtgaaattg	ttatccgctc	acaattccac	540
acaacatacg	anccggaagc	atnaaatttt	aaagcctggg	ggtngcctaa	tgantgaact	600
nactcacatt	aattggcttt	gcgctcactg	cccgttttcc	agtccggaaa	acctgtcctt	660
gccagctgcc	nttaatgaat	cnggccaccc	cccggggaaa	aggcngtttg	cttnttgggg	720
cgcncttccc	gcttttctgc	ttcctgaant	ccttcccccc	ggtcttttcg	cttgcggcna	780
acggtatcna	cct					793

<210> 34

<211> 756

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(756)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 34

gccgcgaccg	gcatgtacga	gcaactcaag	ggcgagtggg	accgtaaaaag	ccccaatctt	60
ancaagtgcg	gggaanagct	gggtcgactc	aagctagttc	ttctggagct	caacttcttg	120

ccaaccacag	ggaccaagct	gaccaaacag	cagctaattc	tggcccggtga	catactggag	180
atcggggccc	aatggagcat	cctacgcaan	gacatcccct	ccttcgagcg	ctacatggcc	240
cagctcaaat	gctactactt	tgattacaan	gagcagctcc	ccgagtcagc	ctatatgcac	300
cagctcttgg	gcctcaacct	cctcttcctg	ctgtcccaga	accgggtggc	tgantnccac	360
acgganttgg	ancggctgcc	tgcccaanga	catacanacc	aatgtctaca	tcnaccacca	420
gtgtcctgga	gcaatactga	tgganggcag	ctaccncaaa	gtnttcctgg	ccnagggtaa	480
catccccgc	cgagagctac	accttcttca	ttgacatcct	gctcgacact	atcagggatg	540
aaaatcgng	ggttgctcca	gaaaggctnc	aanaanatcc	tttctnctga	aggcccccg	600
atncnctagt	nctagaatcg	gccccccatc	gcgggtgganc	ctccaacctt	tcgttnccct	660
ttactgaggg	ttnattgccg	cccttgccgt	tatcatggtc	acnccngttn	cctgtgttga	720
aattnttaac	cccccaaat	tccacgccna	cattnng			756

<210> 35

<211> 834

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(834)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 35

ggggatctct	anatcnacct	gnatgcatgg	ttgtcgggtgt	ggtcgctgtc	gatgaanatg	60
aacaggatct	tgcccttgaa	gctctcggt	gctgtnttta	agttgctcag	tctgccgtca	120
tagtcagaca	cnctcttggg	caaaaaacan	caggatntga	gtcttgattt	cacctccaat	180
aatcttcngg	gctgtctgct	cggatgaactc	gatgacnang	ggcagctggg	tgtgtntgat	240
aaantccanc	angttctcct	tggtgacctc	cccttcaaag	ttgttccggc	cttcatcaaa	300
cttctnnaan	angannancc	canctttgtc	gagctggnat	ttgganaaca	cgtcacctgt	360
ggaaactgat	cccaaagtgt	atgtcatcca	tcgcctctgc	tgccctgcaa	aaacttgctt	420
ggcncaaate	cgactcccn	tccttgaaag	aagccnatca	cacccccctc	cctggactcc	480
nncaangact	ctnccgctnc	cccntccnng	cagggttggg	ggcannccgg	gcccntgcgc	540
ttcttcagcc	agttcacnat	nttcacacgc	ccctctgcca	gctgttntat	tccttggggg	600
ggaanccgtc	tctcccttcc	tgaannaact	ttgaccgtng	gaatagccgc	gcntcnccnt	660
acntnctggg	ccgggttcaa	antccctccn	ttgncnntcn	cctcgggcca	ttctggattt	720
nccnaacttt	ttcttcccc	cncnccnccg	ngtttggnnt	tttcatnggg	ccccaaactc	780
gctnttggcc	antcccttgg	gggcntntan	cncnccctnt	ggtcccntng	ggcc	834

<210> 36

<211> 814

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(814)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 36

cggnccgttt	ccngccgcgc	cccgtttcca	tgacnaaggc	tcccttcang	ttaaatacnn	60
cctagnaaac	attaatgggt	tgctctacta	atacatcata	cnaaccagta	agcctgcccc	120
naacgccaac	tcaggccatt	cctaccaaag	gaagaaaggc	tggtctctcc	acccccgtga	180
ggaaaggcct	gccttgtaag	acaccacaat	ncggctgaat	ctnaagtctt	gtgttttact	240
aatggaaaaa	aaaaataaac	aanaggtttt	gttctcatgg	ctgcccaccg	cagcctggca	300
ctaaaacanc	ccagcgctca	cttctgcttg	ganaaatatt	ctttgctctt	ttggacatca	360

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ggcttgatgg tatcactgcc acntttccac ccagctgggc ncccttcccc catntttgtc      420
antganctgg aaggcctgaa ncttagtctc caaaagtctc ngcccacaag accggccacc      480
aggggangtc ntttncagtg gatctgccaa anantaccn tatcatcnnt gaataaaaaag      540
gcccctgaac ganatgcttc cancancctt taagacccat aatcctngaa ccatgggtgcc      600
cttcgggtct gatccnaaag gaatgttctt ggggtccant ccttcctttg ttnccttacgt      660
tgtnttggac cntgctngn atnaccaan tganatcccc ngaagcacc tnccttggc      720
atttganttt cntaaattct ctgccctacn nctgaaagca cnattccctn ggcncnnaan      780
ggngaactca agaaggtctn ngaaaaacca cncn                                814

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<210> 37

<211> 760

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (760)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 37

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gcatgctgct cttcctcaaa gttgttcttg ttgccataac aaccaccata ggtaaagcgg      60
gcgcagtggt cgctgaagggt gttgtagtac cagcgcggga tgctctcctt gcagagtcct      120
gtgtctggca ggtccacgca atgccctttg tctctgggga aatggatgcg ctggagctcg      180
tcnaanccac tcgtgtattt ttcacangca gcctcctccg aagcctccgg gcagttgggg      240
gtgtcgtcac actccactaa actgtcgatn cancagccca ttgctgcagc ggaactgggt      300
gggctgacag gtgccagaac acactggatn ggcttttcca tggaaggggc tgggggaaat      360
cncctnancc caaactgcct ctcaaaggcc accttgcaca ccccgacagg ctagaaatgc      420
actcttcttc ccaaaggtag ttgttcttgt tgcccaagca ncctccanca aaccaaanaa      480
ttgcaaaatc tgctccgtgg gggtcatnnn taccanggtt ggggaaanaa acccgcnngn      540
ganccncttt gtttgaatgc naaggnaata atcctcctgt cttgcttggg tggaanagca      600
caattgaact gttaacnttg ggccnggttc cncctnggtg gtctgaaact aatcacgctc      660
actggaaaaa ggtangtgcc ttccttgaat tcccaaantt cccctngntt tgggtntttt      720
ctcctctncc ctaaaaatcg tnttcccccc centangggc                                760

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<210> 38

<211> 724

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (724)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 38

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tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttaaaaa cccctcccat tgaatgaaaa      60
cttcnnaaat tgtccaaccc cctcncccaa atnnccattt ccgggggggg gttccaaacc      120
caaattaatt ttgganttta aattaaatnt tnatnngggg aanaanccaa atgtnaagaa      180
aatttaaccc attatnaact taaatnctn gaaaccntg gnttccaaaa atttttaacc      240
cttaaatccc tccgaaattg ntaanggaaa accaaattcn cctaaggctn tttgaagggt      300
ngatttaaac ccccttnant tnttttnacc cngnctnaa ntatttngnt tccggtgttt      360
tcctnttaan cntnggtaac tcccngtaat gaannnccct aanccaatta aaccgaattt      420
tttttgaatt ggaaattccn ngggaattna ccgggggttt tcccnttttg gggccatncc      480
ccncttttcg ggggttgggn ntagggtgaa ttttttnang nccccaaaaa ncccccaana      540
aaaaaactcc caagnnttaa ttngaantnc ccccttccca ggcttttttg gaaaggnggg      600

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tttntggggg cengggantt cnttccccn ttncncccc cccccnggt aaanggttat	660
ngnnttttgt ttttgggccc cttnanggac cttccggatn gaaattaaat ccccggnncg	720
gccg	724

<210> 39
 <211> 751
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(751)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 39	
tttttttttt tttttctttg ctcacattta atttttatnt tgattttttt taatgctgca	60
caacacaata tttatttcat ttgtttcttt tatttcattt tatttgtttg ctgctgctgt	120
tttatttatt ttactgaaa gtgagaggga acttttgttg ccttttttcc tttttctgta	180
ggccgcctta agctttctaa atttggaaca tctaagcaag ctgaanggaa aaggggggtt	240
cgcaaatca ctcgggggaa nggaaagggt gctttgttaa tcatgcccta tgggtgggtga	300
ttaactgctt gtacaattac ntttacttt taattaattg tgctnaangc ttttaattana	360
cttgggggtt ccctcccan accaaccncc ctgacaaaaa gtgccngccc tcaaatnatg	420
tcccgcnnt cnttgaaaca cacngcngaa ngttctcatt ntcccnccnc caggtnaaaa	480
tgaagggtta ccatntttta cncacctcc acntggcnnn gcctgaatcc tcnaaaancn	540
ccctcaancn aattnctnng ccccggtcnc gcntnngtc cncccgggct ccgggaantn	600
caccccnnga anncnntnnc naacnaaatt ccgaaaatat tcccnntcnc tcaattcccc	660
cnnagactnt cctcnncnan cncaattttc tttntntcac gaacncgnnc cnnaaatgn	720
nnnnncctc cncnngtcn naatcnccan c	751

<210> 40
 <211> 753
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(753)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 40	
gtgggtatnt ctgtaagatc aggtgttctt ccctcgtagg tttagaggaa acaccctcat	60
agatgaaaac cccccgaga cagcagcact gcaactgcc aagcagccgg gtaggagggg	120
cgccctatgc acagctgggc ccttgagaca gcagggttc gatgtcaggc tcgatgtcaa	180
tgggtctggaa gcggcggctg tacctgcgta ggggcacacc gtcaggggccc accaggaact	240
tctcaaagtt ccaggcaacn tcgttgcgac acaccggaga ccagggtgatn agcttgggggt	300
cggtcataan cgcgggtggc tcgtcgctgg gagctggcag ggcctcccgc aggaaggcna	360
ataaaagggt cgcccccgca ccgttcant cgcacttctc naanaccatg angttgggct	420
cnaaccacc accannccgg acttccttga nggaattccc aaatctcttc gntcttgggc	480
ttctnctgat gccctanctg gttgcccnng atgccaanca nccccaancc ccggggctct	540
aaancccn cctcctentt tcacttgggt tntntcccc ggacntgggt tcctctcaag	600
ggancccata tctcnaccan tactacnnt ncccccnnt gnnaccanc cttctanngn	660
ttcccncccg nctctggcc cntcaaan gcttnacna cctgggtctg ccttcccccc	720
tnccctatct gnaccccn nttgtctcan tnt	753

<210> 41

<211> 341
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 41
 actatatcca tcacaacaga catgcttcat cccatagact tcttgacata gcttcaaagt 60
 agtgaaccca tccttgattt atatacatat atgttctcag tattttggga gcctttccac 120
 ttctttaaac cttgttcatt atgaacactg aaaataggaa tttgtgaaga gttaaaaagt 180
 tatagcttgt ttacgtagta agtttttgaa gtctacattc aatccagaca cttagttgag 240
 tgttaaactg tgatttttaa aaaatatcat ttgagaatat tctttcagag gtattttcat 300
 ttttactttt tgattaattg tgttttatat attagggtag t 341

<210> 42
 <211> 101
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 42
 acttactgaa tttagttctg tgctcttctt tatttagtgt tgtatcataa atactttgat 60
 gtttcaaaca ttctaaataa ataattttca gtggcttcat a 101

<210> 43
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 43
 acatctttgt tacagtctaa gatgtgttct taaatcacca ttccttctctg gtcctcaccc 60
 tccaggttg tctcacactg taattagagc tattgaggag tctttacagc aaattaagat 120
 tcagatgcct tgctaagtct agagttctag agttatgtt cagaaagtct aagaaacca 180
 cctcttgaga ggtcagtaaa gaggacttaa tatttcatat ctacaaaatg accacaggat 240
 tggatacaga acgagagtta tcctggataa ctcagagctg agtacctgcc cgggggcccgc 300
 tcgaa 305

<210> 44
 <211> 852
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (852)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 44
 acataaatat cagagaaaag tagtctttga aatatttacg tccaggagt ctttgtttct 60
 gattatttgg tgtgtgtttt gggttggtgc caaagtattg gcagcttcag ttttcatttt 120
 ctctccatcc tcgggcatcc ttcccaaatt tatataccag tcttcgtcca tccacacgct 180
 ccagaatttc tctttttagt taatatctca tagctcggct gagcttttca taggtcatgc 240
 tgctgttgtt cttcttttta ccccatagct gagccactgc ctctgatttc aagaacctga 300
 agacgccctc agatcgggtc tcccatttta ttaatcctgg gttcttgtct gggttcaaga 360
 ggatgtcgcg gatgaattcc cataagttag tccctctcgg gttgtgcttt ttgggtgaggc 420
 acttggcagg ggggtcttgc tcctttttca tatcaggtga ctctgcaaca ggaaggtgac 480
 tggtgggtgt catggagatc tgagcccggc agaaagtttt gctgtccaac aaatctactg 540
 tgctaccata gttggtgtca tataaatagt tctngtcttt ccagggtgtc atgatggaag 600

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gctcagtttg ttcagtcttg acaatgacat tgtgtgtgga ctggaacagg tcactactgc      660
actggccgtt ccacttcaga tgctgcaagt tgctgtagag gagntgcccc gccgtccctg      720
ccgcccgggt gaactcctgc aaactcatgc tgcaaagggt ctgcccgttg atgtcgaact      780
cntggaaagg gatacaattg gcatccagct ggttggtgtc caggagggtga tggagccact      840
cccacacctg gt                                     852

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<210> 45
<211> 234
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<400> 45
acaacagacc cttgctcgct aacgacctca tgctcatcaa gttggacgaa tccgtgtccg      60
agtctgacac catccggagc atcagcattg cttcgcagtg ccctaccgcg gggaaactctt      120
gcctcgtttc tggctggggg ctgctggcga acggcagaat gcctaccgtg ctgcagtgcg      180
tgaacgtgtc ggtggtgtct gaggaggctc gcagtaagct ctatgaccgc ctgt          234

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<210> 46
<211> 590
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(590)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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```

<400> 46
actttttatt taaatgttta taaggcagat ctatgagaat gatagaaaac atggtgtgta      60
atttgatagc aatatttttg agattacaga gtttttagtaa ttaccaatta cacagttaaa      120
aagaagataa tatattccaa gcanatacaa aatatctaata gaaagatcaa ggcaggaaaa      180
tgantataac taattgacaa tggaaaaatca attttaaatgt gaattgcaca ttatccttta      240
aaagctttca aaanaanaaa ttattgcagt ctanttaatt caaacagtgt taaatgggtat      300
caggataaan aactgaaggg canaaaagaat taattttcac ttcatgtaac ncacccanat      360
ttacaatggc ttaaatgcan ggaaaaagca gtggaagtag ggaagtantc aaggtctttc      420
tggctctctaa tctgccttac tctttgggtg tggctttgat cctctggaga cagctgccag      480
ggctcctgtt atatccacaa tcccagcagc aagatgaagg gatgaaaaag gacacatgct      540
gccttccttt gaggagactt catctcactg gccaacactc agtcacatgt          590

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<210> 47
<211> 774
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(774)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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```

<400> 47
acaagggggc ataatgaagg agtgggggana gatttttaaag aaggaaaaaa aacgaggccc      60
tgaacagaat tttcctgnac aacgggggctt caaaataaatt ttcttgggga ggttcaagac      120
gcttcactgc ttgaaactta aatggatgtg ggacanaatt ttctgtaatg accctgaggg      180
cattacagac gggactctgg gaggaaggat aaacagaaaag gggacaaaag ctaatcccaa      240
aacatcaaag aaaggaagggt ggcgtcatat cttccagcct acacagttct ccagggtctt      300

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cctcatccct ggaggacgac agtggaggaa caactgacca tgtccccagg ctctgtgtg 360
ctggctcctg gtcttcagcc cccagctctg gaagcccacc ctctgctgat cctgcgtggc 420
ccacactcct tgaacacaca tccccagggt atattcctgg acatggctga acctcctatt 480
cctacttccg agatgccttg ctccctgcag cctgtcaaaa tcccaactcac cctccaaacc 540
acggcatggg aagcctttct gacttgcttg attactccag catcttggaa caatccctga 600
ttccccactc cttagaggca agataggggt gttaagagta gggctggacc acttggagcc 660
aggctgctgg cttcaaattn tggctcattt acgagctatg ggaccttggg caagtnatct 720
tcacttctat gggcntcatt ttgttctacc tgcaaaatgg gggataataa tagt 774

```

<210> 48

<211> 124

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(124)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 48

```

canaaattga aattttataa aaaggcattt ttctcttata tccataaaat gatataattt 60
ttgcaantat anaaatgtgt cataaattat aatgttcctt aattacagct caacgcaact 120
tggt 124

```

<210> 49

<211> 147

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(147)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 49

```

gccgatgcta ctattttatt gcaggagggt ggggtgtttt tattattctc tcaacagctt 60
tgtggctaca ggtggtgtct gactgcatna aaaanttttt tacgggtgat tgcaaaaatt 120
ttagggcacc catatcccaa gcantgt 147

```

<210> 50

<211> 107

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 50

```

acattaaatt aataaaagga ctgttgggggt tctgctaaaa cacatggctt gatatatattgc 60
atggtttgag gttaggagga gttaggcata tgttttggga gaggggt 107

```

<210> 51

<211> 204

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 51

```

gtcctaggaa gtctagggga cacacgactc tggggtcacg gggccgacac acttgcacgg 60

```



```

cggggaaggaa aggcagagaa gtgacaccgt caggggggaaa tgacagaaag gaaaatcaag      120
gccttgcaag gtcagaaagg ggactcaggg cttccaccac agccctgccc cacttgGCCA      180
cctccctttt gggaccagca atgt                                           204

```

<210> 52

<211> 491

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(491)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 52

```

acaaagataa catTTatctt ataacaAAAA tttgatagtt ttaaaggTTa gtattgtgta      60
gggtattttc caaaagacta aagagataac tcaggTaaaa agttagaaat gtataaaaca      120
ccatcagaca ggTTTTttaa aaacaacata ttacaaaatt agacaatcat ccttaaaaaa      180
aaaacttctt gtatcaattt cttttgttca aaatgactga cttaantatt tttaaatatt      240
tcanaaacac ttcttcaaaa attttcaana tggtagcttt canatgtNcc ctCagtccca      300
atgTtgctca gataaataaa tctcgtgaga acttaccacc caccacaagc tttctggggc      360
atgcaacagt gtcttttctt tncTTTTtct tttttttttt ttacaggcac agaaactcat      420
caattttatt tggataacaa agggTctcca aatttatattg aaaaataaat ccaagttaat      480
atcactcttg t                                           491

```

<210> 53

<211> 484

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(484)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 53

```

acataattta gcaggGctaa ttaccataag atgctattta ttaanaggtn tatgatctga      60
gtattaacag ttgctgaagt ttggtatttt tatgcagcat tttctttttg ctttgataac      120
actacagaac ccttaaggac actgaaaatt agtaagtaaa gttcagaaac attagctgct      180
caatcaaatt tctacataac actatagtaa ttaaaacggt aaaaaaaagt gttgaaatct      240
gcactagtat anaccgctcc tgtcaggata anactgcttt ggaacagaaa gggaaaaanc      300
agctttgant ttctttgtgc tgatangagg aaaggctgaa ttaccttggt gcctctccct      360
aatgattggc aggtcnggta aatnccaaaa catattccaa ctcaacactt cttttccncg      420
tancttgant ctgtgtattc caggancagg cggatggaat gggccagccc ncggatgttc      480
cant                                           484

```

<210> 54

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 54

```

actaaacctc gtgcttgTga actccataca gaaaacggTg ccatccctga acacggctgg      60
ccactgggta tactgctgac aaccgcaaca acaaaaaacac aaatccttgG cactggctag      120
tctatgtcct ctcaagtgcc tttttgtttg t                                           151

```

<210> 55
 <211> 91
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 55
 acctggcttg tctccgggtg gttccccggcg cccccacgg tccccagaac ggacactttc 60
 gccctccagt ggatactcga gccaaagtgg t 91

<210> 56
 <211> 133
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 56
 ggcggtatgtg cgttgggttat atacaaatat gtcattttat gtaagggtact tgagtatact 60
 tggatttttg gtatctgtgg gttgggggga cgggccagga accaatacc catggatacc 120
 aagggacaac tgt 133

<210> 57
 <211> 147
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(147)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 57
 actctggaga acctgagccg ctgctccgcc tctgggatga ggtgatgcan gcngtggcgc 60
 gactgggagc tgagcccttc cctttgcgcc tgcctcagag gattgttgcc gacntgcana 120
 tctcantggg ctggatncat gcagggt 147

<210> 58
 <211> 198
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(198)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 58
 acagggatat aggttttaag ttattgtnat tgtaaaatac attgaatttt ctgtatactc 60
 tgattacata catttatcct ttaaaaaaga tgtaaatctt aatttttatg ccatctatta 120
 atttaccat gagttacctt gtaaatagaga agtcatgata gcaactgaatt ttaactagtt 180
 ttgacttcta agtttggt 198

<210> 59
 <211> 330
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 59
 acaacaaatg gggtgtgagg aagtcttatac agcaaaaactg gtgatggcta ctgaaaagat 60
 ccattgaaaa ttatcattaa tgattttaaa tgacaagtta tcaaaaactc actcaatttt 120
 cacctgtgct agcttgctaa aatggggagtt aactctagag caaatatagt atcttctgaa 180
 tacagtcaat aaatgacaaa gccagggcct acagggtggtt tccagacttt ccagaccag 240
 cagaaggaat ctattttatc acatggatct ccgtctgtgc tcaaaatacc taatgatatt 300
 tttcgtcttt attggacttc tttgaagagt 330

<210> 60
 <211> 175
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 60
 accgtgggtg ccttctacat tcctgacggc tccttcacca acatctggtt ctacttcggc 60
 gtcgtgggtc ccttctctt catctcctc cagctgggtc tgctcatcga ctttgcgac 120
 tcctggaacc agcgggtggc gggcaaggcc gaggagtgcg attcccgtgc ctggt 175

<210> 61
 <211> 154
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 61
 accccacttt tcctcctgtg agcagtctgg acttctcact gctacatgat gagggtgagt 60
 ggttgttgct cttcaacagt atcttccctt ttccggatct gctgagccgg acagcagtgc 120
 tggactgcac agccccgggg ctccacattg ctgt 154

<210> 62
 <211> 30
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 62
 cgctcgagcc ctatagttag tcgtattaga 30

<210> 63
 <211> 89
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 63
 acaagtcatt tcagcacctt ttgctcttca aaactgacca tcttttatat ttaatgcttc 60
 ctgtatgaat aaaaatgggt atgtcaagt 89

<210> 64
 <211> 97
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 64
 accggagtaa ctgagtcggg acgctgaatc tgaatccacc aataaataaa ggttctgcag 60
 aatcagtgc tccaggattg gtccttggat ctgggggt 97

<210> 65
 <211> 377
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(377)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 65
 acaacaanaa ntcccttctt taggccactg atggaaacct ggaaccccct tttgatggca 60
 gcatggcgct ctaggccttg acacagcggc tgggggtttg gctntcccaa accgcacacc 120
 ccaaccctgg tctaccacaca nttctggcta tgggctgtct ctgccactga acatcagggg 180
 tcggtcataa natgaaatcc caanggggac agaggtcagt agaggaagct caatgagaaa 240
 ggtgctgttt gctcagccag aaaacagctg cctggcattc gccgctgaac tatgaaccgc 300
 tgggggtgaa ctacccccc gaggaatcat gcctgggcga tgcaanggtg ccaacaggag 360
 gggcgggagg agcatgt 377

<210> 66
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 66
 acgcctttcc ctcagaattc agggaagaga ctgtcgctg ccttcctccg ttgttgctg 60
 agaaccctg tgccccctcc caccatatcc accctcgctc catctttgaa ctcaaacacg 120
 aggaactaac tgcaccctgg tcctctcccc agtccccagt tcacctcca tccctcacct 180
 tcctccactc taagggatat caacactgcc cagcacaggg gccctgaatt tatgtgggtt 240
 ttatatattt ttttaataaga tgcactttat gtcatttttt aataaagtct gaagaattac 300
 tggtt 305

<210> 67
 <211> 385
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 67
 actacacaca ctccacttgc ccttgtgaga cactttgtcc cagcacttta ggaatgctga 60
 ggtcggacca gccacatctc atgtgcaaga ttgccagca gacatcaggc ctgagagtgc 120
 cccttttaaa aaaggggact tgcttaaaaa agaagtctag ccacgattgt gtagagcagc 180
 tgtgctgtgc tggagattca cttttgagag agttctcctc tgagacctga tctttagagg 240
 ctgggagctc ttgcacatga gatggggctg gtctgatctc agcactcctt agtctgcttg 300
 cctctcccag ggccccagcc tggccacacc tgcttacagg gcactctcag atgccatac 360
 catagtttct gtgctagtgg accgt 385

<210> 68
 <211> 73
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 68
 acttaaccag atatattttt accccagatg gggatattct ttgtaaaaaa tgaaaataaa 60
 gtttttttaa tgg 73

<210> 69
 <211> 536
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(536)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 69
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggggctc tcaccctcct ctccctgcagc 60
 tccagctttg tgctctgcct ctgaggagac catggcccag catctgagta ccctgctgct 120
 cctgctggcc accctagctg tggccctggc ctggagcccc aaggaggagg ataggataat 180
 cccgggtggc atctataacg cagacctcaa tgatgagtgg gtacagcgtg cccttcactt 240
 cgccatcagc gagtataaca aggccaccaa agatgactac tacagacgtc cgctgcgggt 300
 actaagagcc aggcaacaga ccgttggggg ggtgaattac ttcttcgacg tagaggtggg 360
 ccgaaccata tgtaccaagt cccagcccaa cttggacacc tgtgccttcc atgaacagcc 420
 agaactgcag aagaaacagt tgtgctcttt cgagatctac gaagtccct ggggagaaca 480
 gaangtcctt ggggtgaaatc caggtgtcaa gaaatcctan ggatctgttg ccaggc 536

<210> 70
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 70
 atgacccta acaggggccc tctcagccct cctaattgacc tccggcctag ccatgtgatt 60
 tcactttcac tccataacgc tccataact aggcctacta accaacadac taaccatata 120
 ccaatgatgg cgcgatgtaa cagagaaaag cacataccaa ggccaccaca caccactgt 180
 ccaaaaaggc cttcgatacg ggataatcct atttattacc tcagaagttt ttttcttcgc 240
 agggattttt ctgagccttt taccactcca gcctagcccc taccctccaa ctaggagggc 300
 actggccccc aacaggcatc accccgctaa atcccttaga agtccactc ctaaacacat 360
 ccgtattact cgcattcagga gtatcaatca cctgagctca ccatagtcta atagaaaaca 420
 accgaaacca aattattcaa agcactgctt attacaattt tactgggtct ctatttt 477

<210> 71
 <211> 533
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(533)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 71
 agagctatag gtacagtgtg atctcagctt tgcaaacaca ttttctacat agatagtact 60
 aggtattaat agatatgtaa agaaagaaat cacaccatta ataatggtaa gattgggtta 120
 tgtgatttta gtgggtatgtt tggcaccctt atatatgttt tccaaacttt cagcagtgat 180
 attatttcca taacttaaaa agtgagtgtt aaaaagaaaa tctccagcaa gcatctcatt 240
 taaataaagg tttgtcatct ttaaaaatac agcaatatgt gactttttta aaaagctgtc 300
 aaatagggtg gaccctacta ataattatta gaaatacatt taaaaacatc gagtacctca 360
 agtcagtgtg ccttgaaaaa tatcaaatat aactcttaga gaaatgtaca taaaagaatg 420
 cttcgtaatt ttggagtang aggttccttc ctcaattttg tattttttaa aagtacatgg 480
 taaaaaaaaa aattcacaac agtatataag gctgtaaaaa gaagaattct gcc 533

<210> 72
<211> 511
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(511)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 72
tattacggaa aaacacacca cataattcaa ctancaaaga anactgcttc agggcgtgta 60
aaatgaaagg cttccaggca gttatctgat taaagaacac taaaagaggg acaaggctaa 120
aagccgcagg atgtctacac tatancaggc gctatttggg ttggctggag gagctgtgga 180
aaacatggan agattgggtgc tgganattcgc cgtggctatt cctcattgtt attacanagt 240
gaggttctct gtgtgcccac tggtttgaaa accgttctnc aataatgata gaatagtaca 300
cacatgagaa ctgaaatggc ccaaaccagc aaagaaagcc caactagatc ctcagaanac 360
gcttctaggg acaataaccg atgaagaaaa gatggcctcc ttgtgcccc gtctgttatg 420
atttctctcc attgcagcna naaaccggtt cttctaagca aacncagggtg atgatggcna 480
aaatacaccc cctcttgaag naccnggagg a 511

<210> 73
<211> 499
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(499)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 73
cagtgccagc actggtgccca gtaccagtac caataacagt gccagtgccca gtgccagcac 60
cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtctg gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc 120
tggccttggt ggagctgggt ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta 180
caagtgagat tttagatatt gttaatcctg ccagtctttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac 240
ctcagaaacc tactcaacac agcactctag gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca 300
ctctgcatta aatctatttg ccatttctga aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaggg cggccgctcg 360
antctagagg gcccgtttaa acccgctgat cagcctcgac tgtgccttct anttgccagc 420
catctgttgt ttgcccctcc cccgntgcct tccttgaccc tggaaagtgc cactcccact 480
gtcctttcct aantaaaat 499

<210> 74
<211> 537
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(537)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 74
tttcatagga gaacacactg aggagatact tgaagaatth ggattcagcc gcgaagagat 60

```

ttatcagctt aactcagata aaatcattga aagtaataag gtaaaagcta gtctctaact 120
tccaggccca cggctcaagt gaatttgaat actgcattta cagtgtagag taacacataa 180
cattgtatgc atggaaacat ggaggaacag tattacagtg tcttaccact ctaatcaaga 240
aaagaattac agactctgat tctacagtga tgattgaatt ctaaaaatgg taatcattag 300
ggcttttgat ttataanact ttgggtactt atactaaatt atggtagtta tactgccttc 360
cagtttgctt gatataattg ttgatattaa gattcttgac ttatatattg aatgggttct 420
actgaaaaan gaatgatata ttcttgaaga catcgatata catttattta cactcttgat 480
tctacaatgt agaaaatgaa ggaaatgccc caaatgtgat ggtgataaaa gtcccgct 537

```

<210> 75

<211> 467

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(467)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 75

```

caaanacaat tgttcaaaag atgcaaatag tacactactg ctgcagctca caaacacctc 60
tgcataattac acgtacctcc tcctgtctct caagtagtgt ggtctatatt gccatcatca 120
cctgtctgtc gcttagaaga acggctttct gctgcaangg agagaaatca taacagacgg 180
tggcacaagg aggccatctt ttctctatcg gttattgtcc ctagaagcgt cttctgagga 240
tctagttggg ctttctttct gggtttgggc catttcantt ctcatgtgtg tactattcta 300
tcattattgt ataacggttt tcaaaccngt gggcacncag agaacctcac tctgtaataa 360
caatgaggaa tagccacggg gatctccagc accaaatctc tccatgttnt tccagagctc 420
ctccagccaa cccaaatagc cgctgctatn gtgtagaaca tccctgn 467

```

<210> 76

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(400)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 76

```

aagctgacag cattcgggcc gagatgtctc gctccgtggc cttagctgtg ctgcgctac 60
tctctctttc tggcctggag gctatccagc gtactccaaa gattcagggt tactcacgtc 120
atccagcaga gaatggaaag tcaaatttcc tgaattgcta tgtgtctggg tttcatccat 180
ccgacattga agttgactta ctgaagaatg gagagagaat tgaaaaagtg gagcattcag 240
acttgtcttt cagcaaggac tggcttttct atctcttgta ctacactgaa ttcaccccca 300
ctgaaaaaga tgagtatgcc tgccgtgtga accatgtgac tttgtcacag cccaagatng 360
ttnagtggga tcganacatg taagcagcan catgggaggt 400

```

<210> 77

<211> 248

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 77

```

ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagcccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct 60

```

```

ccagctgccc cggcggggga tgcgaggctc ggagcaccct tgcccggctg tgattgctgc      120
caggcactgt tcattctcagc ttttctgtcc ctttgtcccc ggcaagcgct tctgtgaaa      180
gttcatactc ggagcctgat gtcttaacga ataaaggctc catgctccac ccgaaaaaaa      240
aaaaaaaaa                                     248

```

```

<210> 78
<211> 201
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 78
actagtcag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccac cacaatggct acctttaaca      60
tcaccagac ccgcctctgc ccgtgcccc cgtgctgtgt aacgacagta tgatgcttac      120
tctgtactc ggaaactatt tttatgtaat taatgtatgc tttcttgttt ataatgcct      180
gatttaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a                                     201

```

```

<210> 79
<211> 552
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (552)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 79
tccttttgtt aggtttttga gacaacccta gacctaaact gtgtcacaga cttctgaatg      60
tttaggcagt gctagtaatt tcctcgtaat gattctgtta ttactttcct attctttatt      120
cctctttctt ctgaagatta atgaagtgtg aaattgaggt ggataaatac aaaaaggtag      180
tgtgatagta taagtatcta agtgcagatg aaagtgtgtt atatatatcc attcaaaatt      240
atgcaagtta gtaattactc aggggttaact aaattacttt aatatgctgt tgaacctact      300
ctgttccttg gctagaaaaa attataaaca ggactttgtt agtttgggaa gccaaattga      360
taatattcta tgttctaaaa gttgggctat acataaanta tnaagaaata tggaatttta      420
ttcccaggaa tatggggttc atttatgaat antaccggg anagaagttt tgantnaaac      480
cngttttggt taatacgtta atatgtcctn aatnaacaag gcntgactta tttccaaaaa      540
aaaaaaaaa aa                                     552

```

```

<210> 80
<211> 476
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (476)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 80
acagggattt gagatgctaa ggccccagag atcgtttgat ccaaccctct tattttcaga      60
ggggaaaatg gggcctagaa gttacagagc atctagctgg tgcgctggca cccctggcct      120
cacacagact ccgagtagc tgggactaca ggcacacagt cactgaagca ggccctgttt      180
gcaattcacg ttgccacctc caacttaaac attcttcata tgtgatgtcc ttagtcacta      240
agggttaaact ttcccaccca gaaaaggcaa cttagataaa atcttagagt actttcatac      300
tcttctaagt cctcttccag cctcactttg agtctctcct ggggggttgat aggaantntc      360

```



```
tcttggtttt ctcaataaaa tctctatcca tctcatgttt aatttggtac gcntaaaaat 420
gctgaaaaaa ttaaaatgtt ctggtttcnc tttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 476
```

```
<210> 81
<211> 232
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(232)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

```
<400> 81
tttttttttg tatgcctcn ctgtggngtt attgttgctg ccaccctgga ggagcccagt 60
ttcttctgta tctttctttt ctggggggtc ttcttggtc tgccctcca tccccagct 120
ctcatcccca tcttgactt ttgctagggt tggaggcgt ttcttggtag cccctcagag 180
actcagtcag cgggaataag tcctaggggt ggggggtgtg gcaagccggc ct 232
```

```
<210> 82
<211> 383
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(383)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

```
<400> 82
aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactggtgcc 60
agtaccagta ccaataacat gccagtgccg gtgccagcac cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtg 120
gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctacatttg ggctcttcgc tggccttggg ggagctggtg 180
ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta caagtgcgat tttagatatt 240
gttaatcctg ccagtctttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac ctcaaaaacc tactcaacac 300
agcactctng gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca ctctgcatta aatctatttg 360
ccatttcaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaa 383
```

```
<210> 83
<211> 494
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(494)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

```
<400> 83
accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgtcctc cagtattacc tcaacgagca 60
gggagatcga gtctatacgc tgaagaaatt tgaccgatg ggacaacaga cctgtctcagc 120
ccatcctgct cggttctccc cagatgacaa atactctcga caccgaatca ccatcaagaa 180
acgcttcaag gtgctcatga cccagcaacc gcgcctgtc ctctgagggg ccttaaactg 240
atgtcttttc tgccacctgt taccctcgg agactccgta accaaactct tcggactgtg 300
agccctgatg cctttttgcc agccatactc tttggcntcc agtctctcgt ggcgattgat 360
```

```

tatgcttgtg tgaggcaatc atggtggcat caccatnaa gggaacacat ttganttttt 420
tttncatat tttaaattac naccagaata nttcagaata aatgaattga aaaactctta 480
aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 494

```

```

<210> 84
<211> 380
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(380)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 84
gctggtagcc tatggcgtgg ccacggangg gctcctgagg cacgggacag tgacttccca 60
agtatcctgc gccgcgtctt ctaccgtccc tacctgcaga tcttcgggca gattccccag 120
gaggacatgg acgtggccct catggagcac agcaactgct cgtcggagcc cggcttctgg 180
gcacaccctc ctggggccca ggcgggcacc tgcgtctccc agtatgccaa ctggctgggtg 240
gtgctgctcc tcgtcatctt cctgctcgtg gccaacatcc tgctgggtcac ttgctcattg 300
ccatgttcag ttacacattc ggcaaagtac agggcaacag cnatctctac tgggaaggcc 360
agcggttncg cctcatccgg 380

```

```

<210> 85
<211> 481
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(481)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 85
gagttagctc ctccacaacc ttgatgaggt cgtctgcagt ggccctctgc ttcataccgc 60
tnccatcgtc atactgtagg tttgccacca cctcctgcat cttggggcgg ctaatatcca 120
ggaaactctc aatcaagtca ccgtcnatna aacctgtggc tggttctgtc ttccgctcgg 180
tgtgaaagga tctccagaag gagtgtctga tcttcccac acttttgatg actttattga 240
gtcgattctg catgtccagc aggaggttgt accagctctc tgacagtgag gtcaccagcc 300
ctatcatgcc nttgaacgtg ccgaagaaca ccgagccttg tgtggggggg gnagtctcac 360
ccagattctg cattaccaga nagccgtggc aaaaganatt gacaactcgc ccaggnngaa 420
aaagaacacc tcctggaagt gctngccgct cctcgtcctt tgggtggnngc gcntnccttt 480
t 481

```

```

<210> 86
<211> 472
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(472)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 86

```

```

aacatcttcc tgtataatgc tgtgtaatat cgatccgatn ttgtctgctg agaattcatt      60
acttggaana gcaacttnaa gcctggacac tggattataa attcacaata tgcaacactt      120
taaacagtgt gtcaatctgc tcccttactt tgtcatcacc agtctgggaa taagggtatg      180
ccctattcac acctgttaaa agggcgctaa gcatttttga ttcaacatct ttttttttga      240
cacaagtccg aaaaaagcaa aagtaaacag ttnttaattt gtagccaat tcactttctt      300
catgggacag agccatttga tttaaaaagc aaattgcata atattgagct ttgggagctg      360
atatntgagc ggaagantag ccttttctact tcaccagaca caactccttt catattggga      420
tgtnacnaa agttatgtct cttacagatg ggatgctttt gtggcaattc tg              472

```

```

<210> 87
<211> 413
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(413)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 87
agaaaccagt atctctnaaa acaacctctc ataccttgtg gacctaatTT tgtgtgcgtg      60
tgtgtgtgcg cgcataattat atagacaggg acatcttttt tacttttTga aaagcttatg      120
cctctttTgt atctatatct gtgaaagttt taatgatctg ccataatgtc ttggggacct      180
ttgtcttctg tgtaaagtgt actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagtTngt      240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc cttgactagg      300
ggggacaaaag aaaagcnaaa ctgaacatna gaaacaattn cctggTgaga aattncataa      360
acagaaattg ggtngtatat tgaaanannG catcattnaa acgttttttt ttt              413

```

```

<210> 88
<211> 448
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(448)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 88
cgcagcgggt cctctctatc tagctccagc ctctcgctg cccactccc cgcgtcccgc      60
gtcctagcnn accatggccg ggccctgTg cgcccgctg ctctgctgg ccactctggc      120
cgtggccctg gccgtgagcc ccgcggccgg ctccagtccc ggcaagccgc cgcgcctggT      180
gggaggccca tggaccccgT gtggaagaag aaggtgtgTg gcgtgcactg gactttgccc      240
tcggcnanta caacaaaccT gcaacnactt ttaccnagcn cgcgctgcag gttgtgcccT      300
cccaancaaa ttgttactng gggtaantaa ttcttggaag ttgaacctgg gccaaacnng      360
tttaccagaa ccnagccaat tngaacaatt ncccctccat aacagcccct tttaaaaagg      420
gaancantcc tgntcttttc caaatttt              448

```

```

<210> 89
<211> 463
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature

```

<222> (1)...(463)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 89

gaattttgtg	cactggccac	tgtgatggaa	ccattggggc	aggatgcttt	gagtttatca	60
gtagtgattc	tgccaaagt	ggtgttgtaa	catgagtatg	taaaatgtca	aaaaattagc	120
agaggtctag	gtctgcatat	cagcagacag	tttgtccgtg	tattttgtag	ccttgaaagt	180
ctcagtgaca	agttntttct	gatgcgaagt	tctnattcca	gtgttttagt	cctttgcatc	240
tttnatgtn	agacttgcc	ctntnaaatt	gcttttgtnt	tctgcaggta	ctatctgtgg	300
tttaacaaaa	tagaannact	tctctgcttn	gaanatttga	atatcttaca	tctnaaaatn	360
aattctctcc	ccatannaaa	acccangccc	ttggganaat	ttgaaaaang	gntccttcnn	420
aattcnnana	anttcagntn	tcatacaaca	naacngganc	ccc		463

<210> 90

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(400)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 90

agggattgaa	ggtctnttnt	actgtcggac	tgttcancca	ccaactctac	aagttgctgt	60
cttcactca	ctgtctgtaa	gentnttaac	ccagactgta	tcttcataaa	tagaacaaat	120
tcttcaccag	tcacatcttc	taggaccttt	ttggattcag	ttagtataag	ctctccact	180
tcctttgtta	agacttcac	tggtaaaagtc	ttaagttttg	tagaaaggaa	tttaattgct	240
cgttctctaa	caatgtcctc	tccttgaagt	atttggctga	acaaccacc	tnaagtcctt	300
ttgtgcatcc	attttaaata	tacttaatag	ggcattggtn	cactaggtta	aattctgcaa	360
gagtcacctg	tctgcaaaaag	ttgcgttagt	atatctgcca			400

<210> 91

<211> 480

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(480)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 91

gagctcggat	ccaataatct	ttgtctgagg	gcagcacaca	tatncagtgc	catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc	acatgggagc	agcatgccgt	agntatataa	ggtcattccc	tgagtcagac	120
atgcctcttt	gactaccgtg	tgccagtgtc	ggtgattctc	acacacctcc	nnccgctctt	180
tgtggaaaaa	ctggcacttg	nctggaacta	gcaagacatc	acttacaaat	tcacccacga	240
gacacttgaa	aggtgtaaca	aagcgactct	tgcattgtct	tttgtccctc	cggcaccagt	300
tgtcaatact	aacccgctgg	tttgccctca	tcacatttgt	gatctgtagc	tctggataca	360
tctctgaca	gtactgaaga	acttcttctt	ttgtttcaaa	agcaactctt	ggtgcctgtt	420
ngatcagggt	cccatttccc	agtccgaatg	ttcacatggc	atatnttact	tcccacaaaa	480

<210> 92

<211> 477

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(477)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 92

atacagccca	natcccacca	cgaagatgcg	cttggtgact	gagaacctga	tgcggtcact	60
gggtcccgtg	tagccccagc	gactctccac	ctgctggaag	cggttgatgc	tgcactcctt	120
cccacgcagg	cagcagcggg	gccggtcaat	gaactccact	cgtggccttg	ggttgacggt	180
taantgcagg	aagaggctga	ccacctcgcg	gtccaccagg	atgcccgact	gtgcgggacc	240
tgcagcga	ctcctcgatg	gtcatgagcg	ggaagcgaat	gangcccagg	gccttgccca	300
gaaccttccg	cctgttctct	ggcgtcacct	gcagctgctg	ccgctnacac	tcggcctcgg	360
accagcggac	aaacggcggt	gaacagccgc	acctcacgga	tgcccantgt	gtcgcgctcc	420
aggaacggcn	ccagcgtgtc	cagggtcaatg	tcgggtgaanc	ctccgcgggt	aatggcg	477

<210> 93

<211> 377

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(377)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 93

gaacggctgg	accttgccctc	gcattgtgct	gctggcagga	ataccttggc	aagcagctcc	60
agtccgagca	gccccagacc	gctgccgccc	gaagctaagc	ctgcctcttg	ccttcccctc	120
cgcctcaatg	cagaaccant	agtgggagca	ctgtgttttag	agttaagagt	gaacactgtn	180
tgattttact	tggaatttcc	ctctgttata	tagcttttcc	caatgcta	ttccaaacaa	240
caacaacaaa	ataacatgtt	tgccctgttna	gttgataaaa	agtangtgat	tctgtatnta	300
aagaaaatat	tactgtttaca	tatactgctt	gcaanttctg	tattttattg	tnctctggaa	360
ataaatatat	tattaaa					377

<210> 94

<211> 495

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(495)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 94

ccctttgagg	ggttagggtc	cagttcccag	tggaagaaac	aggccaggag	aantgcgtgc	60
cgagctgang	cagatttccc	acagtgaccc	cagagccctg	ggctatagtc	tctgacccct	120
ccaaggaaag	accaccttct	ggggacatgg	gctggagggc	aggacctaga	ggcaccaagg	180
gaaggcccca	ttccggggct	gttccccgag	gaggaaggga	aggggctctg	tgtgcccccc	240
acgaggaana	ggccctgant	cctgggatca	nacaccctt	cacgtgtatc	cccacacaaa	300
tgcaagctca	ccaagggtccc	ctctcagtcc	cttccctaca	ccctgaacgg	ncactggccc	360
acacccaccc	agancancca	cccgccatgg	ggaatgttct	caaggaatcg	cngggcaacg	420
tggactctng	tccnnaagg	gggcagaatc	tccaatagan	gganngaacc	cttgctnana	480

aaaaaaaaana aaaaaa

495

<210> 95

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (472)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 95

ggttacttgg	tttcattgcc	accacttagt	ggatgtcatt	tagaaccatt	ttgtctgctc	60
cctctggaag	ccttgcgcag	agcggacttt	gtaattggtg	gagaataact	gctgaatttt	120
tagctgtttt	gagttgattc	gcaccactgc	accacaactc	aatatgaaaa	ctatttnact	180
tatttattat	cttgtgaaaa	gtatacaatg	aaaattttgt	tcatactgta	tttatcaagt	240
atgatgaaaa	gcaatagata	tatattcttt	tattatgtn	aattatgatt	gccattatta	300
atcggaaaaa	tgtggagtgt	atgttctttt	cacagtaata	tatgcctttt	gtaacttcac	360
ttgggtattt	tattgtaa	gaattacaaa	attcttaatt	taagaaaatg	gtangttata	420
tttanttcan	taatttcttt	ccttgtttac	gttaattttg	aaaagaatgc	at	472

<210> 96

<211> 476

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (476)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 96

ctgaagcatt	tcttcaaa	act	tntctacttt	tgtcattgat	acctgtagta	agttgacaat	60
gtggtgaaat	ttcaaaatta	tatgtaactt	ctactagttt	tactttctcc	cccaagtctt		120
ttttaactca	tgatttttac	acacacaatc	cagaacttat	tatatagcct	ctaagtcttt		180
attcttcaca	gtagatgatg	aaagagtcc	ccagtgtctt	gngcanaatg	ttctagntat		240
agctggatac	atacngtggg	agttctataa	actcatacct	cagtgggact	naaccaa	aat	300
tgtgttagtc	tcaattccta	ccacactgag	ggagcctccc	aaatcactat	attcttatct		360
gcaggtactc	ctccagaaaa	acngacaggg	caggcttgca	tgaaaaagtn	acatctgcgt		420
tacaaagtct	atcttcctca	nangtctgtn	aaggaacaat	ttaatcttct	agcttt		476

<210> 97

<211> 479

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (479)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 97

actctttcta	atgctgat	gatcttgagt	ataagaatgc	atatgtcact	agaatggata	60
aaataatgct	gcaaaactta	tgcttctatg	caaaatggaa	cgctaata	gaaacacagctta	120

caatcgcaaa	tcaaaactca	caagtgtctca	tctgtttag	athtagtgta	ataagactta	180
gattgtgtc	cttcggatat	gattgtttct	canatcttg	gcaatnttc	ttagtcaaat	240
caggctacta	gaattctgtt	attggatatn	tgagagcatg	aaatttttaa	naatacactt	300
gtgattatna	aattaatcac	aaatttcact	tatacctgct	atcagcagct	agaaaaacat	360
ntnnttttta	natcaaagta	ttttgtgttt	ggaantgtnn	aatgaaatc	tgaatgtggg	420
ttcnatctta	ttttttcccn	gacnactant	tnctttttta	gggnctattc	tganccatc	479

<210> 98

<211> 461

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 98

agtgacttgt	cctccaacaa	aacccttga	tcaagtttgt	ggcactgaca	atcagaccta	60
tgctagtcc	tgctactat	tcgctactaa	atgcagactg	gaggggacca	aaaaggggca	120
tcaactccag	ctggattatt	ttggagcctg	caaactctatt	cctacttgta	cggactttga	180
agtgattcag	tttctctac	ggatgagaga	ctggctcaag	aatatcctca	tcagacttta	240
tgaagccact	ctgaacacgc	tggttatcta	gatgagaaca	gagaaataaa	gtcagaaaat	300
ttacctggag	aaaagaggct	ttggctgggg	accatcccat	tgaaccttct	cttaaggact	360
ttaagaaaaa	ctaccacatg	ttgtgtatcc	tggtgccggc	cgtttatgaa	ctgaccaccc	420
tttggataaa	tcttgacgct	cctgaacttg	ctcctctgcg	a		461

<210> 99

<211> 171

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 99

gtggccgcgc	gcaggtgttt	cctcgtagcg	cagggccccc	tccttcccc	aggcgtccct	60
cggcgccctc	gcgggcccga	ggaggagcgg	ctggcggttg	gggggagtgt	gaccacccct	120
cggtgagaaa	agccttctct	agcgatctga	gaggcggtgc	ttgggggtac	c	171

<210> 100

<211> 269

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 100

cggccgcaag	tgcaactcca	gctggggcgc	tcgggacgaa	gattctgccca	gcagttggtc	60
cgactgcgac	gacggcggcg	gcgacagtcg	caggtgcagc	gcgggcgcct	gggtcttg	120
aaggctgagc	tgacgccgca	gaggtcgtgt	cacgtccac	gaccttgacg	ccgtcgggga	180
cagccggaac	agagcccggg	gaagcgggag	gcctcgggga	gcccctcggg	aaggcgggcc	240
cgagagatac	gcaggtgcag	gtggccgccc				269

<210> 101

<211> 405

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 101

tttttttttt	ttttggaatc	tactgcgagc	acagcaggtc	agcaacaagt	ttattttgca	60
gctagcaagg	taacagggtg	gggcatgggt	acatgttcag	gtcaacttcc	tttgtcgtgg	120
ttgattgggt	tgcttttatg	ggggcggggt	ggggtagggg	aaacgaagca	aataacatgg	180
agtgggtgca	ccctccctgt	agaacctggg	tacaaaagctt	ggggcagttc	acctggctgt	240
tgaccgtcat	tttcttgaca	tcaatgttat	tagaagtcag	gatatttttt	agagagtcca	300

ctgttctgga	gggagattag	ggtttcttgc	caaatccaac	aaaatccact	gaaaaagttg	360
gatgatcagt	acgaataccg	aggcatattc	tcatatcggt	ggcca		405

<210> 102
 <211> 470
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 102						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	60
ggcacttaat	ccatttttat	ttcaaaatgt	ctacaaattt	aatcccatta	tacgggtattt	120
tcaaaatcta	aattattcaa	attagccaaa	tccttaccaa	ataataccca	aaaatcaaaa	180
ataactttct	ttcagcaaac	ttgttacata	aattaaaaaa	atatatacgg	ctgggtgtttt	240
caaagtacaa	ttatcttaac	actgcaaac	ttttaaggaa	ctaaaataaa	aaaaaacact	300
ccgcaaaggt	taaagggaac	aacaaattct	tttacaacac	cattataaaa	atcatatctc	360
aaatcttagg	ggaatatata	cttcacacgg	gatcttaact	tttactcact	ttgtttattt	420
ttttaaacca	ttgtttgggc	ccaacacaat	ggaatccccc	ctggactagt		470

<210> 103
 <211> 581
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 103						
tttttttttt	ttttttttga	ccccctctt	ataaaaaaca	agttaccatt	ttattttact	60
tacacatatt	tattttataa	ttggtattag	atattcaaaa	ggcagctttt	aaaatcaaac	120
taaatggaaa	ctgccttaga	tacataattc	ttaggaatta	gcttaaaatc	tgccataagt	180
gaaaatcttc	tctagctctt	ttgactgtaa	atttttgact	cttgtaaaac	atccaaattc	240
atttttcttg	tccttaaaat	tatctaattc	ttccattttt	tccctattcc	aagtcaattt	300
gcttctctag	cctcatttcc	tagctcttat	ctactattag	taagtggctt	tttctctaaa	360
agggaataca	ggaagagaaa	tggcacacaa	aacaaacatt	ttatattcat	atttctacct	420
acgttaataa	aatagcattt	tgtgaagcca	gctcaaaaga	aggcttagat	ccttttatgt	480
ccatttttagt	cactaaacga	tatcaaagtg	ccagaatgca	aaagggttgt	gaacatttat	540
tcaaaagcta	atataagata	tttcacatac	tcattcttct	g		581

<210> 104
 <211> 578
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 104						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttctctt	cttttttttt	gaaatgagga	tcgagttttt	60
cactctctag	atagggcatt	aagaaaactc	atctttccag	ctttaaaata	acaatcaaat	120
ctcttatgct	atatcatatt	ttaagttaaa	ctaataagtc	actggcttat	cttctctctga	180
aggaaatctg	ttcattcttc	tcattcatat	agttatatca	agtactacct	tgcatattga	240
gaggtttttt	ttctctattt	acacatatat	ttccatgtga	atttgatatca	aacctttatt	300
ttcatgcaaa	ctagaaaata	atgtttcttt	tgcataagag	aagagaacaa	tatagcatta	360
caaaactgct	caaattgttt	gttaagtatt	ccattataat	tagttggcag	gagctaatac	420
aatcacatt	tacgacagca	ataataaaac	tgaagtacca	gttaaatatc	caaaataatt	480
aaaggaacat	ttttagcctg	ggtataatta	gctaattcac	tttacaagca	tttattagaa	540
tgaattcaca	tggtattatt	cctagcccaa	cacaatgg			578

<210> 105
 <211> 538
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 105

tttttttttt	tttttcagta	ataatcagaa	caatatttat	ttttatattt	aaaattcata	60
gaaaagtgcc	ttacatttaa	taaaagtttg	tttctcaaag	tgatcagagg	aattagatat	120
gtcttgaaca	ccaatattaa	tttgaggaaa	atacaccaaa	atacattaag	taaattattt	180
aagatcatag	agcttgtaag	cgaaaagata	aaatttgacc	tcagaaactc	tgagcattaa	240
aaatccacta	ttagcaaata	aattactatg	gacttcttgc	tttaattttg	tgatgaatat	300
ggggtgtcac	tggtaaacca	acacattctg	aaggatacat	tacttagtga	tagattctta	360
tgtactttgc	taatacgtgg	atatgagttg	acaagtttct	ctttcttcaa	tcttttaagg	420
ggcgagaaat	gaggaagaaa	agaaaaggat	tacgcatact	gttctttcta	tgggaaggatt	480
agatatgttt	cctttgccaa	tattaaaaaa	ataataatgt	ttactactag	tgaaaccc	538

<210> 106

<211> 473

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 106

tttttttttt	ttttttagtc	aagtttctat	ttttattata	attaaagtct	tggtcatttc	60
atattattagc	tctgcaactt	acataatttaa	attaaagaaa	cgtttttagac	aactgtacaa	120
tttataaatg	taaggtgcca	ttattgagta	atatattcct	ccaagagtgg	atgtgtccct	180
tctcccacca	actaatgaac	agcaacatta	gtttaatttt	attagtagat	atacactgct	240
gcaaacgcta	attctcttct	ccatcccat	gtgatattgt	gtatatgtgt	gagttggtag	300
aatgcatac	aatctacaat	caacagcaag	atgaagctag	gctgggcttt	cggtgaaaaat	360
agactgtgtc	tgtctgaatc	aaatgatctg	acctatcctc	ggtggcaaga	actcttcgaa	420
ccgcttctct	aaaggcgtg	ccacatttgt	ggctctttgc	acttgtttca	aaa	473

<210> 107

<211> 1621

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 107

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<210> 108
 <211> 382
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 108

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Met Ala Leu Gln Gly Ile Ser Val Met Glu Leu Ser Gly Leu Ala Pro
1      5      10      15
Gly Pro Phe Cys Ala Met Val Leu Ala Asp Phe Gly Ala Arg Val Val
20     25     30
Arg Val Asp Arg Pro Gly Ser Arg Tyr Asp Val Ser Arg Leu Gly Arg
35     40     45
Gly Lys Arg Ser Leu Val Leu Asp Leu Lys Gln Pro Arg Gly Ala Ala
50     55     60
Val Leu Arg Arg Leu Cys Lys Arg Ser Asp Val Leu Leu Glu Pro Phe
65     70     75     80
Arg Arg Gly Val Met Glu Lys Leu Gln Leu Gly Pro Glu Ile Leu Gln
85     90     95
Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg Leu Ile Tyr Ala Arg Leu Ser Gly Phe Gly Gln
100    105    110
Ser Gly Ser Phe Cys Arg Leu Ala Gly His Asp Ile Asn Tyr Leu Ala
115    120    125
Leu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Asn Pro Tyr
130    135    140
Ala Pro Leu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asp Phe Ala Gly Gly Gly Leu Met Cys
145    150    155    160
Ala Leu Gly Ile Ile Met Ala Leu Phe Asp Arg Thr Arg Thr Asp Lys
165    170    175
Gly Gln Val Ile Asp Ala Asn Met Val Glu Gly Thr Ala Tyr Leu Ser
180    185    190
Ser Phe Leu Trp Lys Thr Gln Lys Ser Ser Leu Trp Glu Ala Pro Arg
195    200    205
Gly Gln Asn Met Leu Asp Gly Gly Ala Pro Phe Tyr Thr Thr Tyr Arg
210    215    220
Thr Ala Asp Gly Glu Phe Met Ala Val Gly Ala Ile Glu Pro Gln Phe
225    230    235    240
Tyr Glu Leu Leu Ile Lys Gly Leu Gly Leu Lys Ser Asp Glu Leu Pro
245    250    255
Asn Gln Met Ser Met Asp Asp Trp Pro Glu Met Lys Lys Lys Phe Ala
260    265    270
Asp Val Phe Ala Lys Lys Thr Lys Ala Glu Trp Cys Gln Ile Phe Asp
275    280    285
Gly Thr Asp Ala Cys Val Thr Pro Val Leu Thr Phe Glu Glu Val Val
290    295    300
His His Asp His Asn Lys Glu Arg Gly Ser Phe Ile Thr Ser Glu Glu
305    310    315    320
Gln Asp Val Ser Pro Arg Pro Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Asn Thr Pro Ala

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325 330 335
 Ile Pro Ser Phe Lys Arg Asp Pro Phe Ile Gly Glu His Thr Glu Glu
 340 345 350
 Ile Leu Glu Phe Gly Phe Ser Arg Glu Glu Ile Tyr Gln Leu Asn
 355 360 365
 Ser Asp Lys Ile Ile Glu Ser Asn Lys Val Lys Ala Ser Leu
 370 375 380

<210> 109
 <211> 1524
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 109
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 gggtttgtacc acctgggccc cactgtcctc tgcctcgact tcatggtttt cagggtgcgg 240
 ctgcttcaca ctctcacggc caacaaacag ctggggccca agatcgatcat cgtgagcaag 300
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<210> 110
 <211> 3410
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 110
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 aagctggacc ggcaccaaag ggctggcaga aatgggcgcc tggctgattc ctaggcagtt 180
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ctgtgtcccc	ctcctagget	cagccagtga	ccactggcgt	ggacgctatg	gccgccgccg	540
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cctgggcgtg	gggctgctgg	acttctgtgg	ccagggtgtg	ttcactccac	tggaggccct	720
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aaaaaaaaara	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaataa	aaaaaaaaaa		3410

<210> 111

<211> 1289

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 111

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ccatgcagtg cttcagcttc attaagacca tgatgatcct cttcaatttg ctcactcttc      180
tgtgtggtgc agccctggtg gcagtgggca tctgggtgtc aatcgatggg gcactctttc      240
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<210> 112

<211> 315

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 112

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Met Val Phe Thr Val Arg Leu Leu His Ile Phe Thr Val Asn Lys Gln
 1          5          10          15
Leu Gly Pro Lys Ile Val Ile Val Ser Lys Met Met Lys Asp Val Phe
 20          25          30
Phe Phe Leu Phe Phe Leu Gly Val Trp Leu Val Ala Tyr Gly Val Ala
 35          40          45
Thr Glu Gly Leu Leu Arg Pro Arg Asp Ser Asp Phe Pro Ser Ile Leu
 50          55          60
Arg Arg Val Phe Tyr Arg Pro Tyr Leu Gln Ile Phe Gly Gln Ile Pro
 65          70          75          80
Gln Glu Asp Met Asp Val Ala Leu Met Glu His Ser Asn Cys Ser Ser
 85          90          95
Glu Pro Gly Phe Trp Ala His Pro Pro Gly Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Cys
100          105          110
Val Ser Gln Tyr Ala Asn Trp Leu Val Val Leu Leu Leu Val Ile Phe
115          120          125
Leu Leu Val Ala Asn Ile Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Ile Ala Met Phe
130          135          140
Ser Tyr Thr Phe Gly Lys Val Gln Gly Asn Ser Asp Leu Tyr Trp Lys
145          150          155          160
Ala Gln Arg Tyr Arg Leu Ile Arg Glu Phe His Ser Arg Pro Ala Leu
165          170          175
Ala Pro Pro Phe Ile Val Ile Ser His Leu Arg Leu Leu Leu Arg Gln
180          185          190
Leu Cys Arg Arg Pro Arg Ser Pro Gln Pro Ser Ser Pro Ala Leu Glu

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      195              200              205
His Phe Arg Val Tyr Leu Ser Lys Glu Ala Glu Arg Lys Leu Leu Thr
  210              215              220
Trp Glu Ser Val His Lys Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Ala Arg Ala Arg Asp
225              230              235              240
Lys Arg Glu Ser Asp Ser Glu Arg Leu Lys Arg Thr Ser Gln Lys Val
      245              250              255
Asp Leu Ala Leu Lys Gln Leu Gly His Ile Arg Glu Tyr Glu Gln Arg
      260              265              270
Leu Lys Val Leu Glu Arg Glu Val Gln Gln Cys Ser Arg Val Leu Gly
      275              280              285
Trp Val Ala Glu Ala Leu Ser Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu Pro Pro Gly Gly
      290              295              300
Pro Pro Pro Pro Asp Leu Pro Gly Ser Lys Asp
305              310              315

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<210> 113
<211> 553
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

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      <400> 113
Met Val Gln Arg Leu Trp Val Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg His Arg Lys Ala
  1              5              10              15
Gln Leu Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Thr Phe Gly Leu Glu Val Cys Leu
      20              25              30
Ala Ala Gly Ile Thr Tyr Val Pro Leu Leu Leu Glu Val Gly Val
      35              40              45
Glu Glu Lys Phe Met Thr Met Val Leu Gly Ile Gly Pro Val Leu Gly
      50              55              60
Leu Val Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala Ser Asp His Trp Arg Gly
      65              70              75              80
Arg Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile
      85              90              95
Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu
      100              105              110
Leu Cys Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly
      115              120              125
Val Gly Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val Cys Phe Thr Pro Leu Glu
      130              135              140
Ala Leu Leu Ser Asp Leu Phe Arg Asp Pro Asp His Cys Arg Gln Ala
      145              150              155              160
Tyr Ser Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu Gly Gly Cys Leu Gly Tyr
      165              170              175
Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Asp Trp Asp Thr Ser Ala Leu Ala Pro Tyr Leu
      180              185              190
Gly Thr Gln Glu Glu Cys Leu Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Leu Ile Phe Leu
      195              200              205
Thr Cys Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Ala Ala Leu Gly
      210              215              220
Pro Thr Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro His
      225              230              235              240
Cys Cys Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala Phe Arg Asn Leu Gly Ala Leu
      245              250              255
Leu Pro Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg Met Pro Arg Thr Leu Arg

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      260      265      270
Arg Leu Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp Met Ala Leu Met Thr Phe
      275      280      285
Thr Leu Phe Tyr Thr Asp Phe Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val
      290      295      300
Pro Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly
305      310      315      320
Val Arg Met Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Cys Ala Ile Ser Leu
      325      330      335
Val Phe Ser Leu Val Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Phe Gly Thr Arg
      340      345      350
Ala Val Tyr Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Phe Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Ala
      355      360      365
Thr Cys Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu
      370      375      380
Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr Leu Ala
385      390      395      400
Ser Leu Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Pro Lys Tyr Arg Gly
      405      410      415
Asp Thr Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Leu Met Thr Ser Phe Leu
      420      425      430
Pro Gly Pro Lys Pro Gly Ala Pro Phe Pro Asn Gly His Val Gly Ala
      435      440      445
Gly Gly Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Cys Gly Ala Ser
      450      455      460
Ala Cys Asp Val Ser Val Arg Val Val Val Gly Glu Pro Thr Glu Ala
465      470      475      480
Arg Val Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Ile Cys Leu Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Asp
      485      490      495
Ser Ala Phe Leu Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Met Gly Ser
      500      505      510
Ile Val Gln Leu Ser Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Tyr Met Val Ser Ala Ala
      515      520      525
Gly Leu Gly Leu Val Ala Ile Tyr Phe Ala Thr Gln Val Val Phe Asp
      530      535      540
Lys Ser Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Ser Ala
545      550

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<210> 114

<211> 241

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 114

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Met Gln Cys Phe Ser Phe Ile Lys Thr Met Met Ile Leu Phe Asn Leu
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Leu Ile Phe Leu Cys Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Val
      20      25      30
Ser Ile Asp Gly Ala Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Phe Gly Pro Leu Ser Ser
      35      40      45
Ser Ala Met Gln Phe Val Asn Val Gly Tyr Phe Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly
      50      55      60
Val Val Val Phe Ala Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Cys Tyr Gly Ala Lys Thr
      65      70      75      80
Glu Ser Lys Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Leu Ile

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				85						90					95				
Phe	Ile	Ala	Glu	Val	Ala	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Ala	Leu	Val	Tyr	Thr	Thr				
			100						105					110					
Met	Ala	Glu	His	Phe	Leu	Thr	Leu	Leu	Val	Val	Pro	Ala	Ile	Lys	Lys				
		115					120					125							
Asp	Tyr	Gly	Ser	Gln	Glu	Asp	Phe	Thr	Gln	Val	Trp	Asn	Thr	Thr	Met				
	130					135					140								
Lys	Gly	Leu	Lys	Cys	Cys	Gly	Phe	Thr	Asn	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Phe	Glu	Asp				
145				150						155					160				
Ser	Pro	Tyr	Phe	Lys	Glu	Asn	Ser	Ala	Phe	Pro	Pro	Phe	Cys	Cys	Asn				
				165					170					175					
Asp	Asn	Val	Thr	Asn	Thr	Ala	Asn	Glu	Thr	Cys	Thr	Lys	Gln	Lys	Ala				
			180					185					190						
His	Asp	Gln	Lys	Val	Glu	Gly	Cys	Phe	Asn	Gln	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Ile				
	195					200						205							
Arg	Thr	Asn	Ala	Val	Thr	Val	Gly	Gly	Val	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ile	Gly	Gly				
	210					215					220								
Leu	Glu	Leu	Ala	Ala	Met	Ile	Val	Ser	Met	Tyr	Leu	Tyr	Cys	Asn	Leu				
225					230					235					240				
Gln																			

<210> 115

<211> 366

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 115

gctctttctc	tcccctcctc	tgaatttaaat	tctttcaact	tgcaatttgc	aaggattaca	60
catttcactg	tgatgtatat	tgtgttgcaa	aaaaaaaaaa	gtgtctttgt	ttaaaattac	120
ttggtttgtg	aatccatctt	gctttttccc	cattggaact	agtcattaac	ccatctctga	180
actggttagaa	aaacatctga	agagctagtc	tatcagcatc	tgacaggtga	attggatggt	240
tctcagaacc	atttcaccca	gacagcctgt	ttctatcctg	tttaataaat	tagtttgggt	300
tctctacatg	cataacaaac	cctgctccaa	tctgtcacat	aaaagtctgt	gacttgaagt	360
ttagtc						366

<210> 116

<211> 282

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (282)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 116

acaaagatga	accatttcct	atattatagc	aaaattaaaa	tctaccgta	ttctaattatt	60
gagaaatgag	atnaaacaca	atnttataaa	gtctacttag	agaagatcaa	gtgacctcaa	120
agactttact	atnttcatat	tttaagacac	atgatttata	ctatttttagt	aacctgggttc	180
atacgtaaa	caaaggataa	tgtgaacagc	agagaggatt	tgttggcaga	aatcttatgt	240
tcaatctnga	actatctana	tcacagacat	ttctatttct	tt		282

<210> 117

<211> 305

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(305)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 117

acacatgtcg cttcactgcc ttcttagatg cttctgggtca acatanagga acagggacca	60
tatttatcct ccctcctgaa acaattgcaa aataanacaa aatatatgaa acaattgcaa	120
aataaggcaa aatatatgaa acaacagggtc tcgagatatt ggaaatcagt caatgaagga	180
tactgatccc tgatcactgt cctaattgcag gatgtgggaa acagatgagg tcacctctgt	240
gactgccccca gcttactgcc tgtagagagt ttctangctg cagttcagac agggagaaat	300
tgggt	305

<210> 118

<211> 71

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(71)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 118

accaaggtgt ntgaatctct gacgtgggga tctctgattc ccgcacaatc tgagtggaaa	60
aantcctggg t	71

<210> 119

<211> 212

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(212)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 119

actccggttg gtgtcagcag cacgtggcat tgaacatngc aatgtggagc ccaaaccaca	60
gaaaatgggg tgaaattggc caactttcta tnaacttatg ttggcaantt tgccaccaac	120
agtaagctgg cccttctaataaaaagaaaat tgaaagggtt ctcactaanc ggaattaant	180
aatggantca aganactccc aggcctcagc gt	212

<210> 120

<211> 90

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(90)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 120
actcgttgca natcaggggc cccccagagt caccgttgca ggagtccttc tggctcttgcc 60
ctccgccggc gcagaacatg ctgggggtggt 90

<210> 121
<211> 218
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(218)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 121
tgtancgtga anacgacaga naggggtgtc aaaaatggag aanccttgaa gtcattttga 60
gaataagatt tgctaaaaga tttgggggcta aaacatgggtt attggggagac atttctgaag 120
atatncangt aaattangga atgaattcat gggtcttttg ggaattcctt tacgatngcc 180
agcatanact tcatgtgggg atancagcta cccttgta 218

<210> 122
<211> 171
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 122
taggggtgta tgcaactgta aggacaaaaa ttgagactca actggcttaa ccaataaagg 60
catttggttag ctcatggaac aggaagtcgg atgggtggggc atcttcagtg ctgcatgagt 120
caccaccccg gcgggggtcat ctgtgccaca ggtccctgtt gacagtgcgg t 171

<210> 123
<211> 76
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(76)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 123
tgtagcgtga agacnacaga atgggtgtgtg ctgtgctatc caggaacaca tttattatca 60
ttatcaanta ttgtgt 76

<210> 124
<211> 131
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 124
acctttcccc aaggccaatg tcctgtgtgc taactggccg gctgcaggac agctgcaatt 60
caatgtgctg ggtcatatgg aggggaggag actctaaaat agccaatttt attctcttgg 120
ttaagatttg t 131

```

<210> 125
<211> 432
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 125
actttatcta ctggctatga aatagatggg ggaaaattgc gttaccaact ataccactgg 60
cttgaaaaag aggtgatagc tcttcagagg acttgtgact ttgctcaga tgctgaagaa 120
ctacagtctg catttggcag aaatgaagat gaatttggat taaatgagga tgctgaagat 180
ttgcctcacc aaacaaaagt gaaacaactg agagaaaatt ttcaggaaaa aagacagtgg 240
ctcttgaagt atcagtcact ttgagaatg tttcttagtt actgcatact tcatggatcc 300
catgggtgggg gtcttgcacg tgtaagaatg gaattgattt tgcttttgca agaattctcag 360
caggaaacat cagaaccact attttctagc cctctgtcag agcaaaccct agtgcctctc 420
ctctttgctt gt 432

<210> 126
<211> 112
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 126
acacaacttg aatagtaaaa tagaaactga gctgaaattt ctaattcact ttctaaccat 60
agtaagaatg atatttcccc ccagggatca ccaaataatt ataaaaattt gt 112

<210> 127
<211> 54
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 127
accacgaaac cacaacaag atggaagcat caatccactt gccaaagcaca gcag 54

<210> 128
<211> 323
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 128
acctcattag taattgtttt gttgtttcat ttttttctaa tgtctcccct ctaccagctc 60
acctgagata acagaatgaa aatggaagga cagccagatt tctcctttgc tctctgctca 120
ttctctctga agtctaggtt acccattttg gggacccatt ataggcaata aacacagttc 180
ccaaagcatt tggacagttt cttgttgtgt tttagaatgg ttttcctttt tcttagcctt 240
ttcctgcaaa aggtcactc agtcccttgc ttgctcagtg gactgggctc cccagggcct 300
aggctgcctt cttttccatg tcc 323

<210> 129
<211> 192
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (192)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 129
acatacatgt gtgtatatatt ttaaatatca cttttgtatc actctgactt tttagcatac      60
tgaaaacaca ctaacataat ttntgtgaac catgatcaga tacaacccaa atcattcatc      120
tagcacattc atctgtgata naaagatagg tgagtttcat ttccttcacg ttggccaatg      180
gataaacaaa gt                                     192

```

```

<210> 130
<211> 362
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(362)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 130
ccctttttta tggaatgagt agactgtatg tttgaanatt tanccacaac ctctttgaca      60
tataatgacg caacaaaaag gtgctgttta gtcctatggt tcagtttatg cccctgacaa      120
gtttccattg tgttttgccg atcttctggc taatcgtggg atcctccatg ttattagtaa      180
ttctgtattc ctttttgcta acgcctggta gatgtaacct gctangaggc taactttata      240
cttatttaaa agctcttatt ttgtgggtcat taaaatggca atttatgtgc agcactttat      300
tgcagcagga agcacgtgtg gggtgggtgt aaagctcttt gctaattcta aaaagtaatg      360
gg                                     362

```

```

<210> 131
<211> 332
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(332)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 131
ctttttgaaa gatcgtgtcc actcctgtgg acatcttggt ttaatggagt tttccatgca      60
gtangactgg tatggttgca gctgtccaga taaaaacatt tgaagagctc caaaatgaga      120
gttctcccag gttcgccctg ctgctccaag tctcagcagc agcctctttt aggaggcatc      180
ttctgaacta gattaaggca gcttgtaa atgatgtgat ttgggtttatt atccaactaa      240
cttccatctg ttatcactgg agaaagccca gactcccan gacnggtacg gattgtgggc      300
atanaaggat tgggtgaagc tggcgttgtg gt                                     332

```

```

<210> 132
<211> 322
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(322)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 132
acttttgcca tttgtatat ataaacaatc ttgggacatt ctctgaaaa ctaggtgtcc      60

```

```

agtggcctaag agaactcgat ttcaagcaat tctgaaagga aaaccagcat gacacagaat 120
ctcaaattcc caaacagggg ctctgtggga aaaatgaggg aggacctttg tatctcgggt 180
tttagcaagt taaaatgaan atgacaggaa aggcttattt atcaacaaag agaagagttg 240
ggatgcttct aaaaaaaact ttggtagaga aaataggaat gctnaatcct agggaagcct 300
gtaacaatct acaattgggtc ca 322

```

<210> 133

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 133

```

acaagccttc acaagtttaa ctaaattggg attaatcttt ctgtanttat ctgcataatt 60
cttgtttttc tttccatctg gctcctgggt tgacaatttg tggaaacaac tctattgcta 120
ctatttaaaa aaaatcacia atctttccct ttaagctatg ttnaattcaa actattcctg 180
ctattcctgt tttgtcaaag aaattatatt tttcaaaata tgtntatttg tttgatgggt 240
cccacgaaac actaataaaa accacagaga ccagcctg 278

```

<210> 134

<211> 121

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(121)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 134

```

gtttanaaaa cttgttttagc tccatagagg aaagaatggt aaactttgta ttttaaaaca 60
tgattctctg aggttaaact tggttttcaa atgttatttt tacttgtatt ttgcttttgg 120
t 121

```

<210> 135

<211> 350

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(350)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 135

```

acttanaacc atgcctagca catcagaatc cctcaaagaa catcagtata atcctatacc 60
atancaagtg gtgactggtt aagcgtgcga caaagggtcag ctggcacatt acttggtgctc 120
aaacttgata cttttgttct aagtaggaac tagtatacag tncctaggan tggtagtcca 180
gggtgcccc caactcctgc agccgctcct ctgtgccagn ccctgnaagg aactttcgct 240
ccacctcaat caagccctgg gccatgctac ctgcaattgg ctgaacaaac gtttgctgag 300
ttcccaagga tgcaaagcct ggtgctcaac tcctggggcg tcaactcagt 350

```

<210> 136
 <211> 399
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (399)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 136
 tgtaccgtga agacgacaga agttgcatgg cagggacagg gcagggccga ggccagggtt 60
 gctgtgattg tatccgaata ntccctcgtga gaaaagataa tgagatgacg tgagcagcct 120
 gcagacttgt gtctgccttc aanaagccag acaggaagge cctgcctgcc ttggctctga 180
 cctggcggcc agccagccag ccacaggtgg gcttcttcct tttgtgggtga caacnccaag 240
 aaaactgcag agggccaggg tcaggtgtna gtgggtangt gaccataaaa caccaggtgc 300
 tcccaggaac ccgggcaaag gccatcccca cctacagcca gcatgcccac tggcgtgatg 360
 ggtgcagang gatgaagcag ccagntgttc tgctgtggt 399

<210> 137
 <211> 165
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (165)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 137
 actggtgtgg tngggggtga tgctgggtgt anaagttgan gtgacttcan gatggtgtgt 60
 ggaggaagtg tgtgaacgta gggatgtaga ngttttggcc gtgctaaatg agcttcggga 120
 ttggctggtc ccactggtgg tcactgtcat tgggtggggt cctgt 165

<210> 138
 <211> 338
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (338)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 138
 actcactgga atgccacatt cacaacagaa tcagaggtct gtgaaaacat taatggctcc 60
 ttaacttctc cagtaagaat cagggacttg aaatggaaac gttaacagcc acatgcccac 120
 tgctgggcag tctcccatgc cttccacagt gaaagggctt gagaaaaatc acatccaatg 180
 tcatgtgttt ccagccacac caaaaggtgc ttgggggtgga gggctggggg catananggt 240
 cangcctcag gaagcctcaa gtccattca gctttgccac tgtacattcc ccatntttaa 300
 aaaaactgat gccttttttt tttttttttg taaaattc 338

<210> 139
 <211> 382

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 139

gggaatcttg gtttttggca tctggtttgc ctatagccga ggccactttg acagaacaaa	60
gaaagggact tcgagtaaga aggtgattta cagccagcct agtgcccga gtgaaggaga	120
attcaaacag acctcgatcat tcctgggtgtg agcctgggtcg gctcaccgcc tatcatctgc	180
atttgccctta ctcaggtgct accggactct ggccctgat gtctgtagtt tcacaggatg	240
ccttatttgt cttctacacc ccacagggcc ccctacttct tcggatgtgt ttttaataat	300
gtcagctatg tgcccatcc tccttcatgc cctccctccc tttcctacca ctgctgagtg	360
gcctggaact tgtttaaagt gt	382

<210> 140

<211> 200

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(200)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 140

accaaactt ctttctgttg tgttngattt tactataggg gtttngcttn ttctaaanat	60
acttttcatt taacancttt tgttaagtgt caggctgcac tttgctccat anaattattg	120
ttttcacatt tcaacttgta tgtgtttgtc tcttanagca ttggtgaaat cacatatttt	180
atattcagca taaaggagaa	200

<210> 141

<211> 335

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(335)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 141

actttatttt caaaacactc atatgttgca aaaaacacat agaaaaataa agtttggtgg	60
gggtgctgac taaacttcaa gtcacagact tttatgtgac agattggagc agggtttgtt	120
atgcatgtag agaaccctaaa ctaatttatt aaacaggata gaaacaggct gtctgggtga	180
aatggttctg agaaccatcc aattcacctg tcagatgctg atanactagc tcttcagatg	240
tttttctacc agttcagaga tnggttaatg actantcca atggggaaaa agcaagatgg	300
attcacaac caagtaattt taaacaaaga cactt	335

<210> 142

<211> 459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 142

accagggttaa	tattgccaca	tatataccttt	ccaattgcgg	gctaaacaga	cgtgtatttta	60
gggttggttta	aagacaaccc	agcttaatat	caagagaaat	tgtgaccttt	catggagtat	120
ctgatggaga	aaacactgag	ttttgacaaa	tcttatttta	tccagatagc	agtctgatca	180
cacatgggtcc	aacaacactc	aaataataaa	tcaaataatna	tcagatgtta	aagattgggc	240
ttcaaacatc	atagccaatg	atgccccgct	tgcctataat	ctctccgaca	taaaaccaca	300
tcaacacctc	agtggccacc	aaaccattca	gcacagcttc	cttaactgtg	agctgtttga	360
agctaccagt	ctgagcacta	ttgactatnt	ttttcangct	ctgaatagct	ctagggatct	420
cagcangggg	gggaggaacc	agctcaacct	tggcgtant			459

<210> 143

<211> 140

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 143

acatttcctt	ccaccaagtc	aggactcctg	gcttctgtgg	gagttcttat	cacctgaggg	60
aaatccaaac	agtctctcct	agaaaggaat	agtgtcacca	acccaccca	tctccctgag	120
accatccgac	ttccctgtgt					140

<210> 144

<211> 164

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(164)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 144

acttcagtaa	caacatacaa	taacaacatt	aagtgtatat	tgccatcttt	gtcattttct	60
atctatacca	ctctcccttc	tgaaaacaan	aatcactanc	caatcactta	tacaaatttg	120
aggcaattaa	tccatatttg	ttttcaataa	ggaaaaaaag	atgt		164

<210> 145

<211> 303

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(303)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 145

acgtagacca	tccaactttg	tatttgtaat	ggcaaacatc	cagnagcaat	tcctaaacaa	60
actggagggt	atttataccc	aattatccca	ttcatthaaca	tgccctcctc	ctcaggctat	120
gcaggacagc	tatcataagt	cggcccaggc	atccagatac	taccatttgt	ataaacttca	180
gtaggggagt	ccatccaagt	gacagggtcta	atcaaaggag	gaaatggaac	ataagcccag	240
tagtaaaaatn	ttgcttagct	gaaacagcca	caaaagactt	accgccgtgg	tgattaccat	300
caa						303

<210> 146

<211> 327
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(327)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 146
 actgcagctc aattagaagt ggtctctgac tttcatcanc ttctccctgg gctccatgac 60
 actggcctgg agtgactcat tgctctgggt gggtgagaga gctcctttgc caacaggcct 120
 ccaagtcagg gctgggattt gtttcctttc cacattctag caacaatatg ctggccactt 180
 cctgaacagg gaggggtggga ggagccagca tggaacaagc tgccactttc taaagtagcc 240
 agacttgccc ctgggcctgt cacacctact gatgacctc tgtgcctgca ggatggaatg 300
 taggggtgag ctgtgtgact ctatggt 327

<210> 147
 <211> 173
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(173)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 147
 acattgtttt tttgagataa agcattgana gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
 actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gtt 173

<210> 148
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(477)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 148
 acaaccactt tatctcatcg aattttttaac ccaaactcac tcactgtgcc tttctatcct 60
 atgggatata ttatttgatg ctccatttca tcacacatat atgaataata cactcatact 120
 gccctactac ctgctgcaat aatcacattc ccttcctgtc ctgacctga agccattggg 180
 gtggctcctag tggccatcag tccangcctg caccttgagc ccttgagctc cattgctcac 240
 nccanccac ctcaccgacc ccatcctctt acacagctac ctccttgctc tctaacccca 300
 tagattatnt ccaaattcag tcaattaagt tactattaac actctaccg acatgtccag 360
 caccactggg aagccttctc cagccaacac acacacacac acacncacac acacacatat 420
 ccaggcacag gctacctcat cttcacaatc acccctttaa ttaccatgct atgggtgg 477

<210> 149
 <211> 207
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 149

```
acagttgtat tataatatca agaaataaac ttgcaatgag agcatttaag agggaagaac      60
taacgtatatt tagagagcca aggaagggtt ctgtggggag tgggatgtaa ggtggggcct      120
gatgataaat aagagtcagc caggtaagtg ggtggtgtgg tatgggcaca gtgaagaaca      180
tttcaggcag agggaacagc agtgaaa                                           207
```

<210> 150

<211> 111

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(111)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 150

```
accttgattt cattgctgct ctgatggaaa cccaactatc taatttagct aaaacatggg      60
cacttaaatt tggtcagtgt ttggacttgt taactantgg catctttggg t                111
```

<210> 151

<211> 196

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 151

```
agcgcggcag gtcattattga acattccaga tacctatcat tactcgatgc tgttgataac      60
agcaagatgg ctttgaactc agggtcacca ccagctattg gaccttacta tgaaaaccat      120
ggataccaac cggaaaacc cttcccgcga cagcccactg tggtecccccac tgtctacgag      180
gtgcatccgg ctcagt                                                         196
```

<210> 152

<211> 132

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 152

```
acagcacttt cacatgtaag aagggagaaa ttcctaaatg taggagaaag ataacagaac      60
cttccccttt tcatctagtg gtggaaacct gatgctttat gttgacagga atagaaccag      120
gaggagtttt gt                                                         132
```

<210> 153

<211> 285

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(285)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 153

```
acaanacca nganaggcca ctggccgtgg tgtcatggcc tccaaacatg aaagtgtcag      60
```

cttctgctct	tatgtcctca	tctgacaact	ctttaccatt	tttatcctcg	ctcagcagga	120
gcacatcaat	aaagtccaaa	gtcttggact	tggccttggc	ttggaggaag	tcatcaacac	180
cctggctagt	gagggtgcgg	cgccgctcct	ggatgacggc	atctgtgaag	tcgtgcacca	240
gtctgcaggc	cctgtggaag	cgccgtccac	acggagtnag	gaatt		285

<210> 154
 <211> 333
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 154						
accacagtcc	tggtggggcca	gggcttcatg	accctttctg	tgaaaagcca	tattatcacc	60
accccaaat	tttccttaaa	tatctttaac	tgaaggggtc	agcctcttga	ctgcaaagac	120
cctaagccgg	ttacacagct	aactcccact	ggccctgatt	tgtgaaattg	ctgctgcctg	180
attggcacag	gagtcgaagg	tgttcagctc	ccctcctccg	tggaacgaga	ctctgatttg	240
agtttcacaa	attctcgggc	cacctcgtea	ttgtcctctt	gaaataaaat	ccggagaatg	300
gtcaggcctg	tctcatccat	atggatcttc	cgg			333

<210> 155
 <211> 308
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (308)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 155						
actggaaaata	ataaaaacca	catcacagtg	ttgtgtcaaa	gatcatcagg	gcatggatgg	60
gaaagtgcctt	tgggaactgt	aaagtgccta	acacatgata	gatgatcttt	gttataatat	120
ttgaatcacg	gtgcatacaa	actctcctgc	ctgctcctcc	tgggccccag	ccccagcccc	180
atcacagctc	actgctctgt	tcatccaggc	ccagcatgta	gtggctgatt	cttcttggtc	240
gcttttagcc	tccanaagtt	tctctgaagc	caaccaaacc	tctangtgta	aggcatgctg	300
gccttggt						308

<210> 156
 <211> 295
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 156						
accttgctcg	gtgcttgga	catattagga	actcaaaata	tgagatgata	acagtgccta	60
ttattgatta	ctgagagaac	tgtagacat	ttagttgaag	attttctaca	caggaaactga	120
gaataggaga	ttatgtttgg	ccctcatatt	ctctcctatc	ctccttgctt	cattctatgt	180
ctaatatatt	ctcaatcaaa	taaggtttagc	ataatcagga	aatcgaccaa	ataccaatat	240
aaaaccagat	gtctatcctt	aagatcttca	aatagaaaac	aaattaacag	actat	295

<210> 157
 <211> 126
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 157						
acaagtttaa	atagtgtgt	cactgtgcat	gtgctgaaat	gtgaaatcca	ccacatttct	60

gaagagcaaa acaaattctg tcatgtaatc tctatcttgg gtcgtgggta tatctgtccc 120
cttagt 126

<210> 158

<211> 442

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(442)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 158

accactgggt cttggaaaca cccatcctta atacgatgat ttttctgtcg tgtgaaaatg 60
aanccagcag gctgccccta gtcagtcctt ccttccagag aaaaagagat ttgagaaagt 120
gcctgggtaa ttcaccatta atttcctccc ccaaactctc tgagtcttcc cttaatattt 180
ctgggtgggtc tgaccaaagc aggtcatggg ttgttgagca tttgggatcc cagtgaagta 240
natgtttgta gccttgcata cttagccctt cccacgcaca aacggagtgg cagagtgggtg 300
ccaaccctgt tttccagtc cacgtagaca gattcacagt gcggaattct ggaagctgga 360
nacagacggg ctctttgcag agccgggact ctgagangga catgagggcc tctgcctctg 420
tgttcattct ctgatgtcct gt 442

<210> 159

<211> 498

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(498)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 159

acttccaggt aacgttggtt tttccggtga gcctgaactg atgggtgacg ttgtagggtc 60
tccaacaaga actgagggtt cagagcgggt agggaagagt gctgttccag ttgcacctgg 120
gctgctgtgg actgttggtt attcctcact acggcccaag gttgtggaac tggcanaaag 180
gtgtgtgtgt gganttgagc tcgggcgggt gtggtagggt gtgggctctt caacaggggc 240
tgctgtgggt ccgggangtg aangtggtgt gtcacttgag cttggccagc tctggaaagt 300
antanattct tcctgaaggc cagcgcttgt ggagctggca ngggtcantg ttgtgtgtaa 360
cgaaccagtg ctgctgtggg tgggtgtana tcctccacaa agcctgaagt tatggtgtcn 420
tcaggtanaa atgtgggttc agtgtccctg ggcngctgtg gaagggtgta nattgtcacc 480
aaggaataa gctgtgggt 498

<210> 160

<211> 380

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(380)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 160

```

acctgcatcc agcttccctg ccaaactcac aaggagacat caacctctag acagggaaac      60
agcttcagga tacttccagg agacagagcc accagcagca aaacaaatat tcccatgcct      120
ggagcatggc atagaggaag ctganaaatg tggggctctga ggaagccatt tgagtctggc      180
cactagacat ctcacagcc acttgtgtga agagatgccc catgacccca gatgcctctc      240
ccacccttac ctccatctca cacacttgag ctttccactc tgtataattc taacatcctg      300
gagaaaaatg gcagtttgac cgaacctgtt cacaacggta gaggctgatt tctaacgaaa      360
cttgtagaat gaagcctgga                                     380

```

```

<210> 161
<211> 114
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 161
actccacatc ccctctgagc aggcgggtgt cgttcaaggt gtatttgccc ttgcctgtca      60
cactgtccac tggcccccta tccacttggt gcttaatccc tcgaaagagc atgt          114

```

```

<210> 162
<211> 177
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 162
actttctgaa tcgaatcaaa tgatacttag tgtagtttta atatcctcat atatatcaaa      60
gttttactac tctgataatt ttgtaaacca ggtaaccaga acatccagtc atacagcttt      120
tggtgatata taacttggca ataaccagc ctggtgatac ataaaactac tcactgt          177

```

```

<210> 163
<211> 137
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (137)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 163
catttataca gacaggcgtg aagacattca cgacaaaaac gcgaaattct atcccgtagc      60
canagaaggc agctacggct actcctacat cctggcgtgg gtggccttcg cctgcacctt      120
catcagcggc atgatgt                                     137

```

```

<210> 164
<211> 469
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (469)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 164
cttatcacia tgaatgttct cctgggcagc gttgtgatct ttgccacctt cgtgacttta      60
tgcaatgcat catgctatct catacctaag gagggagttc caggagattc aaccaggaaa      120

```

tgcatggatc tcaaaggaaa caaacaccca ataaactcgg agtggcagac tgacaactgt	180
gagacatgca cttgctacga aacagaaatt tcatgttgca cccttgtttc tacacctgtg	240
ggttatgaca aagacaactg ccaaagaatc ttcaagaagg aggactgcaa gtatatcgtg	300
gtggagaaga aggacccaaa aaagacctgt tctgtcagtg aatggataat ctaatgtgct	360
tctagtaggc acagggctcc caggccaggc ctcattctcc tctggcctct aatagtcaat	420
gattgtgtag ccatgcctat cagtaaaaag atntttgagc aaacacttt	469

<210> 165

<211> 195

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(195)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 165

acagtttttt atanatatcg acattgccgg cacttgtgtt cagtttcata aagctgggtg	60
atccgctgtc atccactatt ccttggttag agtaaaaatt attcttatag cccatgtccc	120
tgcaggccgc ccgcccgtag ttctcgttcc agtcgtcttg gcacacaggg tgccaggact	180
tcctctgaga tgagt	195

<210> 166

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 166

acatcttagt agtgtggcac atcagggggc catcagggtc acagtcactc atagcctcgc	60
cgaggctgga gtccacacca ccggtgtagg tgtgtcaat cttgggcttg gcgcccacct	120
ttggagaagg gatatgctgc acacacatgt ccacaaagcc tgtgaactcg ccaaagaatt	180
tttcagacc agcctgagca aggggcggat gttcagcttc agctcctcct tcgtcagggtg	240
gatgccaaac tcgtctangg tccgtgggaa gctgggtgcc acntcaccta caacctgggc	300
gangatctta taaagaggct ccnagataaa ctccacgaaa cttctctggg agctgctagt	360
nggggccttt ttggtgaact ttc	383

<210> 167

<211> 247

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(247)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 167

acagagccag accttggcca taaatgaanc agagattaag actaaacccc aagtcganat	60
tgagagcagaa actggagcaa gaagtgggcc tggggctgaa gtagagacca aggccactgc	120

tatanccata cacagagcca actctcaggc caaggcnatg gttggggcag anccagagac	180
tcaatctgan tccaaagtgg tggctggaac actgggtcatg acanaggcag tgactctgac	240
tgangtc	247

<210> 168

<211> 273

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(273)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 168

acttctaagt tttctagaag tggaaggatt gtantcatcc tgaaaatggg tttacttcaa	60
aatccctcan ccttggttctt cactactgtc tatactgana gtgtcatgtt tccacaaagg	120
gctgacacct gagcctgnat tttactcat ccctgagaag ccctttccag taggggtgggc	180
aattcccaac ttccttgcca caagcttccc aggttttctc ccctggaaaa ctccagcttg	240
agtcccagat acactcatgg gctgccctgg gca	273

<210> 169

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(431)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 169

acagccttgg cttcccaaaa ctccacagtc tcagtgcaga aagatcatct tccagcagtc	60
agctcagacc aggggtcaaag gatgtgacat caacagtttc tggtttcaga acagggttcta	120
ctactgtcaa atgaccccc atacttctc aaaggctgtg gtaagttttg cacagggtgag	180
ggcagcagaa aggggggtant tactgatgga caccatcttc tctgtatact ccacactgac	240
cttgccatgg gcaaaggccc ctaccacaaa aacaatagga tcaactgctgg gcaccagctc	300
acgcacatca ctgacaaccg ggatggaaaa agaantgcc aactttcatac atccaactgg	360
aaagtgatct gatactggat tcttaattac cttcaaaagc ttctgggggc catcagctgc	420
tcgaacactg a	431

<210> 170

<211> 266

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(266)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 170

acctgtgggc tgggtgttta tgcctgtgcc ggctgctgaa agggagtcca gaggtggagc	60
tcaaggagct ctgcaggcat ttgccaanc ctctccanag canagggagc aacctacact	120
ccccgctaga aagacaccag attggagtcc tgggaggggg agttgggggtg ggcatttgat	180

gtatacttgt cacctgaatg aangagccag agaggaanga gacgaanatg anattggcct 240
tcaaagctag gggctctggca ggtgga 266

<210> 171

<211> 1248

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1248)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 171

```

ggcagccaaa tcataaacgg cgaggactgc agcccgcaact cgcagccctg gcaggcggca      60
ctgggtcatgg aaaacgaatt gttctgctcg ggcgtcctgg tgcacccgca gtgggtgctg      120
tcagccgcac actgtttcca gaagtgaagt cagagctcct acaccatcgg gctgggcctg      180
cacagtcttg aggcggacca agagccaggg agccagatgg tggaggccag cctctccgta      240
cggcaccag agtacaacag acccttgctc gctaacgacc tcatgctcat caagtggac      300
gaatccgtgt ccgagtctga caccatccgg agcatcagca ttgcttcgca gtgccctacc      360
gcggggaaact cttgcctcgt ttctggctgg ggtctgctgg cgaacggcag aatgcctacc      420
gtgctgcagt gcgtgaacgt gtcggtgggt tctgaggagg tctgcagtaa gctctatgac      480
ccgctgtacc accccagcat gttctgcgcc ggcggagggg aagaccagaa ggactcctgc      540
aacggtgact ctggggggcc cctgatctgc aacgggtact tgcagggcct tgtgtctttc      600
ggaaaagccc cgtgtggcca agttggcgtg ccagggtgtct acaccaacct ctgcaaattc      660
actgagtgga tagagaaaac cgtccaggcc agttaactct ggggactggg aacctatgaa      720
attgaccccc aaatacatcc tgcggaagga attcaggaat atctgttccc agccctcctc      780
ccctcaggcc caggagtcca ggccccagc ccctcctccc tcaaaccaag ggtacagatc      840
ccagccccct cctccctcag acccaggagt ccagaccccc cagccccctc tccctcagac      900
ccaggagtcc agcccctcct ccctcagacc caggagtcca gacccccag cccctcctcc      960
ctcagaccca ggggtccagg cccccaacct ctccctccctc agactcagag gtccaagccc     1020
ccaaccntc attccccaga cccagaggtc cagggtccag cccctcntcc ctcagaccca     1080
gcggtccaat gccacctaga ctntccctgt acacagtgcc cccttggtggc acgttgaccc     1140
aaccttacca gttggttttt catttttngt ccctttcccc tagatccaga aataaagttt     1200
aagagaagng caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa     1248

```

<210> 172

<211> 159

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(159)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 172

```

Met Val Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro
 1             5             10            15
Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser
          20          25          30
Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr
          35          40          45
Ala Gly Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly
 50          55          60

```


Arg Met Pro Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Val Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe
 85 90 95
 Cys Ala Gly Gly Gly Gln Xaa Gln Xaa Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Gly Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe
 115 120 125
 Gly Lys Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn
 130 135 140
 Leu Cys Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
 145 150 155

<210> 173

<211> 1265

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1265)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 173

```

ggcagccccg actcgagcc ctggcaggcg gcactgggtca tggaaaacga attgttctgc      60
tcggggcgctc tgggtgcatcc gcagtgggtg ctgtcagccg cacactgttt ccagaactcc      120
tacaccatcg ggctgggcct gcacagtctt gaggccgacc aagagccagg gagccagatg      180
gtggaggcca gcctctccgt acggcaccca gagtacaaca gacccttgct cgctaacgac      240
ctcatgctca tcaagttgga cgaatccgtg tccgagtcctg acaccatccg gagcatcagc      300
attgcttcgc agtgccctac cgcggggaac tcttgccctg tttctggctg gggctctgctg      360
gcgaacggtg agetcacggg tgtgtgtctg ccctcttcaa ggaggtcctc tgcccagtcg      420
cgggggctga cccagagctc tgcgtccag gcagaatgcc taccgtgctg cagtgcgtga      480
acgtgtcggg ggtgtctgag gaggtctgca gtaagctcta tgaccgctg taccaccca      540
gcatgttctg cgccggcgga gggcaagacc agaaggactc ctgcaacggg gactctgggg      600
ggccccgat ctgcaacggg tacttgacgg gccttggtgc tttcggaata gccccgtgtg      660
gccaaagtgg cgtgccagggt gtctacacca acctctgcaa attcactgag tggatagaga      720
aaaccgtcca ggccagttaa ctctggggac tgggaaccca tgaattgac ccccaaatac      780
atctcgcgga aggaattcag gaatatctgt tcccagcccc tcctccctca ggcccaggag      840
tccaggcccc cagccctcc tccctcaaac caagggtaca gatccccagc ccctcctccc      900
tcagaccagc gaggccagac cccccagccc ctctccctc agaccagga gtccagcccc      960
tcctcctca gaccagagg tccagacccc ccagccctc ctccctcaga cccaggggtt      1020
gaggccccc accctcctc ctccagagtc agagggtccaa gcccacaacc cctcgttccc      1080
cagaccaga ggttnaggtc ccagccctc ttcctcaga cccagnngtc caatgccacc      1140
tagattttcc ctgnacacag tggcccttg tggngangtg acccaacctt accagttggg      1200
ttttcatttt tngtcccttt cccctagatc cagaaataaa gtttaagaga ngngcaaaaa      1260
aaaaa                                           1265

```

<210> 174

<211> 1459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 174

ggtcagccgc	acactgtttc	cagaagtgag	tgcagagctc	ctacaccatc	gggctggggc	60
tgcacagtct	tgaggccgac	caagagccag	ggagccagat	ggtggaggcc	agcctctccg	120
tacggcacc	agagtacaac	agacccttgc	tcgctaacga	cctcatgctc	atcaagtgg	180
acgaatccgt	gtccgagtct	gacaccatcc	ggagcatcag	cattgcttcg	cagtgccta	240
ccgcggggaa	ctcttgctc	gtttctggct	ggggtctgct	ggcgaacggt	gagctcacgg	300
gtgtgtgtct	gccctcttca	aggaggtcct	ctgcccagtc	gcgggggctg	acccagagct	360
ctgctgcccc	ggcagaatgc	ctaccgtgct	gcagtgcgtg	aacgtgtcgg	tggtgtctga	420
ngaggtctgc	antaagctct	atgaccgct	gtaccacccc	ancatgttct	gcgccggcgg	480
agggcaagac	cagaaggact	cctgcaacgt	gagagagggg	aaaggggagg	gcaggcgact	540
cagggaaggg	tggagaaggg	ggagacagag	acacacaggg	ccgcatggcg	agatgcagag	600
atggagagac	acacagggag	acagtgacaa	ctagagagag	aaactgagag	aaacagagaa	660
ataaacacag	gaataaagag	aagcaaagga	agagagaaac	agaaacagac	atggggaggc	720
agaaacacac	acacatagaa	atgcagttga	ccttccaaca	gcatggggcc	tgagggcggt	780
gacctccacc	caatagaaaa	tcctcttata	acttttgact	ccccaaaaac	ctgactagaa	840
atagcctact	gttgacgggg	agccttacca	ataacataaa	tagtcgattt	atgcatacgt	900
tttatgcatt	catgatatac	ctttgttggg	attttttgat	atttctaagc	tacacagttc	960
gtctgtgaat	ttttttaaat	tgttgcaact	ctcctaaaat	ttttctgatg	tgtttattga	1020
aaaaatccaa	gtataagtgg	acttgtgcat	tcaaaccagg	gttgttcaag	ggtcaactgt	1080
gtacccagag	ggaaacagtg	acacagattc	atagaggtga	aacacgaaga	gaaacaggaa	1140
aatcaagac	tctacaaaga	ggctgggcag	ggtggctcat	gcctgtaatc	ccagcacttt	1200
gggaggcgag	gcaggcgagat	cacttgaggt	aaggagtcca	agaccagcct	ggccaaaatg	1260
gtgaaatcct	gtctgtacta	aaaatacaaa	agttagctgg	atatggtggc	aggcgctgt	1320
aatcccagct	acttgggagg	ctgaggcagg	agaattgctt	gaatatggga	ggcagaggtt	1380
gaagtgaatt	gagatcacac	cactatactc	cagctggggc	aacagagtaa	gactctgtct	1440
caaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaa					1459

<210> 175

<211> 1167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 175

gcgcagccct	ggcaggcggc	actggtcattg	gaaaaacgaat	tggtctgctc	gggcgtcctg	60
gtgcatccgc	agtgggtgct	gtcagccgca	cactgtttcc	agaactccta	caccatcggg	120
ctgggcctgc	acagtcttga	ggccgaccaa	gagccaggga	gccagatggt	ggaggccagc	180
ctctccgtac	ggcacccaga	gtacaacaga	ctcttgctcg	ctaacgacct	catgctcatc	240
aagttggacg	aatccgtgtc	cgagtctgac	accatccgga	gcatcagcat	tgcttcgcag	300
tgcctaccg	cggggaactc	ttgcctcgtn	tctggctggg	gtctgctggc	gaacggcaga	360
atgcctaccg	tgctgcaactg	cgtgaacgtg	tcgggtgggt	ctgaggangt	ctgcagtaag	420
ctctatgacc	cgctgtacca	ccccagcatg	ttctgcgccc	gcggaggggca	agaccagaag	480
gactcctgca	acggtgactc	tggggggccc	ctgatctgca	acgggtactt	gcagggcctt	540
gtgtctttcg	gaaaagcccc	gtgtggccaa	cttggcgtgc	cagggtgtcta	caccaacctc	600
tgcaaattca	ctgagtggat	agagaaaacc	gtccagncca	gttaactctg	gggactggga	660
acccatgaaa	ttgaccccca	aatacatcct	gcggaangaa	ttcaggaata	tctgttccca	720
gccccctcct	cctcaggccc	aggagtccag	gccccagcc	cctcctccct	caaaccaagg	780
gtacagatcc	ccagcccctc	ctccccaga	cccaggagtc	cagaccccc	agccccctnt	840
ccntcagacc	caggagtcca	gccccctcct	cntcagacgc	aggagtccag	accccccagg	900

```

ccntcntccg tcagacccag ggggtgcaggc ccccaacccc tcntccntca gagtcagagg      960
tccaagcccc caaccctcg ttccccagac ccagaggtnc aggtcccagc ccctcctccc      1020
tcagacccag cgggtccaatg ccacctagan tntccctgta cacagtgcc ccttggtggca      1080
ngttgaccca accttaccag ttggtttttc attttttgtc cctttcccct agatccagaa      1140
ataaagtnta agagaagcgc aaaaaaa                                1167

```

<210> 176

<211> 205

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(205)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 176

```

Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1          5          10          15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
 20          25          30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
 35          40          45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu
 50          55          60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
 65          70          75          80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
 85          90          95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met
100          105          110
Pro Thr Val Leu His Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Xaa Val
115          120          125
Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala
130          135          140
Gly Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly
145          150          155          160
Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys
165          170          175
Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Leu Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys
180          185          190
Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Xaa Ser
195          200          205

```

<210> 177

<211> 1119

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 177

```

gcgcaactcgc agccctggca ggcggcactg gtcattggaaa acgaattggtt ctgctcgggc      60
gtcctggtgc atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccgcacact gtttccagaa ctcctacacc      120
atcgggcttg gctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc cagggagcca gatggtggag      180
gccagcctct ccgtacggca cccagagtac aacagaccct tgctcgctaa cgacctcatg      240
ctcatcaagt tggacgaatc cgtgtccgag tctgacacca tccggagcat cagcattgct      300

```

```

tcgcagtgcc ctaccgcggg gaactcttgc ctcgtttctg gctgggggtct gctggcgaaac 360
gatgctgtga ttgccatcca gtcccagact gtgggaggct gggagtgatga gaagctttcc 420
caaccctggc aggggtgtac catttcggca acttcagtg caaggacgtc ctgctgcatc 480
ctcactgggt gctcactact gctcactgca tcacccgga cactgtgatc aactagccag 540
caccatagtt ctccgaagtc agactatcat gattactgtg ttgactgtgc tgtctattgt 600
actaaccatg ccgatgttta ggtgaaatta gcgtcacttg gcctcaacca tcttggtatc 660
cagttatcct cactgaattg agatttcctg cttcagtgtc agccattccc acataatttc 720
tgacctacag aggtgaggga tcatatagct cttcaaggat gctgggtactc ccctcacaaa 780
ttcatttctc ctgttgtagt gaaagggtgcg ccctctggag cctcccaggg tgggtgtgca 840
ggtcacaatg atgaatgtat gatcgtgttc ccattaccca aagcctttaa atccctcatg 900
ctcagtacac cagggcaggt ctagcatttc ttcathtagt gtatgtgtgc cattcatgca 960
accacctcag gactcctgga ttctctgcct agttgagctc ctgcatgctg cctccttggg 1020
gaggtgaggg agagggccca tgggtcaatg ggatctgtgc agttgtaaca cattaggtgc 1080
ttaataaaca gaagctgtga tgttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1119

```

<210> 178

<211> 164

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(164)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 178

```

Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1           5           10           15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
 20           25           30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
 35           40           45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu
 50           55           60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
 65           70           75           80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
 85           90           95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Ala Val
100           105           110
Ile Ala Ile Gln Ser Xaa Thr Val Gly Gly Trp Glu Cys Glu Lys Leu
115           120           125
Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Gly Cys Thr Ile Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Ala Arg
130           135           140
Thr Ser Cys Cys Ile Leu Thr Gly Cys Ser Leu Leu Leu Thr Ala Ser
145           150           155           160
Pro Gly Thr Leu

```

<210> 179

<211> 250

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 179

```

ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagcccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct    60
ccagctgccc ccggccgggg gatgcgaggc tcggagcacc cttgcccggc tgtgattgct    120
gccaggcact gttcatctca gcttttctgt ccctttgctc ccggcaagcg cttctgctga    180
aagttcatat ctggagcctg atgtcttaac gaataaaggc cccatgctcc acccgaaaaa    240
aaaaaaaaaa                                250

```

```

<210> 180
<211> 202
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 180
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccaa cacaatggct acctttaaca    60
tcacccagac cccgcccctg cccgtgcccc acgctgctgc taacgacagt atgatgctta    120
ctctgctact cggaaactat ttttatgtaa ttaatgtatg ctttcttggt tataaatgcc    180
tgattttaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa                                202

```

```

<210> 181
<211> 558
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (558)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 181
tccttttktg naggtttkkg agacamccck agacctwaan ctgtgtcaca gacttcyngg    60
aatgttttag cagtgtctag aatttcytcg taatgattct gttattactt tcctnattct    120
ttattcctct ttcttctgaa gattaatgaa gttgaaaatt gaggtggata aatacaaaaa    180
ggtagtgtga tagtataagt atctaagtgc agatgaaagt gtgttatata tatccattca    240
aaattatgca agttagtaat tactcagggg taactaaatt actttaatat gctgttgaac    300
ctactctgtt ccttggctag aaaaaattat aaacaggact ttgttagttt gggaagccaa    360
attgataata ttctatgttc taaaagttgg gctatacata aattattaag aaatatggaw    420
ttttattccc aggaatatgg kgttcatttt atgaatatta cscrggatag awgtwtgagt    480
aaaaycagtt ttggtwaata ygtwaatatg tcmtaaataa acaakgcttt gacttatttc    540
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa                                558

```

```

<210> 182
<211> 479
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (479)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 182
acagggwttk grggatgcta agsccccrga rwtggtttga tccaaccctg gcttwttttc    60
agaggggaaa atggggccta gaagttacag mscatytagy tggtgcgmtg gcacccctgg    120
cstcacacag astcccagat agctgggact acaggcacac agtcactgaa gcaggccctg    180
ttwgcaattc acgttgccac ctccaactta aacattcttc atatgtgatg tccttagtca    240
ctaaggttaa actttcccac ccagaaaagg caacttagat aaaatcttag agtactttca    300

```

tactmttcta	agtcctcttc	cagcctcact	kkgagtcctm	cytggggggt	gataggaant	360
ntctcttggc	tttctcaata	aartctctat	ycatctcatg	tttaatttgg	tacgcatara	420
awtgstgara	aaattaaaat	gttctggtty	macttttaaaa	araaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaa	479

<210> 183
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 183						
aggcgggagc	agaagctaaa	gccaaagccc	aagaagagtg	gcagtgccag	cactggtgcc	60
agtaccagta	ccaataacag	tgccagtgcc	agtgccagca	ccagtgggtgg	cttcagtgtc	120
ggtgccagcc	tgaccgccac	tctcacattt	gggctcttcg	ctggccttgg	tggagctggt	180
gccagcacca	gtggcagctc	tggtgcctgt	ggtttctcct	acaagtgaga	ttttagatat	240
tgtaatcct	gccagtcttt	ctcttcaagc	caggggtgcat	cctcagaaac	ctactcaaca	300
cagcactcta	ggcagccact	atcaatcaat	tgaagttgac	actctgcatt	aratctattt	360
gccatttcaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaa				384

<210> 184
 <211> 496
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (496)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 184						
accgaattgg	gaccgctggc	ttataagcga	tcatgttynt	ccrgtatcac	ctcaacgagc	60
aggagatcg	agtcctatac	ctgaagaaat	ttgacccgat	gggacaacag	acctgctcag	120
cccatcctgc	tcggttctcc	ccagatgaca	aatactctsg	acaccgaatc	accatcaaga	180
aacgcttcaa	ggtgctcatg	accagcaac	cgcgcctctg	cctctgaggg	tcccttaaac	240
tgatgtcttt	tctgccacct	gttacccttc	ggagactccg	taaccaaact	cttcggactg	300
tgagccctga	tgcttttttg	ccagccatac	tctttggcat	ccagtctctc	gtggcgattg	360
attatgcttg	tgtgaggcaa	tcatgggtgc	atcaccata	aagggaacac	atttgacttt	420
ttttctcat	attttaaatt	actacmagaw	tattwmagaw	waaatgawtt	gaaaaactst	480
taaaaaaaaa	aaaaaa					496

<210> 185
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 185						
gctggtagcc	tatggcgkgg	cccacggagg	ggctcctgag	gccacggrac	agtgacttcc	60
caagtatcyt	gcgscgctc	ttctaccgtc	cctacctgca	gatcttcggg	cagattcccc	120
aggaggacat	ggacgtggcc	ctcatggagc	acagcaactg	yticgtcggg	cccggcttct	180
gggcacaccc	tcctggggcc	caggcgggca	cctgcgtctc	ccagtatgcc	aactggctgg	240
tggtgctgct	cctcgtcatc	ttcctgctcg	tggccaaacat	cctgctggtc	aacttgctca	300
ttgccatgtt	cagttacaca	ttcgggcaaag	tacagggcaa	cagcgatctc	tactgggaag	360
gcgcagcgtt	accgcctcat	ccgg				384

<210> 186
 <211> 577

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (577)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 186

gagttagctc	ctccacaacc	ttgatgaggt	cgtctgcagt	ggcctctcgc	ttcataccgc	60
tnccatcgtc	atactgtagg	tttgccacca	cytcctggca	tcttggggcg	gcntaatatt	120
ccaggaaact	ctcaatcaag	tcaccgtcga	tgaaacctgt	gggctggttc	tgtcttccgc	180
tcggtgtgaa	aggatctccc	agaaggagtg	ctcgatcttc	cccacacttt	tgatgacttt	240
attgagtcga	ttctgcatgt	ccagcaggag	gttggtaccag	ctctctgaca	gtgaggtcac	300
cagccctatc	atgccgttga	mcgtgccgaa	garcaaccgag	ccttggtgtg	gggkkgaaat	360
ctcaccacga	ttctgcatta	ccagagagcc	gtggcaaaaag	acattgacaa	actcgcccag	420
gtggaaaaag	amcamctcct	ggargtgctn	gccgctcttc	gtcmgttggg	ggcagcgctw	480
tccttttgac	acacaaacaa	gttaaaggca	ttttcagccc	ccagaaantt	gtcatcatcc	540
aagatntcgc	acagcactna	tccagttggg	attaaat			577

<210> 187

<211> 534

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (534)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 187

aacatcttcc	tgtataatgc	tgtgtaatat	cgatccgatn	ttgtctgstg	agaatycatw	60
actkggaaaa	gmaacattaa	agcctggaca	ctggatttaa	aattcacaat	atgcaacact	120
ttaaacagtg	tgtcaatctg	ctcccyynac	tttgtcatca	ccagtctggg	aakaagggtg	180
tgccctattc	acacctgtta	aaagggcgct	aagcattttt	gattcaacat	cttttttttt	240
gacacaagtc	cgaaaaaagc	aaaagtaaac	agttatyaat	ttgttagcca	attcactttc	300
ttcatgggac	agagccatyt	gattttaaaaa	gcaaattgca	taatattgag	cttygggagc	360
tgatatttga	gcggaagagt	agcctttcta	cttcaccaga	cacaactccc	tttcatattg	420
ggatgttnac	naaagtwatg	tctctwacag	atgggatgct	tttgtggcaa	ttctgttctg	480
aggatctccc	agtttattta	ccacttgac	aagaaggcgt	tttcttcttc	aggc	534

<210> 188

<211> 761

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (761)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 188

agaaaccagt	atctctnaaa	acaacctctc	ataccttggt	gacctaat	ttgtgtgcgtg	60
tggtgtgtgcg	cgcatattat	atagacaggc	acatcttttt	tacttttgta	aaagcttatg	120
cctctttggg	atctatatct	gtgaaagttt	taatgatctg	ccataatgtc	ttggggacct	180

```

ttgtcttctg tgtaaatggg actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagttngt      240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc ctkgackarg      300
ggggacaaaag aaaagcaaaa ctgamcataa raaacaatwa cctgggtgaga arttgcataa      360
acagaaatwr ggtagtatat tgaarnacag catcattaaa rmgttwtktt wttctccctt      420
gcaaaaaaca tgtacngact tcccgttgag taatgccaag ttgttttttt tatnataaaa      480
cttgcccttc attacatggt tnaaagtggg gtgggtgggc aaaatattga aatgatggaa      540
ctgactgata aagctgtaca aataagcagt gtgcctaaca agcaacacag taatgttgac      600
atgcttaatt cacaaatgct aatttcatta taaatgtttg ctaaaatata ctttgaacta      660
tttttctgtt ttcccagagc tgagatntta gattttatgt agtatnaagt gaaaaantac      720
gaaaataata acattgaaga aaaaanaaaa aaanaaaaaa a                                761

```

```

<210> 189
<211> 482
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(482)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 189
tttttttttt tttgccgatn ctactatntt attgcaggan gtgggggtgt atgcaccgca      60
caccgggggt atnagaagca agaaggaagg agggagggca cagccccttg ctgagcaaca      120
aagccgcctg ctgcccttct tgtctgtctc ctgggtgcagg cacatgggga gaccttcccc      180
aaggcagggg ccaccagtcg aggggtggga atacaggggg tggganagtgt gcataagaag      240
tgataggcac aggccacccg gtacagaccc ctcggtctct gacaggtnga tttcgaccag      300
gtcattgtgc cctgcccagg cacagcgtn atctggaaaa gacagaatgc tttccttttc      360
aaatttggct ngtcatngaa ngggcanttt tccaanttng gctnngtctt ggtacncttg      420
gttcggccca gtcncnctc caaaaantat tcaccnntc ccnaattgct tgcngncccc      480
cc

```

```

<210> 190
<211> 471
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(471)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 190
tttttttttt ttttaaaaca gtttttcaca aaaaaattta ttagaagaat agtggttttg      60
aaaactctcg catccagtga gaactaccat acaccacatt acagctngga atgtntctca      120
aatgtctggg caaatgatac aatggaacca ttcaatctta cacatgcacg aaagaacaag      180
cgcttttgac atacaatgca caaaaaaaaa aggggggggg gaccacatgg attaaaattt      240
taagtactca tcacatacat taagacacag ttctagtcca gtcnaaaatc agaactgcnt      300
tgaaaaattt catgtatgca atccaacca agaacttnat tggatgatcat gantnctcta      360
ctacatcnac cttgatcatt gccaggaacn aaaagttnaa ancacnngt aaaaaanaa      420
tctgtaattn anttcaacct ccgtacngaa aaatntntnt tataactcc c                                471

```

```

<210> 191
<211> 402
<212> DNA

```


<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(402)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 191

gagggattga	aggtctgttc	tastgtcggm	ctgttcagcc	accaactcta	acaagttgct	60
gtcttccact	cactgtctgt	aagcttttta	acccagacwg	tatcttcata	aatagaacaa	120
attcttcacc	agtcacatct	tctaggacct	ttttggattc	agttagtata	agctcttcca	180
cttcctttgt	taagacttca	tctggtaaag	tcttaagttt	tgtagaaagg	aattyaattg	240
ctcgttctct	aacaatgtcc	tctccttgaa	gtatttggct	gaacaaccca	cctaaagtcc	300
ctttgtgcat	ccattttaaa	tatacttaat	agggcattgk	tncactaggt	taaattctgc	360
aagagtcac	tgtctgcaaa	agttgcgtta	gtatatctgc	ca		402

<210> 192

<211> 601

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(601)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 192

gagctcggat	ccaataatct	ttgtctgagg	gcagcacaca	tatncagtgc	catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc	acatgggagc	agcatgccgt	agntatataa	ggtcattccc	tgagtcagac	120
atgcytyttt	gaytaccgtg	tgccaagtgc	tggtgattct	yaacacacyt	ccatcccgyt	180
cttttggtga	aaaactggca	cttkctctga	actagcarga	catcacttac	aaattcacc	240
acgagacact	tgaaagggtg	aacaaagcga	ytcttgcat	gctttttgtc	cctccggcac	300
cagttgtcaa	tactaaccgc	ctggtttgcc	tccatcacat	ttgtgatctg	tagctctgga	360
tacatctcct	gacagtactg	aagaacttct	tcttttgttt	caaaagcarg	tcttggtgcc	420
tggtggatca	ggttcccatt	tcccagtcyg	aatgttcaca	tggtcatatt	wacttcccac	480
aaaacattgc	gatttgaggc	tcagcaacag	caaatcctgt	tccggcattg	gctgcaagag	540
cctcgatgta	gccggccagc	gccaaggcag	gcgccgtgag	ccccaccagc	agcagaagca	600
g						601

<210> 193

<211> 608

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(608)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 193

atacagccca	nateccacca	cgaagatgcg	cttgttgact	gagaacctga	tgccggtcact	60
gggtcccgctg	tagccccagc	gactctccac	ctgctggaag	cggttgatgc	tgactctytt	120
cccaacgcag	gcagmagcgg	gscgggtcaa	tgaactccay	tcgtggcttg	gggtkgacgg	180
tkaagtgcag	gaagaggctg	accacctcgc	ggtccaccag	gatgcccagc	tgtgcgggac	240
ctgcagcgaa	actcctcgat	gggtcatgagc	gggaagcgaa	tgaggcccag	ggccttgccc	300

```

agaacacctcc gcctgttctc tggcgtcacc tgcagctgct gccgctgaca ctcggcctcg      360
gaccagcgga caaacggcrt tgaacagccg cacctcacgg atgcccagtg tgtcgcgctc      420
caggammgsc accagcgtgt ccaggccaat gtcgggtgaag ccctccgagg gtrattggcg      480
ctgcagtggt tttgtcgatg ttctccaggc acaggctggc cagctgcggt tcatcgaaga      540
gtcgcgctg cgtgagcagc atgaaggcgt tgtcggtctg cagttcttct tcagggaactc      600
cacgcaat                                         608

```

```

<210> 194
<211> 392
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (392)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 194
gaacggctgg acctgcctc gcattgtgct tgctggcagg gaataccttg gcaagcagyt      60
ccagtcgag cagccccaga ccgctgccgc ccgaagctaa gcctgcctct ggccttcccc      120
tccgcctcaa tgcagaacca gtatgtggag cactgtgttt agagttaaga gtgaacactg      180
tttgatttta cttgggaatt tcctctgtta tatagctttt cccaatgcta atttccaaac      240
aacaacaaca aaataacatg ttgcctgtt aagttgtata aaagtaggtg attctgtatt      300
taaagaaaat attactgtta catatactgc ttgcaatttc tgtatttatt gktnctstgg      360
aaataaatat agttattaaa gggtgtcant cc                                         392

```

```

<210> 195
<211> 502
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (502)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 195
ccsttkgagg ggtkaggkyc cagttyccga gtggaagaaa caggccagga gaagtgcgtg      60
ccgagctgag gcagatgttc ccacagtac cccagagacc stgggstata gtytctgacc      120
cctcncaagg aaagaccacs ttctggggac atgggctgga gggcaggacc tagaggcacc      180
aagggaaggc cccattccgg ggstgttccc cgaggaggaa ggggaaggggc tctgtgtgcc      240
ccccasgagg aagaggccct gagtcctggg atcagacacc ccttcacgtg tatccccaca      300
caaatgcaag ctcaccaagg tccccctca gtcccccttc stacaccctg amcgccact      360
gscscacacc caccagagc acgccaccgc ccatggggar tgtgctcaag gartcgcnng      420
gcarcgtgga catctngtcc cagaaggggg cagaatctcc aatagangga ctgarcmstt      480
gctnanaaaa aaaaanaaaa aa                                         502

```

```

<210> 196
<211> 665
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (665)

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<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 196
 gggtacttgg tttcattgcc accacttagt ggatgtcatt tagaaccatt ttgtctgctc 60
 cctctggaag ccttgccgag agcggacttt gtaattgttg gagaataact gctgaatttt 120
 wagctgtttk gagttgatts gcaccactgc acccacaact tcaatatgaa aacyawttga 180
 actwatttat tatcttgtga aaagtataac aatgaaaatt ttgttcatac tgtattkac 240
 aagtatgatg aaaagcaawa gatatatatt cttttattat gttaaattat gattgccatt 300
 attaatcggc aaaatgtgga gtgtatgttc ttttcacagt aatatatgcc ttttgtaact 360
 tcacttgggt attttattgt aaatgattta caaaattctt aatttaagar aatgggtatgt 420
 wataattatt tcattaattt ctttcctkgt ttacgtwaat tttgaaaaga wtgcattgatt 480
 tcttgacaga aatcgatctt gatgctgtgg aagtagtttg acccacatcc ctatgagttt 540
 ttcttagaat gtataaagggt tgtagcccat cnaacttcaa agaaaaaaat gaccacatac 600
 tttgcaatca ggctgaaatg tggcatgctn ttctaattcc aactttataa actagcaaan 660
 aagtg 665

<210> 197

<211> 492

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (492)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 197
 tttntttttt ttttttttgc aggaaggatt ccattttattg tggatgcatt ttcacaatat 60
 atgtttattg gagcgatcca ttatcagtga aaagtatcaa gtgtttataa natttttagg 120
 aaggcagatt cacagaacat gctngtcngc ttgcagtttt acctcgtana gatnacagag 180
 aattatagtc naaccagtaa acnaggaatt tacttttcaa aagattaaat ccaaactgaa 240
 caaaattcta ccttgaaact tactccatcc aaatattgga ataanagtca gcagtgatac 300
 attctcttct gaacttttaga ttttctagaa aaatattgta tagtgatcag gaagagctct 360
 tgttcaaaag tacaacnaag caatgttccc ttaccatagg ccttaattca aactttgatc 420
 catttcactc ccatacggg agtcaatgct acctgggaca cttgtatttt gtcatnctg 480
 ancntggctt aa 492

<210> 198

<211> 478

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (478)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 198
 tttnttttgn atttcantct gtannaanta ttttcattat gtttattana aaaatatnaa 60
 tgtntccacn acaaatcatn ttacntnagt aagaggccan ctacattgta caacatacac 120
 tgagtatatt ttgaaaagga caagtttaaa gtanacncat attgccganc atancacatt 180
 tatacatggc ttgattgata tttagcacag canaaactga gtgagttacc agaaanaaat 240
 natatatgtc aatcngattt aagatacaaa acagatccta tggtagatan catcntgtag 300
 gagttgtggc tttatgttta ctgaaagtca atgcagttcc tgtacaaaga gatggccgta 360
 agcattctag tacctctact ccattggttaa gaatcgtaca cttatgttta catatgtnca 420

gggtaagaat tgtgttaagt naanttatgg agagggtccan gagaaaaatt tgatncaa 478

<210> 199
 <211> 482
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(482)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 199
 agtgacttgt cctccaacaa aacccttga tcaagtttgt ggcactgaca atcagaccta 60
 tgctagttcc tgtcatctat tcgctactaa atgcagactg gaggggacca aaaaggggca 120
 tcaactccag ctggattatt ttggagcctg caaatctatt cctacttgta cggactttga 180
 agtgattcag tttcctctac ggatgagaga ctgggtcaag aatatcctca tgcagcttta 240
 tgaagccnac tctgaacacg ctggttatct nagatgagaa ncagagaaat aaagtcnaga 300
 aaatttacct ggangaaaag aggccttngg ctggggacca tccattgaa ccttctctta 360
 anggacttta agaanaaact accacatgtn tgtngtatcc tgggtgccngg ccgtttantg 420
 aacntngacn ncaccttnt ggaatanant cttgaengcn tcctgaactt gctcctctgc 480
 ga 482

<210> 200
 <211> 270
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(270)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 200
 cggccgcaag tgcaactcca gctggggcgg tgcggacgaa gattctgcca gcagttggtc 60
 cgactgcgac gacggcggcg gcgacagtcg caggtgcagc gcgggcgcct ggggtcctgc 120
 aaggctgagc tgacgccgca gaggtcgtgt cacgtcccac gaccttgacg ccgtcgggga 180
 cagccggaac agagcccggt gaangcggga ggcctcgggg agccccctcg gaagggcggc 240
 ccgagagata cgcaggtgca ggtggccgcc 270

<210> 201
 <211> 419
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(419)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 201
 tttttttttt ttttggatc tactgcgagc acagcaggtc agcaacaagt ttattttgca 60
 gctagcaagg taacagggta gggcatgggt acatgttcag gtcaacttcc tttgtcgtgg 120
 ttgattgggt tgtctttatg ggggcggggg ggggtagggg aaancgaagc anaantaaca 180
 tggagtgggt gcaccctccc tgtagaacct ggttacnaaa gcttggggca gttcacctgg 240

tctgtgaccg	tcattttctt	gacatcaatg	ttattagaag	tcaggatata	tttttagagag	300
tccactgtnt	ctggagggag	attaggggtt	cttgccaana	tccaancaaa	atccacntga	360
aaaagtggga	tgatncangt	acngaatacc	ganggcatan	ttctcatant	cggtgggcca	419

<210> 202

<211> 509

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (509)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 202

tttntttttt	ttttttttt	ttttttttt	ttttttttt	ttttttttt	ttttttttt	60
tggcacttaa	tccattttta	tttcaaaatg	tctacaaant	ttnaatncnc	cattatacng	120
gtnattttnc	aaaatctaaa	nnttattcaa	atntnagcca	aantccttac	ncaaatnnaa	180
tacnncnaaa	aatcaaaaat	atacntntct	ttcagcaaac	ttngttacat	aaattaaaaa	240
aatatatacg	gctgggtgtt	tcaaagtaca	attatcttaa	cactgcaaac	atnttttnaa	300
ggaactaaaa	taaaaaaaaa	cactnccgca	aagggttaaag	ggaacaacaa	attcntttta	360
caacancnnc	nattataaaa	atcatatctc	aaatcttagg	ggaatatata	cttcacacng	420
ggatcttaac	ttttactnca	ctttgtttat	ttttttanaa	ccattgtntt	gggcccacaa	480
caatggnaat	nccnccnnc	tggaactagt				509

<210> 203

<211> 583

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (583)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 203

ttttttttt	ttttttttga	ccccctctt	ataaaaaaca	agttaccatt	ttattttact	60
tacacatatt	tattttataa	ttggtattag	atattcaaaa	ggcagctttt	aaaatcaaac	120
taaatggaaa	ctgccttaga	tacataatct	ttaggaatta	gcttaaaatc	tgccataaag	180
gaaaatcttc	tctagctctt	ttgactgtaa	atttttgact	cttgtaaaac	atccaaatct	240
atttttcttg	tctttaaaat	tatctaattc	ttccattttt	tccctattcc	aagtcaattt	300
gcttctctag	cctcatttcc	tagctcttat	ctactattag	taagtggctt	ttttcctaaa	360
agggaaaaca	ggaagagana	atggcacaca	aaacaaacat	tttatattca	tatttctacc	420
tacgttaata	aaatagcatt	ttgtgaagcc	agctcaaaag	aaggcttaga	tccttttatg	480
tccatttttag	tactaaacg	atatchnaag	tgccagaatg	caaaagggtt	gtgaacattt	540
attcaaaagc	taatataaga	tatttcacat	actcatcttt	ctg		583

<210> 204

<211> 589

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (589)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 204

ttttttttnt	tttttttttt	tttttttctc	ttcttttttt	ttganaatga	ggatcgagtt	60
tttctctctc	tagatagggc	atgaagaaaa	ctcatctttc	cagctttaaa	ataacaatca	120
aatctcttat	gctatatcat	attttaagtt	aaactaatga	gtcactggct	tatcttctcc	180
tgaaggaaat	ctgttcattc	ttctcattca	tatagttata	tcaagtacta	ccttgcatat	240
tgagaggttt	ttcttctcta	tttacacata	tatttccatg	tgaatttgta	tcaaaccctt	300
attttcatgc	aaactagaaa	ataatgtntt	cttttgcata	agagaagaga	acaatatnag	360
cattacaaaa	ctgctcaaat	tgtttgtaa	gnttatccat	tataattagt	tnggcaggag	420
ctaatacaaa	tcacatttac	ngacnagcaa	taataaaact	gaagtaccag	ttaaatatcc	480
aaaataatta	aaggaacatt	tttagcctgg	gtataattag	ctaattcact	ttacaagcat	540
ttattnagaa	tgaattcaca	tgttattatt	ccntagccca	acacaatgg		589

<210> 205

<211> 545

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(545)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 205

tttttttttt	tttttttcagt	aataatcaga	acaatattta	tttttatatt	taaaattcat	60
agaaaagtgc	cttacattta	ataaaagttt	gtttctcaaa	gtgatcagag	gaattagata	120
tngtcttgaa	caccaatatt	aatttgagga	aaatacacca	aaatacatta	agtaaatat	180
ttaagatcat	agagcttgta	agtgaaga	taaaatttga	cctcagaaac	tctgagcatt	240
aaaaatccac	tattagcaaa	taaattacta	tggacttctt	gctttaattt	tgtgatgaat	300
atgggggtgc	actggtaaac	caacacattc	tgaaggatac	attacttagt	gatagattct	360
tatgtacttt	gctanatnac	gtggatatga	gttgacaagt	ttctctttct	tcaatctttt	420
aaggggcnga	ngaaatgagg	aagaaaagaa	aaggattacg	catactgttc	tttctatngg	480
aaggattaga	tatgtttcct	ttgccaatat	taaaaaata	ataatgttta	ctactagtga	540
aaccc						545

<210> 206

<211> 487

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(487)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 206

tttttttttt	tttttttagtc	aagtttctna	tttttattat	aattaaagtc	ttggtcattt	60
cattttattag	ctctgcaact	tacatattta	aattaaagaa	acgttnttag	acaactgtna	120
caatttataa	atgtaagggtg	ccattattga	gtanatatat	tcctccaaga	gtggatgtgt	180
cccttctccc	accaactaat	gaancagcaa	cattagttta	attttattag	tagatnatac	240
actgctgcaa	acgctaattc	tcttctccat	ccccatgtng	atattgtgta	tatgtgtgag	300
ttggtnagaa	tgcatcanca	atctnacaat	caacagcaag	atgaagctag	gcntgggctt	360
tcggtgaaaa	tagactgtgt	ctgtctgaat	caaagtatct	gacctatcct	cgggtggcaag	420
aactcttcga	accgcttcct	caaaggcngc	tgccacattt	gtggcncctn	ttgcacttgt	480

ttcaaaa

487

<210> 207

<211> 332

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(332)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 207

tgaattggct	aaaagactgc	atTTTTanaa	ctagcaactc	ttatttcttt	cctttaaaaa	60
tacatagcat	taaatcccaa	atcctattta	aagacctgac	agcttgagaa	ggtcactact	120
gcatttatag	gaccttctgg	tggttctgct	gttacntttg	aantctgaca	atccttgana	180
atctttgcat	gcagaggagg	taaaagggtat	tggattttca	cagaggaana	acacagcgca	240
gaaatgaagg	ggccaggctt	actgagcttg	tccactggag	ggctcatggg	tgggacatgg	300
aaaagaaggc	agcctaggcc	ctggggagcc	ca			332

<210> 208

<211> 524

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(524)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 208

agggcggtgg	gcggagggcg	ttactgtttt	gtctcagtaa	caataaatac	aaaaagactg	60
gttgtgttcc	ggcccatcc	aaccacgaag	ttgatttctc	ttgtgtgcag	agtgactgat	120
tttaaaggac	atggagcttg	tcacaatgtc	acaatgtcac	agtgtgaagg	gcacactcac	180
ccccgcgtga	ttcacattta	gcaaccaaca	atagctcatg	agtccatact	tgtaaatact	240
tttggcagaa	tacttnttga	aacttgcaga	tgataactaa	gatccaagat	atttcccaaa	300
gtaaatagaa	gtgggtcata	atattaatta	cctgttcaca	tcagcttcca	tttacaagtc	360
atgagcccag	acactgacat	caaactaagc	ccacttagac	tcctcaccac	cagtctgtcc	420
tgtcatcaga	caggaggctg	tcaccttgac	caaattctca	ccagtcaatc	atctatccaa	480
aaaccattac	ctgatccact	tccggtaatg	caccaccttg	gtga		524

<210> 209

<211> 159

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 209

gggtgaggaa	atccagagtt	gccatggaga	aaattccagt	gtcagcattc	ttgtccttg	60
tggccctctc	ctacactctg	gccagagata	ccacagtcaa	acctggagcc	aaaaaggaca	120
caaaggactc	tcgacccaaa	ctgccccaga	ccctctcca			159

<210> 210

<211> 256

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(256)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 210
 actccctggc agacaaaggc agaggagaga gctctgttag ttctgtgttg ttgaactgcc 60
 actgaatttc tttccacttg gactattaca tgccanttga gggactaatg gaaaaacgta 120
 tggggagatt ttanccaatt tangtntgta aatggggaga ctggggcagg cgggagagat 180
 ttgcagggtg naaatgggan ggctggtttg ttanatgaac agggacatag gaggtaggca 240
 ccaggatgct aaatca 256

<210> 211
 <211> 264
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(264)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 211
 acattgtttt tttagataa agcattgaga gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
 actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattatc agttccatgt ttatagccta gttaaggaga 180
 ggggagatac attcngaaag aggactgaaa gaaatactca agtnggaaaa cagaaaaaga 240
 aaaaaaggag caaatgagaa gcct 264

<210> 212
 <211> 328
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(328)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 212
 acccaaaaat ccaatgctga atatttggct tcattattcc canattcttt gattgtcaaa 60
 ggatttaatg ttgtctcagc ttgggcactt cagttaggac ctaaggatgc cagccggcag 120
 gtttatatat gcagcaacaa tattcaagcg cgacaacagg ttattgaact tgcccggcag 180
 ttnaatttca ttccattga cttgggatcc ttatcatcag ccagagagat tgaaaattta 240
 cccctacnac tctttactct ctgganaggg ccagtggttg tagctataag cttggccaca 300
 ttttttttct ctttattcct ttgtcaga 328

<210> 213
 <211> 250
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (250)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 213

acttatgagc	agagcgacat	atccnagtgt	agactgaata	aaactgaatt	ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg	ctcactgaag	ggatagaagt	gactgccagg	agggaaagta	agccaaggct	120
cattatgcca	aagganatat	acatttcaat	tctccaaact	tcttcctcat	tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt	gcatgaacct	gctgataanc	catgttaana	aacaaatata	tctctnacct	240
tctcatcggt						250

<210> 214

<211> 444

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (444)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 214

accagaatc	caatgctgaa	tatttggtct	cattattccc	agattctttg	attgtcaaag	60
gatttaattg	tgtctcagct	tgggcacttc	agttaggacc	taaggatgcc	agccggcagg	120
tttatatatg	cagcaacaat	attcaagcgc	gacaacaggt	tattgaactt	gcccgccagt	180
tgaatttcat	tcccattgac	ttgggatcct	tatcatcagc	canagagatt	gaaaattttac	240
ccctacgact	ctttactctc	tggagagggc	cagtgggtgt	agctataagc	ttggccacat	300
ttttttttcc	tttatctcct	tgtcagagat	gcgattcatc	catatgctan	aaaccaacag	360
agtgactttt	acaaaattcc	tataganatt	gtgaataaaa	ccttacctat	agttgccatt	420
actttgctct	ccctaataata	cctc				444

<210> 215

<211> 366

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (366)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 215

acttatgagc	agagcgacat	atccaagtgt	anactgaata	aaactgaatt	ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg	ctcactgaag	ggatagaagt	gactgccagg	agggaaagta	agccaaggct	120
cattatgcca	aagganatat	acatttcaat	tctccaaact	tcttcctcat	tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt	gcatgaacct	gctgataagc	catgttgaga	aacaaatata	tctctgacct	240
tctcatcggt	aagcagaggc	tgtaggcaac	atggaccata	gcgaanaaaa	aacttagtaa	300
tccaagctgt	tttctacact	gtaaccagggt	ttccaaccaa	ggtggaaatc	tcctatactt	360
ggtgcc						366

<210> 216

<211> 260

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (260)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 216
ctgtataaac agaactccac tgcangaggg agggccgggc caggagaatc tccgcttgct 60
caagacaggg gcctaaggag ggtctccaca ctgctnntaa gggctntnc atttttttat 120
taataaaaag tnnaaaaggc ctcttctcaa cttttttccc ttnggctgga aaatttaaaa 180
atcaaaaatt tcctnaagtt ntcaagctat catatatact ntatcctgaa aaagcaacat 240
aattcttctt tccctccttt 260

<210> 217
<211> 262
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (262)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 217
acctacgtgg gtaagtttan aaatgttata atttcaggaa naggaacgca tataattgta 60
tcttgccat aattttctat tttaataagg aaatagcaaa ttgggggtgg ggaatgtag 120
ggcattctac agtttgagca aaatgcaatt aaatgtggaa ggacagcact gaaaaatttt 180
atgaataatc tgtatgatta tatgtctcta gagtagattt ataattagcc acttacccta 240
atctccttca tgcttgtaaa gt 262

<210> 218
<211> 205
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (205)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 218
accaaggtgg tgcattaccg gaantggatc aangacacca tcgtggccaa cccctgagca 60
cccctatcaa ctcccttttg tagtaaaactt ggaaccttgg aaatgaccag gccaaagactc 120
aggcctcccc agttctactg acctttgtcc ttangtntna ngtccagggt tgctaggaaa 180
anaaatcagc agacacaggt gtaaa 205

<210> 219
<211> 114
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 219
tactgttttg tctcagtaac aataaataca aaaagactgg ttgtgttccg gccccatcca 60
accacgaagt tgatttctct tgtgtgcaga gtgactgatt ttaaaggaca tgga 114

<210> 220
<211> 93

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 220

actagccagc	acaaaaggca	gggtagcctg	aattgctttc	tgctctttac	atttctttta	60
aaataagcat	ttagtgctca	gtccctactg	agt			93

<210> 221

<211> 167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 221

actangtgca	ggtgcgcaca	aatatttgtc	gatattccct	tcattcttga	ttccatgagg	60
tcttttgccc	agcctgtggc	tctactgtag	taagtttctg	ctgatgagga	gccagnatgc	120
ccccactac	cttccctgac	gctccccana	aatcacccaa	cctctgt		167

<210> 222

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 222

agggcggtggt	gcggaggggcg	gtactgacct	cattagtagg	aggatgcatt	ctggcacccc	60
gttcttcacc	tgtcccccaa	tccttaaaag	gccatactgc	ataaagtcaa	caacagataa	120
atgtttgctg	aattaaagga	tggatgaaaa	aaattaataa	tgaatttttg	cataatccaa	180
ttttctcttt	tatatctcta	gaagaagttt	ctttgagcct	attagatccc	gggaatcttt	240
taggtgagca	tgattagaga	gcttgtaggt	tgcttttaca	tatatctggc	atatttgagt	300
ctcgtatcaa	aacaatagat	tggtaaagggt	ggtattattg	tattgataag	t	351

<210> 223

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 223

aaaacaaaca	aacaaaaaaa	acaattcttc	attcagaaaa	attatcttag	ggactgatat	60
tggttaattat	ggtcaattta	atwrttrtkt	ggggcatttc	cttacattgt	cttgacaaga	120
ttaaaatgtc	tgtgccaaaa	ttttgtattt	tatttgagga	cttcttatca	aaagtaatgc	180
tgccaaagga	agtctaagga	attagtagtg	ttcccmteac	ttgtttggag	tgtgctattc	240
taaaagattt	tgatttcctg	gaatgacaat	tatattttaa	ctttggtggg	ggaaanagtt	300
ataggaccac	agtcttcact	tctgatactt	gtaaaattaat	cttttattgc	acttgttttg	360
accattaagc	tatatgttta	aaa				383

<210> 224

<211> 320
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 224
 cccctgaagg cttcttggtta gaaaatagta cagttacaac caataggaac aacaaaaaga 60
 aaaagtttgt gacattgtag tagggagtgt gtacccctta ctcccatca aaaaaaaaaat 120
 ggatacatgg ttaaaggata raagggaat attttatcat atgttctaaa agagaaggaa 180
 gagaaaatac tactttctcr aaatggaagc ccttaaaggt gctttgatac tgaaggacac 240
 aaatgtggcc gtccatcctc ctttaragtt gcatgacttg gacacggtaa ctgttgcaat 300
 tttaractcm gcattgtgac 320

<210> 225
 <211> 1214
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 225
 gaggactgca gcccgcactc gcagccctgg caggcgccac tggtcatgga aaacgaattg 60
 ttctgctcgg gcgtcctggg gcacccgcag tgggtgctgt cagccgcaca ctgtttccag 120
 aactcctaca ccatcgggct gggcctgcac agtcttgagg ccgaccaaga gccagggagc 180
 cagatgggtg aggccagcct ctccgtacgg caccagagt acaacagacc ctgtctcgct 240
 aacgacctca tgctcatcaa gttggacgaa tccgtgtccg agtctgacac catccggagc 300
 atcagcattg ctccgcagtg ccctaccgcg gggaaactctt gcctcgtttc tggctggggg 360
 ctgctggcga acggcagaat gcctaccgtg ctgcagtgcg tgaacgtgtc ggtgggtgtc 420
 gaggaggtct gcagtaagct ctatgaccgg ctgtaccacc ccagcatgtt ctgcccgggc 480
 ggaggggaag accagaagga ctccctgcaac ggtgactctg gggggccccct gatctgcaac 540
 ggggtacttg agggccttgt gtctttcgga aaagccccgt gtggccaagt tggcgtgcca 600
 ggtgtctaca ccaacctctg caaattcact gagtggatag agaaaaccgt ccaggccagt 660
 taactctggg gactgggaac ccatgaaatt gacccccaa tacatcctgc ggaaggaatt 720
 caggaatatc tgttcccagc ccctcctccc tcaggcccag gagtccaggc cccagcccc 780
 tctcctcctc aaccaagggt acagatcccc agccccctc ccctcagacc caggagtcca 840
 gacccccag cccctcctcc ctccagacca ggagtccagc ccctcctccc tcagaccag 900
 gagtccagac cccccagccc ctccctcctc agaccaggg gtccaggccc ccaaccctc 960
 ctccctcaga ctccagaggtc caagccccca acccctcctt cccagacccc agaggtccag 1020
 gtcccagccc ctccctcctc agaccagcg gtccaatgcc acctagactc tccctgtaca 1080
 cagtgcccc ttgtggcacg ttgacccaac cttaccagtt ggtttttcat tttttgtccc 1140
 tttcccttag atccagaaat aaagtctaag agaagcgcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1200
 aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 1214

<210> 226
 <211> 119
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 226
 acccagtatg tgcagggaga cggaacccca tgtgacagcc cactccacca gggttcccaa 60
 agaacctggc ccagtcataa tcattcatcc tgacagtggc aataatcacg ataaccagt 119

<210> 227
 <211> 818
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 227

acaattcata	gggacgacca	atgaggacag	ggaatgaacc	cggctctccc	ccagccctga	60
tttttgctac	atatggggtc	ccttttcatt	ctttgcaaaa	acactggggt	ttctgagaac	120
acggacgggt	cttagcacia	tttgtgaaat	ctgtgtaraa	ccgggctttg	caggggagat	180
aattttcctc	ctctggagga	aaggtggtga	ttgacaggca	gggagacagt	gacaaggcta	240
gagaaagcca	cgctcggcct	tctctgaacc	aggatggaac	ggcagacccc	tgaaaacgaa	300
gcttgctccc	ttccaatcag	ccacttctga	gaacccccat	ctaacttcct	actggaaaag	360
agggcctcct	caggagcagt	ccaagagttt	tcaaagataa	cgtgacaact	accatctaga	420
ggaaagggtg	caccctcagc	agagaagccg	agagcttaac	tctggtcggt	tccagagaca	480
acctgctggc	tgtcttgagg	tgcgcccagc	ctttgagagg	ccactacccc	atgaacttct	540
gccaatccat	ggacatgaag	ctgaggacac	tgggcttcaa	cactgagttg	tcatgagagg	600
gacaggctct	gccctcaagc	cggctgaggg	cagcaaccac	tctcctcccc	tttctcacgc	660
aaagccattc	ccacaaatcc	agaccatacc	atgaagcaac	gagacccaaa	cagtttggtc	720
caagaggata	tgaggactgt	ctcagcctgg	ctttgggctg	acaccatgca	cacacacaag	780
gtccacttct	aggttttcag	cctagatggg	agtcgtgt			818

<210> 228

<211> 744

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 228

actggagaca	ctgttgaact	tgatcaagac	ccagaccacc	ccaggctctcc	ttcgtgggat	60
gtcatgacgt	ttgacatacc	tttggaacga	gcctcctcct	tggaaagatgg	aagaccgtgt	120
tcgtggccga	cctggcctct	cctggcctgt	ttcttaagat	gcggagtcac	atttcaatgg	180
taggaaaagt	ggcttcgtaa	aatagaagag	cagtcactgt	ggaactacca	aatggcgaga	240
tgctcgggtc	acattggggg	gctttgggat	aaaagattta	tgagccaact	attctctggc	300
accagattct	aggccagttt	gttccactga	agcttttccc	acagcagtc	acctctgcag	360
gctggcagct	gaatggcttg	ccgggtggctc	tgtggcaaga	tcacactgag	atcgatgggt	420
gagaaggcta	ggatgcttgt	ctagtgttct	tagctgtcac	gttggctcct	tccaggttgg	480
ccagacggtg	ttggccactc	ccttctaaaa	cacaggcgcc	ctcctgggtga	cagtgaacccg	540
ccgtggtatg	ccttggccca	ttccagcagt	cccagttatg	catttcaagt	ttggggtttg	600
ttcttttcgt	taatgttctc	ctgtgttgtc	agctgtcttc	atttcctggg	ctaagcagca	660
ttgggagatg	tggaccagag	atccactcct	taagaaccag	tggcgaaaga	cactttcttt	720
cttcactctg	aagtagctgg	tgggt				744

<210> 229

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 229

cgagtctggg	ttttgtctat	aaagtttgat	ccctcctttt	ctcatccaaa	tcattgtgaac	60
cattacacat	cgaaataaaa	gaaagggtgg	agacttgccc	aacgccaggc	tgacatgtgc	120
tgcagggttg	ttgtttttta	attattattg	ttagaaacgt	caccacacagt	ccctgttaat	180
ttgtatgtga	cagccaactc	tgagaagggtc	ctatttttcc	acctgcagag	gatccagtct	240
cactaggctc	ctccttgccc	tcacactgga	gtctccgcca	gtgtgggtgc	ccactgacat	300

<210> 230

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 230

cagcagaaca	aatacaata	tgaagagtgc	aaagatctca	taaaatctat	gctgaggaat	60
gagcgacagt	tcaaggagga	gaagcttgca	gagcagctca	agcaagctga	ggagctcagg	120

caatataaag	tcctgggttca	cactcaggaa	cgagagctga	cccagttaag	ggagaagttg	180
cggaagggga	gagatgcctc	cctctcattg	aatgagcatc	tccaggccct	cctcactccg	240
gatgaaccgg	acaagtccca	ggggcaggac	ctccaagaaa	cagacctcgg	ccgcgaccac	300
g						301

<210> 231

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 231

gcaagcacgc	tggcaaattct	ctgtcagggtc	agctccagag	aagccattag	tcatttttagc	60
caggaactcc	aagtccacat	ccttggcaac	tggggacttg	cgcaggttag	ccttgaggat	120
ggcaacacgg	gactttctcat	caggaagtgg	gatgtagatg	agctgatcaa	gacggccagg	180
tctgaggatg	gcaggatcaa	tgatgtcagg	ccggttggtg	ccgccaatga	tgaacacatt	240
tttttttgtg	gacatgccat	ccattttctgt	caggatctgg	ttgatgactc	ggtcagcagc	300
c						301

<210> 232

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 232

agtaggtatt	tcgtgagaag	ttcaacacca	aaactggaac	atagttctcc	ttcaagtgtt	60
ggcgacagcg	gggcttctctg	attctggaat	ataactttgt	gtaaattaac	agccacctat	120
agaagagtcc	atctgctgtg	aaggagagac	agagaactct	gggttccgtc	gtcctgtcca	180
cgtgctgtac	caagtgtctg	tgccagcctg	ttacctgttc	tcactgaaaa	tctggctaata	240
gctcttgtgt	atcactttctg	attctgacaa	tcaatcaatc	aatggcctag	agcactgact	300
g						301

<210> 233

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 233

atgactgact	tcccagtaag	gctctctaag	gggtaagtag	gaggatccac	aggatttgag	60
atgctaaggc	cccagagatc	gtttgatcca	accctcttat	tttcagaggg	gaaaatgggg	120
cctagaagtt	acagagcatc	tagctgggtgc	gctggcacc	ctggcctcac	acagactccc	180
gagtagctgg	gactacaggc	acacagtcac	tgaagcaggg	cctggttagca	attctatgcg	240
tacaaattaa	catgagatga	gtagagactt	tattgagaaa	gcaagagaaa	atcctatcaa	300
c						301

<210> 234

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 234

aggtcctaca	catcgagact	catccatgat	tgatatgaat	ttaaaaatta	caagcaaaga	60
cattttattc	atcatgatgc	tttcttttgt	ttcttctttt	cgttttcttc	tttttctttt	120
tcaatttcag	caacatactt	ctcaaattct	tcaggattta	aaatcttgag	ggattgatct	180
cgctcatga	cagcaagttc	aatgtttttg	ccacctgact	gaaccacttc	caggagtgcc	240
ttgatcacca	gcttaatgg	cagatcatct	gcttcaatgg	cttcgtcagt	atagttcttc	300

t 301

<210> 235
<211> 283
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 235
tggggctgtg catcaggcgg gtttgagaaa tattcaattc tcagcagaag ccagaatttg 60
aattccctca tcttttaggg aatcatttac caggtttgga gaggattcag acagctcagg 120
tgctttcact aatgtctctg aacttctgtc cctctttgtt catggatagt ccaataaata 180
atgttatctt tgaactgatg ctcataggag agaataaag aactctgagt gatatcaaca 240
ttagggattc aaagaaatat tagatttaag ctcacactgg tca 283

<210> 236
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 236
aggtcctcca ccaactgcct gaagcacggg taaaattggg aagaagtata gtgcagcata 60
aatactttta aatcgatcag atttccctaa cccacatgca atcttcttca ccagaagagg 120
tcggagcagc atcatataa ccaagcagaa tgcgtaatag ataaatacaa tggatatag 180
tgggtagacg gcttcatgag tacagtgtac tgtggtatcg taatctggac ttgggttgta 240
aagcatcgtg taccagtcag aaagcatcaa tactcgacat gaacgaatat aaagaacacc 300
a 301

<210> 237
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 237
cagtggtagt ggtggtggac gtggcgttgg tcgtggtgcc ttttttggtg cccgtcacaa 60
actcaatttt tggtcgctcc tttttggcct tttccaattt gtccatctca attttctggg 120
ccttggtctaa tgcctcatag taggagtcct cagaccagcc atggggatca aacatctct 180
ttgggtagtt ggtgccaaagc tcgtcaatgg cacagaatgg atcagcttct cgtaaactta 240
gggttccgaa attctttctt cctttggata atgtagttca tatccattcc ctctttatc 300
t 301

<210> 238
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 238
gggcaggttt tttttttttt ttttttgatg gtgcagaccc ttgctttatt tgtctgactt 60
gttcacagtt cagccccctg ctcaaaaaac caacggggcca gctaaggaga ggaggaggca 120
ccttgagact tccggagtcg aggcctctcca gggttcccca gcccatcaat cattttctgc 180
acccccctgcc tgggaagcag ctccctgggg ggtgggaatg ggtgactaga agggatttca 240
gtgtgggacc cagggctctg tcttcacagt aggaggtgga agggatgact aatttcttta 300
t 301

<210> 239
<211> 239

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 239

ataagcagct aggggaattct ttatttagta atgtcctaac ataaaagtgc acataactgc	60
ttctgtcaaa ccatgatact gagctttgtg acaaccaga aataactaag agaaggcaaa	120
cataatacct tagagatcaa gaaacattta cacagttcaa ctgtttaaaa atagctcaac	180
attcagccag tgagtagagt gtgaatgccg gcatacacag tatacagggtc cttcaggga	239

<210> 240

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 240

ggtcctaata aagcagcagc ttccacattt taacgcaggt ttacgggtgat actgtccttt	60
gggatctgcc ctccagtggg accttttaag gaagaagtgg gccaagcta agttccacat	120
gctgggtgag ccagatgact tctgttcctt ggtcactttc ttcaatgggg cgaatggggg	180
ctgccaggtt tttaaaatca tgcttcattt tgaagcacac ggtcacttca ccctcctcac	240
gctgtgggtg tactttgatg aaaataccca ctttgttggc ctttctgaag ctataatgtc	300

<210> 241

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 241

gaggtctggg gctgaggtct ctgggctagg aagaggaggt ctgtggagct ggaagccaga	60
cctcttttga ggaaactcca gcagctatgt tgggtgtctt gaggggaatgc aacaaggctg	120
ctctccatg tattggaaaa ctgcaaactg gactcaactg gaaggaagtg ctgctgccag	180
tgtaagaac cagcctgagg tgacagaaac ggaagcaaac aggaacagcc agtcttttct	240
tcctcctcct gtcatacggg ctctctcaag catcctttgt tgtcaggggc ctaaaaggga	300
g	301

<210> 242

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 242

ccgagggtcct gggatgcaac caatcactct gtttcacgtg acttttatca ccatacaatt	60
tgtggcattt cctcattttc tacattgtag aatcaagagt gtaaataaat gtatatcgat	120
gtcttcaaga atatatcatt cttttttcac tagaaccat tcaaaatata agtcaagaat	180
cttaatatca acaaatatat caagcaaact ggaaggcaga ataactacca taatttagta	240
taagtaccca aagttttata aatcaaaagc cctaatagata accattttta gaattcaatc	300
a	301

<210> 243

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 243

aggtaagtcc cagtttgaag ctcaaaagat ctgggtatgag cataggctca tcgacgacat	60
ggtggcccaa gctatgaaat cagagggagg cttcatctgg gcctgtaaaa actatgatgg	120

tgacgtgcag tcggactctg tggcccaagg gtatggctct ctcggcatga tgaccagcgt 180
 gctgggtttgt ccagatggca agacagtaga agcagaggct gcccacggga ctgtaacccg 240
 tcactaccgc atgttccaga aaggacagga gacgtccacc aatcccattg cttccatttt 300
 t 301

<210> 244

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 244

gctgggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg acttaacctt gaaatggaaa 60
 gtcattgcaat cccatttgca ggatctgtct gtgcacatgc ctctgtagag agcagcattc 120
 ccaggacact tggaaacagt tgacactgta aggtgcttgc tccccaagac acatcctaaa 180
 aggtgttcta atgggtgaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgac cttctctatt tatgtgaaca 240
 actgtttgtc ttttgtgtat cttttttaa ctgtaaagtt caattgtgaa aatgaatatc 300

<210> 245

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 245

gtctgagtat ttaaaatggt attgaaatta tccccaacca atgtagaaa agaaagaggt 60
 tatatactta gataaaaaat gaggtgaatt actatccatt gaaatcatgc tcttagaatt 120
 aaggccagga gatattgtca ttaatgtara cttcaggaca cttagagtata gcagccctat 180
 gttttcaaag agcagagatg caattaaata ttgttttagc tcaaaaaggc cactcaatac 240
 agctaataaa atgaaagacc taatttctaa agcaattctt tataattttac aaagtgttaa 300
 g 301

<210> 246

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 246

ggctctgtcct acaatgcctg cttcttgaaa gaagtcggca ctttctagaa tagctaaata 60
 acctgggctt attttaaaga actatttgta gctcagattg gttttcctat ggctaaaata 120
 agtgcttctt gtgaaaatta aataaaacag ttaattcaaa gccttgatat atgttaccac 180
 taacaatcat actaaatata ttttgaagta caaagtttga catgctctaa agtgacaacc 240
 caaatgtgtc ttacaaaaca cgttcctaac aagggtatgct ttacactacc aatgcagaaa 300
 c 301

<210> 247

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 247

aggtcctttg gcagggtcca tggatcagag ctcaaactgg agggaaaggc atttcgggta 60
 gcctaagagg gcgactggcg gcagcacaac caaggaaggc aagggtgttt cccacacgct 120
 gtgtcctgtg ttcagggtcg acacacaatc ctcatgggaa caggatcac catgctgtgc 180
 ccttgatgat caagggtggg gcttaagtgg attaaggag gcaagttctg ggttccttgc 240
 cttttcaaac catgaagtca ggctctgtat cctcctttt cctaactgat attctaacta 300
 a 301

<210> 248
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 248
 aggtccttgg agatgccatt tcagccgaag gactcttctw ttcggaagta caccctcact 60
 attaggaaga ttcttagggg taatttttct gaggaaggag aactagccaa cttaagaatt 120
 acaggaagaa agtgggttgg aagacagcca aagaaataaa agcagattaa attgtatcag 180
 gtacattcca gcctgttggc aactccataa aaacatttca gattttaatc ccgaatttag 240
 ctaatgagac tggatttttg ttttttatgt tgtgtgtcgc agagctaaaa actcagttcc 300
 c 301

<210> 249
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 249
 gtccagagga agcacctggg gctgaactag gcttgccctg ctgtgaactt gcacttggag 60
 ccctgacgct gctgttctcc ccgaaaaacc cgaccgacct ccgcgatctc cgtcccgcgc 120
 ccagggagac acagcagtga ctgagagctg gtgcgacact gtgcctccct cctcaccgcc 180
 catcgtaatg aattattttg aaaattaatt ccaccatcct ttcagattct ggatggaaag 240
 actgaatctt tgactcagaa ttgtttgctg aaaagaatga tgtgactttc ttagtcattt 300
 a 301

<210> 250
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 250
 ggtctgtgac aaggacttgc aggtctgtggg aggcaagtga cccttaacac tacactttctc 60
 cttatcttta ttggcttgat aaacataatt atttctaaca ctagtctatt tccagttgcc 120
 cataagcaca tcagtacttt tctctggctg gaatagtaaa ctaaagtatg gtacatctac 180
 ctaaaagact actatgtgga ataatacata ctaatgaagt attacatgat ttaaagacta 240
 caataaaacc aaacatgctt ataacattaa gaaaaacaat aaagatacat gattgaaacc 300
 a 301

<210> 251
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 251
 gccgaggtcc tacatttggc ccagtttccc cctgcaccc ctccagggcc cctgcctcat 60
 agacaacctc atagagcata ggagaactgg ttgccctggg ggcaggggga ctgtctggat 120
 ggcagggggtc ctcaaaaatg ccactgtcac tgccaggaaa tgcttctgag cagtacacct 180
 cattggggtc aatgaaaagc ttcaagaaat cttcaggctc actctcttga aggcccgga 240
 cctctggagg ggggcagtgg aatcccagct ccaggacgga tcctgtcgaa aagatatcct 300
 c 301

<210> 252
 <211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 252

gcaaccaatc	actctgtttc	acgtgacttt	tatcaccata	caatttggtg	catttcctca	60
ttttctacat	tgtagaatca	agagtgtaaa	taaatgtata	tcgatgtctt	caagaatata	120
tcattccttt	ttcactagga	acccattcaa	aataataagtc	agaatctta	atatcaacaa	180
atatatcaag	caaactggaa	ggcagaataa	ctaccataat	ttagtataag	tacccaaagt	240
tttataaatc	aaaagcccta	atgataacca	tttttagaat	tcaatcatca	ctgtagaatc	300
a						301

<210> 253

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 253

ttccctaaga	agatgttatt	ttgttggggt	ttgttcccc	tccatctcga	ttctcgtacc	60
caactaaaaa	aaaaaataa	agaaaaaatg	tgctgcgttc	tgaaaaataa	ctccttagct	120
tggtctgatt	gttttcagac	cttaaaatat	aaacttggtt	cacaagcttt	aatccatgtg	180
gatttttttt	cttagagaac	cacaaaacat	aaaaggagca	agtcggactg	aatacctgtt	240
tccatagtgc	ccacagggtg	ttcctcacat	tttctccata	ggaaaatgct	ttttcccaag	300
g						301

<210> 254

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 254

cgctgcgcct	ttcccttggg	ggagggggcaa	ggccagaggg	ggtccaagtg	cagcacgagg	60
aacttgacca	attcccttga	agcgggtggg	ttaaaccctg	taaatgggaa	caaaatcccc	120
ccaaatctct	tcattcttacc	ctggtggact	cctgactgta	gaattttttg	gttgaaacaa	180
gaaaaaaata	aagcttttga	cttttcaagg	ttgcttaaca	ggtactgaaa	gactggcctc	240
acttaactg	agccaggaaa	agctgcagat	ttattaatgg	gtgtgttagt	gtgcagtgcc	300
t						301

<210> 255

<211> 302

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 255

agcttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	ttcattaaaa	aatagtgtct	tttattataa	60
attactgaaa	tgtttctttt	ctgaatataa	atataaatat	gtgcaaagtt	tgacttggat	120
tgggattttg	ttgagttctt	caagcatctc	ctaataccct	caagggcctg	agtagggggg	180
aggaaaaagg	actggagggtg	gaatctttat	aaaaaacaag	agtgattgag	gcagattgta	240
aacattatta	aaaaacaaga	aacaaacaaa	aaaatagaga	aaaaaaccac	cccaacacac	300
aa						302

<210> 256

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 256
 gttccagaaa acattgaagg tggcttccca aagtctaact agggataccc cctctagcct 60
 aggaccctcc tccccacacc tcaatccacc aaaccatcca taatgcaccc agataggccc 120
 acccccaaaa gcctggacac cttgagcaca cagttatgac caggacagac tcctctctat 180
 aggcaaatac ctgctggcaa actggcatta cctggtttgt ggggatgggg gggcaagtgt 240
 gtggcctctc ggcctgggta gcaagaacat tcagggtagg cctaagttan tcgtgttagt 300
 t 301

<210> 257
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 257
 gttgtggagg aactctggct tgctcattaa gtcctactga ttttcactat cccctgaatt 60
 tccccactta tttttgtctt tcaactatcg aggccttaga agaggtctac ctgcctccag 120
 tcttacctag tccagtctac cccctggagt tagaatggcc atcctgaagt gaaaagtaat 180
 gtcacattac tcccttcagt gatttcttgt agaagtgcc atccctgaat gccaccaaga 240
 tcttaattct cactcttta atcttatctc tttgactcct ctttacaccg gagaaggctc 300
 c 301

<210> 258
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 258
 cagcagtagt agatgccgta tgccagcacg cccagcactc ccaggatcag caccagcacc 60
 aggggcccag ccaccaggcg cagaagcaag ataaacagta ggctcaagac cagagccacc 120
 cccagggcaa caagaatcca ataccaggac tgggcaaat cttcaaagat cttaacactg 180
 atgtctcggg cattgaggct gtcaataana cgctgatccc ctgctgtatg gtggtgtcat 240
 tgggtgatccc tgggagcgcc ggtggagtaa cgttggtcca tggaaagcag cgcccacaac 300
 t 301

<210> 259
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 259

```

tcatatatgc aaacaaatgc agactangcc tcaggcagag actaaaggac atctcttggg      60
gtgtcctgaa gtgatttggg cccctgaggg cagacaccta agtaggaatc ccagtgggaa      120
gcaaagccat aaggaagccc aggattcctt gtgatcagga agtgggccag gaaggctctgt      180
tccagctcac atctcatctg catgcagcac ggaccggatg cgcccactgg gtcttggctt      240
ccctcccatc ttctcaagca gtgtccttgt tgagccattt gcaccccttg ctccagggtg      300
c                                                                    301

```

```

<210> 260
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 260
tttttttctt ccctaaggaa aaagaaggaa caagtctcat aaaaccaa at aagcaatgg      60
aagggtgtctt aacttgaaaa agattaggag tctctgggtt acaagttata attgaatgaa      120
agaactgtaa cagccacagt tggccatttc atgccaatgg cagcaaaca caggattaac      180
tagggcaaaa taaataagtg tgtggaagcc ctgataagtg cttaataaac agactgattc      240
actgagacat cagtacctgc ccgggcggcc gctcgagccg aattctgcag atatccatca      300
c                                                                    301

```

```

<210> 261
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 261
aaatattcga gcaaattcctg taactaatgt gtctccataa aaggctttga actcagtga      60
tctgttcca tccacgattc tagcaatgac ctctcggaca tcaaagctcc tcttaagggt      120
agcaccaact attccataca attcatcagc aggaaataaa ggctcttcag aagggtcaat      180
ggtgacatcc aatttcttct gataatttag attcctcaca accttcctag ttaagtgaag      240
ggcatgatga tcattccaaag cccagtggtc acttactcca gactttctgc aatgaagatc      300
a                                                                    301

```

```

<210> 262
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 262
gaggagagcc tgttacagca tttgtaagca cagaatactc caggagtatt tgtaattgtc      60
tgtgagcttc ttgccgcaag tctctcagaa atttaaaaag atgcaaatac ctgagtcacc      120
cctagacttc ctaaaccaga tcctctgggg ctggaacctg gcactctgca tttgtaatga      180
gggctttctg gtgcacacct aattttgtgc atctttgccc taaatcctgg attagtgcc      240
catcattacc cccacattat aatgggatag attcagagca gatactctcc agcaaaagaat      300
c                                                                    301

```

```

<210> 263
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 263

tttagcttgt	ggtaaatgac	tcacaaaact	gatttttaaaa	tcaagttaat	gtgaattttg	60
aaaattacta	cttaatccta	attcacaata	acaatggcat	taaggtttga	cttgagttgg	120
ttcttagtat	tatttatggg	aaataggctc	ttaccacttg	caaataactg	gccacatcat	180
taatgactga	cttcccagta	aggctctcta	aggggtaagt	angaggatcc	acaggatttg	240
agatgctaag	gccccagaga	tcgtttgatc	caacctctt	attttcagag	gggaaaatgg	300
g						301

<210> 264

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 264

aaagacgtta	aaccactcta	ctaccacttg	tggaaactctc	aaagggtaaa	tgacaaaacc	60
aatgaatgac	tctaaaaaca	atattttacat	ttaatgggtt	gtagacaata	aaaaaacaag	120
gtggatagat	ctagaattgt	aacattttta	gaaaaccata	scatttgaca	gatgagaaag	180
ctcaattata	gatgcaaagt	tataactaaa	ctactatagt	agtaaagaaa	tacatttcac	240
acccttcata	taaattcact	atcttggctt	gaggcactcc	ataaaatgta	tcacgtgcat	300
a						301

<210> 265

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 265

tgcccaagtt	atgtgtaagt	gtatccgcac	ccagaggtaa	aactacactg	tcattcttctg	60
cttcttctga	cgcagtattt	cttctctggg	gagaagccgg	gaagtcttct	cctggctcta	120
catattcttg	gaagtctcta	atcaactttt	gttccatttg	tttcatctct	tcaggaggga	180
ttttcagttt	gtcaacatgt	tctctaacaa	cacttgccca	tttctgtaaa	gaatccaaag	240
cagtccaagg	ctttgacatg	tcaacaacca	gcataactag	agtatccttc	agagatacgg	300
c						301

<210> 266

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 266

taccgtctgc	ccttcctccc	atccaggcca	tctgcgaatc	tacatgggtc	ctcctattcg	60
acaccagatc	actctttcct	ctaccacacag	gcttgctatg	agcaagagac	acaacctcct	120
ctcttctgtg	ttccagcttc	ttttcctggt	cttcccaccc	cttaagttct	attcctgggg	180
atagagacac	caatacccat	aacctctctc	ctaagcctcc	ttataaccca	gggtgcacag	240
cacagactcc	tgacaactgg	taaggccaat	gaactgggag	ctcacagctg	gctgtgcctg	300
a						301

<210> 267

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 267

aaagagcaca	ggccagctca	gcctgccctg	gccatctaga	ctcagcctgg	ctccatgggg	60
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	----

gttctcagtg ctgagtcctat ccaggaaaag ctcacctaga ccttctgagg ctgaatcttc 120
atcctcacag gcagcttctg agagcctgat attcctagcc ttgatgggtct ggagtaaagc 180
ctcattctga ttctctctct tcttttcttt caagttggct ttcttcacat cctctgttc 240
aattcgcttc agcttgctg ctttagccct catttccaga agcttcttct ctttggcatc 300
t 301

<210> 268
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 268
aatgtctcac tcaactactt ccagcctac cgtggcctaa ttctgggagt tttcttctta 60
gatcttggga gagctgggtc ttctaaggag aaggaggaag gacagatgta actttggatc 120
tcgaagagga agtctaattg aagtaattag tcaacgggtc ttgtttagac tcttgggaata 180
tgctgggtgg ctgagtgagc ccttttggag aaagcaagta ttattcttaa ggagtaacca 240
cttcccattg ttctactttc taccatcatc aattgtatat tatgtattct ttggagaact 300
a 301

<210> 269
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 269
taacaatata cactagctat ctttttaact gtccatcatt agcaccaatg aagattcaat 60
aaaattacct ttattcacac atctcaaac aattctgcaa attcttagtg aagtttaact 120
atagtcacag accttaata ttcacattgt tttctatgtc tactgaaaat aagttcacta 180
cttttctgga tattctttac aaaatcttat taaaattcct ggtattatca ccccaatta 240
tacagtagca caaccacctt atgtagtttt tacatgatag ctctgtagaa gtttcacatc 300
t 301

<210> 270
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 270
cattgaagag cttttgcgaa acatcagaac acaagtgcct ataaaattaa ttaagcctta 60
cacaagaata catattcctt ttatttctaa ggagttaaag atagatgtag ctgatgtgga 120
gagcttgctg gtgcagtgc ttttggataa cactattcat ggccgaattg atcaagtcaa 180
ccaactcctt gaactggatc atcagaagaa ggggtgggca cgatatactg cactagataa 240
tggaccaacc aactaaattc tctcaccagg ctgtatcagt aaactggctt aacagaaaac 300
a 301

<210> 271
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)... (301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 271

```

aaaagggttct cataagatta acaattttaa taaatatttg atagaacatt ctttctcatt      60
tttatagctc atcttttaggg ttgatattca gttcatgctt cccttgctgt tcttgatcca      120
gaattgcaat cacttcatca gcctgtattc gctccaattc tctataaagt ggggtccaagg      180
tgaaccacag agccacagca cacctctttc ccttggtgac tgccttcacc ccatganggt      240
tctctcctcc agatganaac tgatcatgcg cccacatttt gggttttata gaagcagtca      300
c                                                                           301

```

<210> 272

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 272

```

taaattgcta agccacagat aacaccaatc aaatggaaca aatcactgtc ttcaaagtgc      60
ttatcagaaa accaaatgag cctggaatct tcataatacc taaacatgcc gtatttagga      120
tccaataatt cctcatgat gagcaagaaa aattctttgc gcacccctcc tgcattccaca      180
gcattcttct caacaaatat aaccttgagt ggcttcttgc aatctatgtt ctttggtttc      240
ctaaggactt ccattgcac tcctacaata ttttctctac gcaccactag aattaagcag      300
g                                                                           301

```

<210> 273

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 273

```

acatgtgtgt atgtgtatct ttgggaaaaa aanaagacat cttgtttayt atttttttgg      60
agagangctg ggacatggat aatcacwtaa ttgtctayta tyactttaat ctgactygaa      120
gaaccgtcta aaaataaaat ttaccatgtc dtatatctct tatagtatgc ttatttcacc      180
tlytttctgt ccagagagag tatcagtgc ananatttma ggggtgaamac atgmattggc      240
gggacttnty ttacngagm accctgcccc sgcgcccccg makcngantt ccgcsananc      300
t                                                                           301

```

<210> 274

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 274

```

cttatatact ctttctcaga ggcaaaagag gagatgggta atgtagacaa ttctttgagg      60
aacagtaaatt gattattaga gagaangaat ggaccaagga gacagaaatt aacttgtaaa      120
tgattctctt tggaatctga atgagatcaa gaggccagct ttagcttgtg gaaaagtcca      180
tctaggtagt gttgcattct cgtcttcttt tctgcagtag ataatgaggt aaccgaaggc      240
aattgtgctt cttttgataa gaagctttct tggatcatatc aggaaattcc aganaaagtc      300

```


c 301

<210> 275
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 275
 tcggtgtcag cagcacgtgg cattgaacat tgcaatgtgg agcccaaacc acagaaaatg 60
 ggggtgaaatt ggccaacttt ctattaactt atgttggtgaa ttttgccacc aacagtaagc 120
 tggcccttct aataaaagaa aattgaaagg tttctcacta aacggaatta agtagtggag 180
 tcaagagact cccaggcctc agcgtacctg cccgggcggc cgctcgaagc cgaattctgc 240
 agatatccat cacactggcg gncgctcgan catgcatcta gaaggnccaa ttcgccttat 300
 a 301

<210> 276
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 276
 tgtacacata ctcaataaat aaatgactgc atttgtgtat tattactata ctgattatat 60
 ttatcatgtg acttctaatt agaaaatgta tccaaaagca aaacagcaga tatacaaaat 120
 taaagagaca gaagatagac attaacagat aaggcaactt atacattgag aatccaaatc 180
 caatacattt aaacatttgg gaaatgaggg ggacaaatgg aagccagatc aaatttgtgt 240
 aaaactattc agtatgtttc ccttgcttca tgtctgagaa ggctctcctt caatggggat 300
 g 301

<210> 277
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 277
 tttgttgatg tcagtatattt attacttgcg ttatgagtgc tcacctggga aattctaaag 60
 atacagagga cttggaggaa gcagagcaac tgaatttaat ttaaaagaag gaaaacattg 120
 gaatcatggc actcctgata ctttcccaaa tcaacactct caatgccccca cctcgtcct 180
 caccatagtg gggagactaa agtggccacg gatttgccct angtgtgcag tgcgttctga 240
 gttcncgtgc gattacatct gaccagtctc ctttttccga agtcctccg ttcaatcttg 300
 c 301

<210> 278
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 278
taccactaca ctccagcctg ggcaacagag caagacctgt ctcaaagcat aaaatggaat 60
aacatatcaa atgaaacagg gaaaatgaag ctgacaattt atggaagcca gggcttgtca 120
cagtctctac tgttattatg cattacctgg gaatttatat aagcccttaa taataatgcc 180
aatgaacatc tcatgtgtgc tcacaatgtt ctggcactat tataagtgtc tcacagggtt 240
tatgtgttct tcgttaacttt atggantagg tactcggccg cgaacacgct aagccgaatt 300
c 301

<210> 279
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 279
aaagcaggaa tgacaaagct tgcttttctg gtatgttcta ggtgtattgt gacttttact 60
gttatattaa ttgccaatat aagtaaatat agattatata tgtatagtgt ttcacaaagc 120
ttagaccttt accttccagc caccacacag tgcttgatat ttcagagtca gtcattgggt 180
atacatgtgt agttccaaag cacataagct agaanaanaa atatttctag ggagcactac 240
catctgtttt cacatgaaat gccacacaca tagaactcca acatcaattt cattgcacag 300
a 301

<210> 280
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 280
ggtactggag ttttcctccc ctgtgaaaac gtaactactg ttgggagtga attgaggatg 60
tagaaagggt gtggaaccaa attgtgggtca atggaaatag gagaatatgg ttctcactct 120
tgagaaaaaa acctaaagatt agcccaggta gttgcctgta acttcagttt ttctgcctgg 180
gtttgatata gtttaggggtt ggggttagat taagatctaa attacatcag gacaaagaga 240
cagactatta actccacagt taattaagga ggtatgttcc atgtttattt gttaaagcag 300
t 301

<210> 281
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 281
aggtacaaga aggggaatgg gaaagagctg ctgctgtggc attgttcaac ttggatatcc 60
gccgagcaat ccaaactctg aatgaagggg catcttctga aaaaggagat ctgaatctca 120
atgtggtagc aatggcttta tcgggttata cggatgagaa gaactccctt tggagagaaa 180
tgtgtagcac actgcgatta cagctaaata acccgatttt gtgtgtcatg ttgcatttc 240

tgacaagtga aacaggatct tacgatggag ttttgtatga aaacaaagtt gcagtacctc 300
g 301

<210> 282
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 282
caggtactac agaattaaaa tactgacaag caagtagttt cttggcgtgc acgaattgca 60
tccagaaccc aaaaattaag aaattcaaaa agacattttg tgggcacctg ctagcacaga 120
agcgcagaag caaagcccag gcagaacccat gctaacctta cagctcagcc tgcacagaag 180
cgcagaagca aagcccaggc agaaccatgc taaccttaca gctcagcctg cacagaagcg 240
cagaagcaaa gccagggcag aacatgctaa ctttacagct cagcctgcac agaagcacag 300
a 301

<210> 283
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 283
atctgtatac ggcagacaaa ctttatarag ttagagagagg tgagcgaaaag gatgcaaaaag 60
cactttgagg gctttataat aatatgctgc ttgaaaaaaa aaatgtgtag ttgatactca 120
gtgcatctcc agacatagta aggggttgct ctgaccaatc aggtgatcat tttttctatc 180
acttcccagg ttttatgcaa aaattttggt aaattctata atggtgatat gcattcttta 240
ggaaacatat acatttttaa aaatctatct tatgtaagaa ctgacagacg aatttgcttt 300
g 301

<210> 284
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 284
caggtacaaa acgctattaa gtggcttaga atttgaacat ttgtggtctt tatttacttt 60
gcttcgtgtg tgggcaaagc aacatcttcc ctaaatatat attaccaaga aaagcaagaa 120
gcagattagg tttttgacaa aacaaacagg ccaaaagggg gctgacctgg agcagagcat 180
gggtgagaggc aaggcatgag agggcaagtt tgttggtggac agatctgtgc ctactttatt 240
actggagtaa aagaaaacaa agttcattga tgtcgaagga tatatacagt gttagaaatt 300
a 301

<210> 285
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 285
acatcaccat gatcggtacc cccacccatt atacgttgta tgtttacata aatactcttc 60
aatgatcatt agtgctttta aaaaaatact gaaaactcct tctgcatccc aatctctaac 120

caggaaagca aatgctatct acagacctgc aagccctccc tcaaacnaaa ctatttctgg 180
attaaatagc tctgacttct tttaggttca cagcactagg caaatgctat ttacgatctg 240
caaaagctgt ttgaagagtc aaagccccc tgtgaacacg atttctggac cctgtaacag 300
t 301

<210> 286
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 286
taccactgca ttccagcctg ggtgacagag tgagactccg tctccaaaaa aaacttttct 60
tgtatattat ttttgcccta cagtggatca ttctagtagg aaaggacagt aagatttttt 120
atcaaaatgt gtcattgccag taagagatgt tatattcttt tctcatttct tccccacca 180
aaaataagct accatatagc ttataagtct caaatTTTTT ccttttacta aaatgtgatt 240
gtttctgttc attgtgtatg cttcatcacc tatattaggc aaattccatt ttttccttg 300
t 301

<210> 287
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 287
tacagatctg ggaactaaat attaaaaatg agtgtggctg gatatatgga gaatgttggg 60
cccagaagga acgtagagat cagatattac aacagctttg ttttgagggt tagaaatag 120
aaatgatttg gttatgaacg cacagttagg gcagcagggc cagaatcctg accctctgcc 180
ccgtggttat ctctcccca gcttggctgc ctcatgttat cacagtattc cattttgttt 240
gttgcatgtc ttgtgaagcc atcaagattt tctcgtctgt tttcctctca ttggtaatgc 300
t 301

<210> 288
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 288
gtacacctaa ctgcaaggac agctgaggaa tgtaatgggc agccgctttt aaagaagtag 60
agtcaatagg aagacaaatt ccagttccag ctccgtctgg gtatctgcaa agctgcaaaa 120
gatctttaaa gacaatttca agagaatatt tccttaaagt tggcaatttg gagatcatac 180
aaaagcatct gcttttgtga tttaatttag ctcatctggc cactggaaga atccaaacag 240
tctgccttaa ttttggatga atgcatgatg gaaattcaat aatttagaaa gttaaaaaaa 300
a 301

<210> 289
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 289

ggtagactgt	ttccatgcta	tgtttctaca	cattgctacc	tcagtgtccc	tggaaactta	60
gcttttgatg	tctccaagta	gtccaccttc	atttaactct	ttgaaactgt	atcatctttg	120
ccaagtaaga	gtggtggcct	atttcagctg	ctttgacaaa	atgactggct	cctgacttaa	180
cgttctataa	atgaatgtgc	tgaagcaaag	tgcccatggg	ggcggcgaan	aagagaaaga	240
tgtgttttgt	tttggactct	ctgtgggtccc	ttccaatgct	gtgggtttcc	aaccagnnga	300
a						301

```
<210> 290
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

```
<220>  
<221> misc_feature  
<222> (1)...(301)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

<400>	290						
acactgagct	cttcttgata	aatatacaga	atgcttggca	tatacaagat	tctatactac		60
tgactgatct	gttcatttct	ctcacagctc	ttacccccaa	aagcttttcc	accctaagtg		120
ttctgacctc	cttttcta	cacagtaggg	atagaggcag	anccacctac	aatgaacatg		180
gagttctatc	aagaggcaga	aacagcacag	aatcccagtt	ttaccattcg	ctagcagtg		240
tgccctgaac	aaaaacattt	ctccatgtct	cattttcttc	atgcctcaag	taacagtgag		300
a							301

```
<210> 291
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

<400> 291						
caggtagcaaa	tttcttctat	cctagaaaaca	tttcattttta	tgttggttgaa	acataacaac	60
tatatcagct	agattttttt	tctatgcttt	acctgctatg	gaaaatttga	cacattctgc	120
tttactcttt	tgtttatagg	tgaatcacia	aatgtatttt	tatgtattct	gtagtccaat	180
agccatggct	gtttacttca	tttaatttat	ttagcataaa	gacattatga	aaaggcctaa	240
acatgagctt	cacttccccca	ctaactaatt	agcatctggt	atctcttaac	cgtaatgcct	300
a						301

```
<210> 292
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

```
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

<400> 292						
accttttagt	agtaatgtct	aataataaat	aagaaatcaa	ttttataagg	tccatatagc	60
tgtattaaat	aatttttaag	tttaaaagat	aaaataccat	catttttaaat	gttggtattc	120
aaaaccaaag	natataaccg	aaaggaaaaa	cgatgagac	ataaaaatgat	ttgcnagatg	180
ggaaatatag	tasttyatga	atgttnatta	aattccagtt	ataatagtgg	ctacacactc	240
tcactacaca	cacagacccc	acagtcctat	atgccacaaa	cacatttcca	taacttgaaa	300
a						301

<210> 293
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 293
ggtagcaagt gctggtagca gctgttacc tgtttcact gaaaagtctg gctaagtctc 60
ttgtgtagtc acttctgatt ctgacaatca atcaatcaat ggcctagagc actgactgtt 120
aacacaaacg tcactagcaa agtagcaaca gctttaagtc taaatacaaa gctgttctgt 180
gtgagaattt tttaaaaggc tacttgtata ataacccttg tcatttttaa tgtacctcgg 240
ccgcgaccac gctaagccga attctgcaga tatccatcac actggcggcc gctcgagcat 300
g 301

<210> 294
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 294
tgaccataa caatatacac tagctatctt tttactgtc catcattagc accaatgaag 60
attcaataaa attaccttta ttcacacatc tcaaaacaat tctgcaaatt cttagtgaag 120
tttaactata gtcacaganc ttaaattatc acattgtttt ctatgtctac tgaaaataag 180
ttcactactt ttctgggata ttctttacaa aatcttatta aaattcctgg tattatcacc 240
cccaattata cagtagcaca accaccttat gtagttttta catgatagct ctgtagaggt 300
t 301

<210> 295
<211> 305
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 295
gtactctttc tctccctccc tctgaattta attctttcaa cttgcaattt gcaaggatta 60
cacatttcac tgtgatgtat attgtgttgc aaaaaaaaaa gtgtctttgt ttaaaattac 120
ttggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccattctctga 180
actggtagaa aaacrctctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacaggtga attggatggg 240
tctcagaacc atttcaccca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg tttataaat tagtttgggt 300
tctct 305

<210> 296
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 296
aggtagtatg ggaagctgct aaaataatat ttgatagtaa aagtagtaa tgtgctatct 60
cacctagtag taaactaaaa ataaactgaa actttatgga atctgaagtt attttccttg 120
attaaataga attaataaac caatatgagg aaacatgaaa ccatgcaatc tactatcaac 180
tttgaaaaag tgattgaacg aaccacttag ctttcagatg atgaacactg ataagtcatt 240

tgtcattact ataaatttta aaatctgtta ataagatggc ctataggag gaaaaagggg 300
c 301

<210> 297

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (300)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 297

actgagtttt aactggacgc caagcaggca aggctggaag gttttgctct ctttgtgcta 60
aaggttttga aaaccttgaa ggagaatcat ttgacaaga agtacttaag agtctagaga 120
acaaagangt gaaccagctg aaagctctcg ggggaanctt acatgtgttg ttaggcctgt 180
tccatcattg ggagtgcact ggccatccct caaaatttgt ctgggctggc ctgagtggc 240
accgcacctc ggccgcgacc acgctaagcc gaattctgca gatatccatc acactggcgg 300

<210> 298

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 298

tatggggttt gtcacccaaa agctgatgct gagaaaggcc tccctggggc ccctcccgcg 60
ggcatctgag agacctggtg ttccagtgtt tctggaaatg ggtcccagtg ccgccggctg 120
tgaagctctc agatcaatca cgggaagggc ctggcggtgg tggccacctg gaaccacctt 180
gtcctgtctg ttacatttc actaycaggt tttctctggg cattacnatt tgttccccta 240
caacagtgac ctgtgcattc tgctgtggcc tgctgtgtct gcagggtggc ctcagcgagg 300
t 301

<210> 299

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 299

gttttgagac ggagtttcac tcttgttgcc cagactggac tgcaatggca gggctctctgc 60
tactgcacc ctctgcctcc caggttcgag caattctcct gcctcagcct cccaggtagc 120
tggtattgca ggctcacgcc accataccca gctaattttt ttgtattttt agtagagacg 180
gagtttcgcc atgttgcca gctggtctca aactcctgac ctcaagcgac ctgcctgcct 240
cggcctccca aagtgtgga attataggca tgagtcaaca cgcccagcct aaagatatat 300
t 301

<210> 300

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 300

```

attcagtttt atttgcgtgcc ccagtatctg taaccaggag tgccacaaaa tcttgccaga      60
tatgtcccac acccactggg aaaggctccc acctggctac ttcctctatc agctgggtca      120
gctgcattcc acaagggttct cagcctaata agtttacta cctgccagtc tcaaaactta      180
gtaaagcaag accatgacat tccccacgg aaatcagagt ttgccccacc gtcttggtac      240
tataaagcct gcctctaaca gtccttgctt cttcacacca atccccgagcg catcccccat      300
g                                                                                   301

```

<210> 301

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 301

```

ttaaatTTTT gagaggataa aaaggacaaa taatctagaa atgtgtcttc ttcagtcctgc      60
agaggacccc aggtctccaa gcaaccacat ggtcaagggc atgaataatt aaaagtgggt      120
gggaactcac aaagaccctc agagctgaga caccacacac agtgggagct cacaagacc      180
ctcagagctg agacaccac aacagtggga gctcacaag accctcagag ctgagacacc      240
cacaacagca cctcgttcag ctgccacatg tgtgaataag gatgcaatgt ccagaagtgt      300
t                                                                                   301

```

<210> 302

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 302

```

aggtacacat ttagcttggt gtaaatgact cacaaaactg attttaaaat caagttaatg      60
tgaattttga aaattactac ttaatcctaa ttcacaataa caatggcatt aaggtttgac      120
ttgagttggt tcttagtatt atttatggta aataggctct taccacttgc aaataactgg      180
ccacatcatt aatgactgac ttcccagtaa ggctctctaa ggggtaagta ggaggatcca      240
caggatttga gatgctaagg ccccagagat cgtttgatcc aaccctctta ttttcagagg      300
g                                                                                   301

```

<210> 303

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 303

```

aggtaccaac tgtggaaata ggtagaggat cattttttct tcccatatca actaagttgt      60
atattgtttt ttgacagttt aacacatctt cttctgtcag agattctttc acaatagcac      120
tggtcaatgg aactaccgct tgcatgttaa aaatggtggg ttgtgaaatg atcataggcc      180
agtaacgggt atgtttttct aactgatctt ttgctcgctt caaagggacc tcaagacttc      240
catcgatttt atatctgggg tctagaaaag gagttaatct gttttccctc ataaattcac      300
c                                                                                   301

```

<210> 304

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 304

```

acatggatgt tattttgcag actgtcaacc tgaatttgta tttgcttgac attgcctaatt      60

```



```

tattagtttc agtttcagct tacccacttt ttgtctgcaa catgcaraas agacagtgcc 120
cttttttagtg tatcatatca ggaatcatct cacattgggtt tgtgccatta ctggtgcagt 180
gacttttcagc cacttgggta aggtggaggtt ggccatatgt ctccactgca aaattactga 240
ttttcctttt gtaattaata agtgtgtgtg tgaagattct ttgagatgag gtatatatct 300
c                                                                 301

```

```

<210> 305
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 305
gangtacagc gtggtcaagg taacaagaag aaaaaaatgt gagtggcatc ctgggatgag 60
cagggggaca gacctggaca gacacgttgt catttgctgc tgtgggtagg aaaatgggag 120
taaaggagga gaaacagata caaaatctcc aactcagtat taaggatttc tcatgcctag 180
aatattggta gaaacaagaa tacattcata tggcaaataa ctaaccatgg tggaaacaaaa 240
ttctgggatt taagttggat accaangaaa ttgtattaaa agagctgttc atggaataag 300
a                                                                 301

```

```

<210> 306
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 306
Val Leu Gly Trp Val Ala Glu Leu
1                    5

```

```

<210> 307
<211> 637
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 307
acaggggratg aagggaaaagg gagaggatga ggaagcccc ctggggattt ggtttggtcc 60
ttgtgatcag gtggtctatg gggcttatcc ctacaaagaa gaatccagaa atagggggcac 120
attgaggaat gatacttgag cccaaagagc attcaatcat tgttttattt gccttmtttt 180
cacaccattg gtgagggagg gattaccacc ctggggttat gaagatgggt gaacacccca 240
cacatagcac cggagatatg agatcaacag tttcttagcc atagagattc acagcccaga 300
gcaggaggac gcttgcacac catgcaggat gacatggggg atgcgctcgg gattggtgtg 360
aagaagcaag gactgttaga ggcaggcttt atagtaacaa gacggtgggg caaactctga 420
tttcctgagg ggaatgtcat ggtcttgctt tactaagttt tgagactggc aggtagtga 480
actcattagg ctgagaacct tgtggaatgc acttgaccga sctgatagag gaagtagcca 540
gggtgggagcc tttcccagtg ggtgtgggac atatctggca agattttgtg gcactcctgg 600
ttacagatac tggggcagca aataaaaactg aatcttgg 637

```

```

<210> 308
<211> 647
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(647)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 308
 acgattttca ttatcatgta aatcgggtca ctcaaggggc caaccacagc tgggagccac 60
 tgctcagggg aagggttcata tgggactttc tactgccccaa gggtctatac aggatataaa 120
 ggngcctcac agtatagatc tggtagcaaa gaagaagaaa caaacactga tctctttctg 180
 ccacccctct gacccttttg aactcctctg acccttttaga acaagcctac ctaatatctg 240
 ctagagaaaa gaccaacaac ggctcaaaag gatctcttac catgaaggtc tcagctaatt 300
 cttggctaag atgtgggttc cacattaggt tctgaatatg gggggaaggg tcaatttgct 360
 catttttgtgt gtggataaaag tcaggatgcc caggggccag agcagggggc tgcttgcttt 420
 gggaacaatg gctgagcata taaccatagg ttatggggaa caaaacaaca tcaaagtcac 480
 tgtatcaatt gccatgaaga cttgagggac ctgaatctac cgattcatct taaggcagca 540
 ggaccagttt gagtggcaac aatgcagcag cagaatcaat ggaaacaaca gaatgattgc 600
 aatgtccttt tttttctcct gcttctgact tgataaaaag ggaccgt 647

<210> 309
 <211> 460
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 309
 actttatagt ttaggtctgga cattggaaaa aaaaaaaagc cagaacaaca tgtgatagat 60
 aatatgattg gctgcacact tccagactga tgaatgatga acgtgatgga ctattgtatg 120
 gagcacatct tcagcaagag ggggaaatac tcatcatttt tggccagcag ttgtttgatc 180
 accaaacatc atgccagaat actcagcaaa ctttcttagc tcttgagaag tcaaagtcctg 240
 ggggaattta ttcttgcaa ttttaatttg actccttatg tgagagcagc ggctaccag 300
 ctggggtggg ggagcgaacc cgtcactagt ggacatgcag tggcagagct cctggtaacc 360
 acctagagga atacacaggc acatgtgtga tgccaagcgt gacacctgta gcactcaaat 420
 ttgtcttgtt tttgtctttc ggtgtgtaag attcttaagt 460

<210> 310
 <211> 539
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 310
 acgggactta tcaaataaag ataggaaaag aagaaaactc aaatattata ggcagaaatg 60
 ctaaagggtt taaaatatgt caggattgga agaaggcatg gataaagaac aaagttcagt 120
 taggaaaagag aaacacagaa ggaagagaca caataaaagt cattatgtat tctgtgagaa 180
 gtcagacagt aagattttgtg ggaaatgggt tggtttgttg tatggtagt attttagcaa 240
 taatctttat ggcagagaaa gctaaaatcc tttagcttgc gtgaatgatc acctgctgaa 300
 ttctcaagg taggcattgat gaaggagggt ttagaggaga cacagacaca atgaactgac 360
 ctagatagaa agccttagta tactcagcta ggaatagtga ttctgagggc acactgtgac 420
 atgattatgt cattacatgt atggtagtga tggggatgat aggaagggaag aacttatggc 480
 atattttcac ccccaaaaa gtcagttaaa tattggggaca ctaaccatcc aggtcaaga 539

<210> 311
 <211> 526
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(526)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 311
 caaatttgag ccaatgacat agaattttac aaatcaagaa gcttattctg gggccatttc 60
 ttttgacgtt ttctctaaac tactaaagag gcattaatga tccataaatt atattatcta 120
 catttacagc atttaaaatg tggttcagcat gaaatattag ctacagggga agctaaataa 180
 attaaacatg gaataaagat ttgtccttaa atataatcta caagaagact ttgatatttg 240
 tttttcacia gtgaagcatt cttataaagt gtcataacct ttttggggaa actatgggaa 300
 aaaatgggga aactctgaag gggttttaagt atcttacctg aagctacaga ctccataacc 360
 tctctttaca gggagctcct gcagccccta cagaaatgag tggctgagat tcttgattgc 420
 acagcaagag cttctcatct aaaccctttc cctttttagt atctgtgtat caagtataaa 480
 agttctataa actgtagtnt acttattttta atccccaag cacagt 526

<210> 312
 <211> 500
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(500)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 312
 cctctctctc cccacccct gactctagag aactgggttt tctccagta ctccagcaat 60
 tcatttctga aagcagttga gccactttat tccaaagtag actgcagatg ttcaaactct 120
 ccatttctct tcccttcca cctgccagtt ttgctgactc tcaacttgct atgagtgtaa 180
 gcattaagga cattatgctt cttcgattct gaagacaggc cctgctcatg gatgactctg 240
 gcttcttagg aaaatatttt tcttccaaaa tcagtaggaa atctaaactt atccccctct 300
 tgcagatgct tagcagcttc agacatttgg ttaagaacct atgggaaaaa aaaaaatcct 360
 tgctaagtgt gtttcctttg taaaccanga ttcttatttg nctgggtatag aatatcagct 420
 ctgaacgtgt ggtaaagatt tttgtgtttg aatataggag aaatcagttt gctgaaaagt 480
 tagtcttaat tatctattgg 500

<210> 313
 <211> 718
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(718)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 313
 ggagatttgt gtggtttgca gccgagggag accaggaaga tctgcatggt gggaaggacc 60
 tgatgataca gaggtgagaa ataagaaagg ctgctgactt taccatctga ggccacacat 120
 ctgctgaaat ggagataatt aacatcacta gaaacagcaa gatgacaata taatgtctaa 180
 gtagtgacat gtttttgac atttccagcc ctttttaata tccacacaca caggaagcac 240
 aaaaggaagc acagagatcc ctgggagaaa tgcccggccg ccattcttggg tcatcgatga 300
 gcctcgccct gtgcctgntc ccgcttgtga gggaaggaca ttagaaaaatg aattgatgtg 360
 ttccttaaaag gatggcagga aaacagatcc tgttgtggat atttatttga acgggattac 420

```

agatttgaaa tgaagtcaca aagtgagcat taccaatgag aggaaaacag acgagaaaat 480
cttgatgggt cacaagacat gcaacaaaca aaatggaata ctgtgatgac acgagcagcc 540
aactggggag gagataccac ggggcagagg tcaggattct ggccctgctg cctaactgtg 600
cgttatacca atcatttcta tttctaccct caaacaagct gtngaataac tgacttacgg 660
ttcttntggc ccacattttc atnatccacc cctcctttt aannttantc caaantgt 718

```

<210> 314

<211> 358

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 314

```

gtttatttac attacagaaa aaacatcaag acaatgtata ctatttcaaa tatatccata 60
cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattgggtg agattaccac aaatgcaagg 120
caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg tgtagtccaa 180
gctctcggta gtccagccac tgtgaaacat gctcccttta gattaacctc gtggacgctc 240
ttgttgtatt gctgaactgt agtgccctgt attttgcttc tgtctgtgaa ttctgttgc 300
tctggggcat ttccttgtga tgcagaggac caccacacag atgacagcaa tctgaatt 358

```

<210> 315

<211> 341

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 315

```

taccacctcc ccgctggcac tgatgagccg catcaccatg gtcaccagca ccatgaaggc 60
atagggtgat atgaggacat ggaatgggcc cccaaggatg gtctgtccaa agaagcgagt 120
gacccccatt ctgaagatgt ctggaacctc taccagcagg atgatgatag cccaatgac 180
agtcaccagc tccccgacca gccggataac gtccttaggg gtcatgtagg ctctctgaag 240
tagcttctgc tgtaagaggg tgtgtccccg ggggctcgtg cggttattgg tcttgggctt 300
gagggggcgg tagatgcagc acatggtgaa gcagatgatg t 341

```

<210> 316

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 316

```

agactgggca agactcttac gccccacact gcaatttggt cttgttgccg tatccattta 60
tgtgggcctt tctcgagttt ctgattataa acaccactgg agcgatgtgt tgactggact 120
cattcagga gctctggtg caatattagt t 151

```

<210> 317

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 317

```

agaactagtg gatcctaag aaatacctga aacatatatt ggcatttata aatggctcaa 60
atcttcattt atctctggcc ttaaccctgg ctctgagggc tgcggccagc agatcccagg 120
ccagggctct gttcttgcca cactgctt a 151

```

<210> 318

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 318

```
actggtggga ggcgctgttt agttggctgt tttcagaggg gtctttcgga gggacctcct    60
gctgcaggct ggagtgtctt tttcctggc gggagaccgc acattccact gctgaggctg    120
tgggggcggg ttatcaggca gtgataaaca t                                151
```

<210> 319

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 319

```
aactagtggga tccagagcta taggtacagt gtgatctcag ctttgcaaac acattttcta    60
catagatagt actaggtatt aatagatatg taaagaaaga aatcacacca ttaataatgg    120
taagattggg tttatgtgat tttagtgggt a                                151
```

<210> 320

<211> 150

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 320

```
aactagtggga tccactagtc cagtgtgggt gaattccatt gtgttggggg tctagatcgc    60
gagcggctgc cttttttttt tttttttttg ggggggaatt tttttttttt aatagttatt    120
gagtgttcta cagcttacag taaataccat                                150
```

<210> 321

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 321

```
agcaactttg tttttcatcc aggttatatt aggccttagga tttcctctca cactgcagtt    60
taggggtggca ttgtaaccag ctatggcata ggtgttaacc aaaggctgag taaacatggg    120
tgccctcgag aaatcaaagt cttcatacac t                                151
```

<210> 322

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 322

```
atccagcatc ttctctgtt tcttgcttc cttttcttc ttcttasatt ctgcttgagg    60
tttgggcttg gtcagtttg caccagggctt ggagatgggt acagtcttct ggcattcggc    120
attgtgcagg gctcgcttca nacttccagt t                                151
```

<210> 323

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 323

tgaggacttg tktttttttt cttttttttt aatcctctta ckttgtaa atattgccta	60
nagactcant tactacccag tttgtgggtt twtgggagaa atgtaactgg acagttagct	120
gttcaatyaa aaagacactt ancccatgtg g	151

<210> 324

<211> 461

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(461)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 324

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<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 325

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<211> 1215

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 326

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<210> 327

<211> 220

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 327

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Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly
35          40          45
Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu
50          55          60
Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala
65          70          75          80
Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp
85          90          95
Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly Asn
100         105         110
Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met Pro
115         120         125
Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Glu Val Cys
130         135         140
Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly
145         150         155         160
Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro
165         170         175
Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala
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 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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 <211> 77
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 329
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 <211> 70
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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 <211> 22
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

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<210> 333

<211> 3030

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 333

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<211> 2417

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 334

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<211> 2984

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 335

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<210> 336

<211> 147

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 336

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Pro Lys Gln Pro Gln Lys Arg Ser Arg Ala Ala Phe Ser His Thr Gln
35          40          45
Val Ile Glu Leu Glu Arg Lys Phe Ser His Gln Lys Tyr Leu Ser Ala
50          55          60
Pro Glu Arg Ala His Leu Ala Lys Asn Leu Lys Leu Thr Glu Thr Gln
65          70          75          80

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Val Lys Ile Trp Phe Gln Asn Arg Arg Tyr Lys Thr Lys Arg Lys Gln
 85 90 95
 Leu Ser Ser Glu Leu Gly Asp Leu Glu Lys His Ser Ser Leu Pro Ala
 100 105 110
 Leu Lys Glu Glu Ala Phe Ser Arg Ala Ser Leu Val Ser Val Tyr Asn
 115 120 125
 Ser Tyr Pro Tyr Tyr Pro Tyr Leu Tyr Cys Val Gly Ser Trp Ser Pro
 130 135 140
 Ala Phe Trp
 145

<210> 337
 <211> 9
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 337
 , Ala Leu Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala
 1 5

<210> 338
 <211> 9
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 338
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 1 5

<210> 339
 <211> 318
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 339
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 Cys Thr Ser Thr Val Gln Leu Pro Gly Lys Val Val Val Val Thr Gly
 35 40 45
 Ala Asn Thr Gly Ile Gly Lys Glu Thr Ala Lys Glu Leu Ala Gln Arg
 50 55 60
 Gly Ala Arg Val Tyr Leu Ala Cys Arg Asp Val Glu Lys Gly Glu Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Val Ala Lys Glu Ile Gln Thr Thr Thr Gly Asn Gln Gln Val Leu Val
 85 90 95
 Arg Lys Leu Asp Leu Ser Asp Thr Lys Ser Ile Arg Ala Phe Ala Lys
 100 105 110
 Gly Phe Leu Ala Glu Glu Lys His Leu His Val Leu Ile Asn Asn Ala
 115 120 125
 Gly Val Met Met Cys Pro Tyr Ser Lys Thr Ala Asp Gly Phe Glu Met
 130 135 140
 His Ile Gly Val Asn His Leu Gly His Phe Leu Leu Thr His Leu Leu

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145          150          155          160
Leu Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser Ala Pro Ser Arg Ile Val Asn Val Ser
          165          170          175
Ser Leu Ala His His Leu Gly Arg Ile His Phe His Asn Leu Gln Gly
          180          185          190
Glu Lys Phe Tyr Asn Ala Gly Leu Ala Tyr Cys His Ser Lys Leu Ala
          195          200          205
Asn Ile Leu Phe Thr Gln Glu Leu Ala Arg Arg Leu Lys Gly Ser Gly
          210          215          220
Val Thr Thr Tyr Ser Val His Pro Gly Thr Val Gln Ser Glu Leu Val
          225          230          235          240
Arg His Ser Ser Phe Met Arg Trp Met Trp Trp Leu Phe Ser Phe Phe
          245          250          255
Ile Lys Thr Pro Gln Gln Gly Ala Gln Thr Ser Leu His Cys Ala Leu
          260          265          270
Thr Glu Gly Leu Glu Ile Leu Ser Gly Asn His Phe Ser Asp Cys His
          275          280          285
Val Ala Trp Val Ser Ala Gln Ala Arg Asn Glu Thr Ile Ala Arg Arg
          290          295          300
Leu Trp Asp Val Ser Cys Asp Leu Leu Gly Leu Pro Ile Asp
305          310          315

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<210> 340

<211> 483

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 340

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ctcctgctgc aggtggagt gtctttattc ctggcgggag accgcacatt ccactgctga      180
ggttgtgggg gcggtttatc aggcagtgat aaacataaga tgtcatttcc ttgactccgg      240
ccttcaattt tctctttggc tgacgacgga gtccgtggtg tcccgatgta actgacctt      300
gctccaaacg tgacatcact gatgctcttc tcgggggtgc tgatggcccg cttgggtcacg      360
tgctcaatct cgccattcga ctcttgctcc aaactgtatg aagacacctg actgcacgtt      420
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ctg                                     483

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<210> 341

<211> 344

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 341

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gctgccttac aagtattaaa tattttactt ctttccataa agagtagctc aaaatatgca      180
attaatttaa taatttctga tgatggtttt atctgcagta atatgtatat catctattag      240
aatttactta atgaaaaact gaagagaaca aaatttgtaa ccactagcac ttaagtactc      300
ctgattctta acattgtctt taatgaccac aagacaacca acag                                     344

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<210> 342

<211> 592

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 342

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cctggcaggt	aaaccaatgc	caagagagtg	atggaaacca	ttggcaagac	tttggtgatg	180
accaggattg	gaattttata	aaaatattgt	tgatgggaag	ttgctaaagg	gtgaattact	240
tccctcagaa	gagtgtaaag	aaaagtcaga	gatgctataa	tagcagctat	tttaattggc	300
aagtgccact	gtggaaagag	ttcctgtgtg	tgctgaagtt	ctgaagggca	gtcaaattca	360
tcagcatggg	ctgtttggtg	caaatgcaaa	agcacaggtc	tttttagcat	gctggctctt	420
cccgtgtcct	tatgcaaata	atcgtcttct	tctaaatttc	tcctaggctt	cattttccaa	480
agttcttctt	ggtttgat	gtctttcttg	ctttccatta	attctataaa	atagtatggc	540
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<210> 343

<211> 382

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 343

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cttgtaactc	tcctttctcc	tttcttcccc	ttctctgccc	cgcctttccc	atcctgctgt	180
agacttcttg	attgtcagtc	tgtgtcacat	ccagtgattg	ctttggtttc	tgttcccttt	240
ctgactgccc	aaggggctca	gaaccccagc	aatcccttcc	tttcaactacc	ttcttttttg	300
ggggtagttg	gaagggactg	aaattgtggg	gggaaggtag	gaggcacatc	aataaagagg	360
aaaccaccaa	gctgaaaaaa	aa				382

<210> 344

<211> 536

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 344

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gtttaggggg	atgccaagga	taaggccagc	tcagttatat	gaagagaagc	agaacaaaca	180
agtctttcag	agaaatggat	gcaatcagag	tgggatcccc	gtcacatcaa	ggtcacactc	240
caccttcatg	tgctgaatg	gttgccaggt	cagaaaaatc	cacctcttac	gagtgcggct	300
tcgaccctat	atcccccgcc	cgcgtccctt	tctccataaa	attcttctta	gtagctatta	360
ccttcttatt	atttgatcta	gaaattgccc	tccttttacc	cctaccatga	gccctacaaa	420
caactaacct	gccactaata	gttatgtcat	ccctcttatt	aatcatcatc	ctagccctaa	480
gtctggccta	tgagtgacta	caaaaaggat	tagactgagc	cgaataacaa	aaaaaa	536

<210> 345

<211> 251

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 345

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gcgtggggcca	ggaaatcaca	tcctacactg	cccaggagcc	agacacattt	atggaacaga	180
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<210> 346
 <211> 282
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(282)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 346
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 agggagacta tacctggctc ttgccctaag tgagaggctt tccctccgc accaaaaaat 180
 agaaaggctt tctatttcac tggcccagg agggggaagg agagtaactt tgagtctgtg 240
 ggtctcattt cccaagggtgc cttcaatgct catnaaaacc aa 282

<210> 347
 <211> 201
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(201)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 347
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 tctgagactg actggaccca cccagaccca gggcaaagat acatgttacc atatcatctt 180
 tataaagaat tttttttgt c 201

<210> 348
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 348
 ctgttaatca caacatttgt gcatacttg tgccaagtga gaaaatgttc taaaatcaca 60
 agagagaaca gtgccagaat gaaactgacc ctaagtccca ggtgcccctg ggcaggcaga 120
 aggagacact cccagcatgg aggagggtt atcttttcat cctaggctcag gtctacaatg 180
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 gccctgcttc c 251

<210> 349
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 349
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 aacccttgag gatgccagag ctatgggtcc agaacatggt gtggtattat caacagagtt 120
 cagaagggtc tgaactctac gtgtaccag agaacataat gcaattcatg cattccactt 180
 agcaattttg taaaatacca gaaacagacc ccaagagtct ttcaagatga ggaaaattca 240

actcctgggt t

251

<210> 350

<211> 908

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 350

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tatcaatatg	caggagccat	cttgcagggt	tgatgctggt	tatactggac	aacactgtga	840
aaaaaaggac	tacagtgttc	tatacgttgt	tcccggctct	gtacgatctc	agtatgtctt	900
aatcgag						908

<210> 351

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 351

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cattaacttg	attttaaaat	cagwtttgyg	agtcattttac	cacaagctaa	atgtgtacac	180
tatgataaaa	acaaccattg	tattcctggt	tttctaaaca	gtcctaattt	ctaactctgt	240
atatactctt	cgacatcaat	gaactttggt	ttcttttact	ccagtaataa	agtaggcaca	300
gatctgtcca	caacaaactt	gccctctcat	gccttgcttc	tcaccatgct	ctgctccagg	360
tcagccccct	tttggcctgt	ttgttttgtc	aaaaaccta	tctgcttctt	gcttttcttg	420
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<210> 352

<211> 251

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 352

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caggctgctg	tccgtcctta	cgatgaagac	cacgatgcag	tttccaaaca	ttgccactac	180
atacatggaa	aggaggggga	agccaaccca	gaaatgggct	ttctctaate	ctgggatacc	240
aataagcaca	a					251

<210> 353

<211> 436

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 353

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gtatccaaaa	gcaaaacagc	agatatacaa	aattaaagag	acagaagata	gacattaaca	180
gataaggcaa	cttatacatt	gacaatccaa	atccaataca	tttaaacatt	tgggaaatga	240
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tcatgtctga	raaggctctc	ccttcaatgg	ggatgacaaa	ctccaaatgc	cacacaaatg	360
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<210> 354

<211> 854

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 354

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<210> 355

<211> 676

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 355

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<210> 356

<211> 574

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 356
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caagcttccc attttagat ctgagtgcct atgagtatct gacacctgtt cctctcttca 180
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aaaagtccac aaaactgcag tctttgctgg gatagtaagc caagcagtgc ctggacagca 300
gagttctttt cttgggcaac agataaccag acaggactct aatcgtgctc ttattcaaca 360
ttcttctgtc tctgcctaga ctggaataaa aagccaatct ctctcgtggc acaggggaagg 420
agatacaagc tcgtttacat gtgatagatc taacaaaggc atctaccgaa gtctggtctg 480
gatagacggc acaggggagct cttaggtcag cgctgctggg tggaggacat tcttgagtcc 540
agctttgcag cctttgtgca acagtacttt ccca 574

<210> 357
<211> 393
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 357
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aagccacaac caaracttga ttttatcaac aaaaaccctt aaatataaac ggsaaaaaag 180
atagatataa ttattccagt ttttttaaaa cttaaaarat attccattgc cgaattaara 240
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<210> 358
<211> 630
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 358
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caagccagag gttcctccac aacaaccagt 630

<210> 359
<211> 620
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 359
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<210> 360

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 360

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<210> 361

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 361

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<210> 362

<211> 463

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 362

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<210> 363

<211> 653

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

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<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 363

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<210> 364

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 364

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<210> 365

<211> 356

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 365

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<210> 366

<211> 1851

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 366

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<210> 367

<211> 668

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 367

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<210> 368

<211> 1512

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 368

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<210> 369

<211> 1853

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 369

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<210> 370

<211> 2184

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 370

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gattcttttt	ttaagaatct	tttggctagg	agcgggtgtc	cacgcctgta	attccagcac	1920
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tgtagtccca	gctactcagg	argctgaggc	aggagaatgg	catgaacccg	ggaggtggag	2100
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<210> 371
<211> 1855
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(1855)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 371
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gccgcccccg cataaccgtc agactggcct gtaacggctt gcaggcgcac gccgcacgcg 180
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gtaacntgct agttggtgaa actggttggg agacgcgac tgcctggact actgtttctc 660
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<210> 372
<211> 1059
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 372
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atcgtcatgc tcagggacac tgaygtgaac aagarggaca agcaaaagag gactgctcta 300
catctggcct ctgccaatgg gaattcagaa gtagtaaaac tcstgctgga cagacgatgt 360

caacttaatg	tccttgacaa	caaaaagagg	acagctctga	yaaaggccgt	acaatgccag	420
gaagatgaat	gtgcgttaat	gttgcctgaa	catggcactg	atccaaatat	tccagatgag	480
tatggaaata	ccactctrca	ctaygctrct	tayaatgaag	ataaattaat	ggccaaagca	540
ctgctcttat	ayggtgctga	tatcgaatca	aaaaacaagg	tatagatcta	ctaattttat	600
cttcaaaata	ctgaaatgca	ttcattttta	cattgacgtg	tgtaaagggc	agtcttccgt	660
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<210> 373
 <211> 1155
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 373						
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gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcatcat	catgtaattt	gccagttact	ttctgactac	1080
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accagaaata	aataa					1155

<210> 374
 <211> 2000
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 374						
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ggagactacg	atgacagtgc	cttcatggag	cccagggtacc	acgtccgtgg	agaagatctg	420
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<210> 375

<211> 2040

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 375

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<210> 376

<211> 329

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 376

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Glu Tyr Thr Ile Val His Ala Ser Phe Ile Ser Cys Ile Ser Ser Ser
 35          40          45
Leu Asp Gly Gln Gly Glu Arg Gln Glu Gln Arg Gly His Phe Trp Arg
 50          55          60
Pro Gln Arg Leu Leu Cys Glu Asp Ala Trp Glu Gln Glu Val Gln Val
 65          70          75          80
Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 85          90          95
Val Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Asp Pro Arg Tyr
100          105          110
His Val His Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp
115          120          125
Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp
130          135          140
Val Asn Lys Arg Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser
145          150          155          160
Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Val Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys
165          170          175
Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Ala
180          185          190
Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly
195          200          205
Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr
210          215          220
Ala Val Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr
225          230          235          240
Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu
245          250          255
Leu Gly Ile His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys
260          265          270
Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu
275          280          285
Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Pro Leu Leu

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290 295 300
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<210> 377
 <211> 148
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(148)
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 377
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 35 40 45
 Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu
 50 55 60
 Val Val Lys Leu Xaa Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Xaa Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp
 85 90 95
 Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro
 100 105 110
 Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Xaa Tyr Asn Glu Asp
 115 120 125
 Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser
 130 135 140
 Lys Asn Lys Val
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<210> 378
 <211> 1719
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 378
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 35 40 45
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50 55 60
 Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn

85														90				95		
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100				105				110												
Gly	Lys	Ser	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Trp	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Phe					
115				120				125												
Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	His	Val	Arg	Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	His					
130				135				140												
Arg	Ala	Ala	Trp	Trp	Gly	Lys	Val	Pro	Arg	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Val	Met					
145				150				155												
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165				170				175												
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225				230				235												
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305				310				315												
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325				330				335												
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355				360				365												
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370				375				380												
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385				390				395												
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405				410				415												
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Thr	Ser	Gly	Asp	His	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys					
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Thr	Leu	Arg	Asn	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	His	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys					
485				490				495												
Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Trp	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp					
500				505				510												
Asp	Ser	Ala	Phe	Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	His	Val	Arg	Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu					
515				520				525												

Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp
 530 535 540
 Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln
 545 550 555 560
 Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val
 565 570 575
 Val Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn
 580 585 590
 Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu
 595 600 605
 Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp
 610 615 620
 Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys
 625 630 635 640
 Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys
 645 650 655
 Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys
 660 665 670
 Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala
 675 680 685
 Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly
 690 695 700
 Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser
 705 710 715 720
 Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser
 725 730 735
 His His His Val Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln
 740 745 750
 Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys
 755 760 765
 Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser
 770 775 780
 Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp
 785 790 795 800
 Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly
 805 810 815
 Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn
 820 825 830
 Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe
 835 840 845
 Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser
 850 855 860
 Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn
 865 870 875 880
 Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu
 885 890 895
 Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile
 900 905 910
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn
 915 920 925
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro
 930 935 940
 Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu
 945 950 955 960
 Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe

	965		970		975										
Cys	Glu	Glu	Gln	Asn	Thr	Gly	Ile	Leu	His	Asp	Glu	Ile	Leu	Ile	His
	980							985					990		
Glu	Glu	Lys	Gln	Ile	Glu	Val	Val	Glu	Lys	Met	Asn	Ser	Glu	Leu	Ser
	995							1000					1005		
Leu	Ser	Cys	Lys	Lys	Glu	Lys	Asp	Ile	Leu	His	Glu	Asn	Ser	Thr	Leu
	1010							1015					1020		
Arg	Glu	Glu	Ile	Ala	Met	Leu	Arg	Leu	Glu	Leu	Asp	Thr	Met	Lys	His
	1025							1030					1035		104
Gln	Ser	Gln	Leu	Pro	Arg	Thr	His	Met	Val	Val	Glu	Val	Asp	Ser	Met
								1045					1050		1055
Pro	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser	Val	Lys	Lys	Pro	Phe	Gly	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met
								1060					1065		1070
Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	Arg	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Glu	Ser	Gly	Lys
	1075							1080					1085		
Ser	Asn	Val	Gly	Thr	Ser	Gly	Asp	His	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr
	1090							1095					1100		
Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Arg	His	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys
	1105							1110					1115		112
Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val	Gly	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asp	His	Asp	Asp
								1125					1130		1135
Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Asn	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	His
								1140					1145		1150
Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Trp
								1155					1160		1165
Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Phe	Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	His	Val	Arg
	1170							1175					1180		
Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	His	Arg	Ala	Ala	Trp	Trp	Gly	Lys	Val
	1185							1190					1195		120
Pro	Arg	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Val	Met	Leu	Arg	Asp	Thr	Asp	Val	Asn	Lys
								1205					1210		1215
Lys	Asp	Lys	Gln	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	His	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asn	Gly
								1220					1225		1230
Asn	Ser	Glu	Val	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Arg	Arg	Cys	Gln	Leu	Asn
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Val	Leu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Val	Gln	Cys
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Gln	Glu	Asp	Glu	Cys	Ala	Leu	Met	Leu	Leu	Glu	His	Gly	Thr	Asp	Pro
	1265							1270					1275		128
Asn	Ile	Pro	Asp	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asn	Thr	Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Tyr
								1285					1290		1295
Asn	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Met	Ala	Lys	Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Asp
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Ile	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asn	Lys	His	Gly	Leu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Val
								1315					1320		1325
His	Glu	Gln	Lys	Gln	Gln	Val	Val	Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala
								1330					1335		1340
Asn	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asp	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ala
	1345							1350					1355		136
Val	Cys	Cys	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ile	Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Asn
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Ile	Asp	Val	Ser	Ser	Gln	Asp	Leu	Ser	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ala	Arg	Glu	Tyr
								1380					1385		1390
Ala	Val	Ser	Ser	His	His	His	Val	Ile	Cys	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp	Tyr
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Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu
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 Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly
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 Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn
 1445 1450 1455
 Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser
 1460 1465 1470
 Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly
 1475 1480 1485
 Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu
 1490 1495 1500
 Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys
 1505 1510 1515 152
 Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser
 1525 1530 1535
 Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu
 1540 1545 1550
 Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser
 1555 1560 1565
 Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe
 1570 1575 1580
 Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe
 1585 1590 1595 160
 Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly
 1605 1610 1615
 Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro
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 Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln
 1635 1640 1645
 Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile
 1650 1655 1660
 Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser
 1665 1670 1675 168
 Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn
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 Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
 1715

<210> 379

<211> 656

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 379

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 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
 35 40 45
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50 55 60

Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
 85 90 95
 Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
 115 120 125
 Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
 130 135 140
 Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
 165 170 175
 Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
 245 250 255
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
 275 280 285
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290 295 300
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu
 370 375 380
 Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu
 405 410 415
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn
 420 425 430
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro
 435 440 445
 Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu
 450 455 460
 Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu
 465 470 475 480
 Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp
 485 490 495
 Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu

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      500      505      510
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys
      515      520      525
Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly
      530      535      540
Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser
545      550      555      560
Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr
      565      570      575
His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln
      580      585      590
Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln
      595      600      605
Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys
      610      615      620
Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile
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Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
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<210> 380

<211> 671

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 380

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      20      25      30
Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
      35      40      45
His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
      50      55      60
Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
65      70      75      80
Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
      85      90      95
Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
      100      105      110
Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
      115      120      125
Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
      130      135      140
Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
145      150      155      160
Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
      165      170      175
Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
      180      185      190
Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
      195      200      205
Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
      210      215      220
Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn

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225					230					235				240
Thr	Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Met	Ala
				245					250					255
Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ile	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asn	Lys	His
			260					265				270		
Leu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Glu	Gln	Lys	Gln	Gln	Val
		275					280					285		
Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asp	Arg
	290					295					300			
Gly	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ala	Val	Cys	Cys	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser
305					310						315			320
Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Asn	Ile	Asp	Val	Ser	Ser	Gln	Asp
				325					330					335
Ser	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ala	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Val	Ser	Ser	His	His	His
			340					345					350	
Ile	Cys	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln	Met	Leu	Lys
		355					360					365		
Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln	Asp	Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ser
	370				375						380			
Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Phe	Lys	Gly	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Pro	Glu
385					390					395				400
Met	Ser	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gly	Asp	Arg	Glu	Val
				405					410					415
Glu	Glu	Met	Lys	Lys	His	Glu	Ser	Asn	Asn	Val	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu
		420						425				430		
Leu	Thr	Asn	Gly	Val	Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Gly	Asp	Asn	Gly	Leu	Ile
	435						440					445		
Gln	Arg	Lys	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Asn	Gln	Gln	Phe	Pro	Asp	Asn
	450					455					460			
Ser	Glu	Glu	Tyr	His	Arg	Ile	Cys	Glu	Leu	Val	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Lys
465					470					475				480
Lys	Gln	Met	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln
			485						490				495	
Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu	Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Leu	Glu	Gly	Ser
		500						505				510		
Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Lys	Arg	Ser	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn	Lys
	515						520				525			
Gly	Asp	Arg	Glu	Leu	Glu	Asn	Phe	Met	Ala	Ile	Glu	Glu	Met	Lys
	530					535					540			
His	Gly	Ser	Thr	His	Val	Gly	Phe	Pro	Glu	Asn	Leu	Thr	Asn	Gly
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Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Gly	Asp	Asp	Gly	Leu	Ile	Pro	Pro	Arg	Lys	Ser
			565						570					575
Thr	Pro	Glu	Ser	Gln	Gln	Phe	Pro	Asp	Thr	Glu	Asn	Glu	Glu	Tyr
		580						585					590	
Ser	Asp	Glu	Gln	Asn	Asp	Thr	Gln	Lys	Gln	Phe	Cys	Glu	Glu	Gln
		595					600					605		
Thr	Gly	Ile	Leu	His	Asp	Glu	Ile	Leu	Ile	His	Glu	Glu	Lys	Gln
	610					615					620			
Glu	Val	Val	Glu	Lys	Met	Asn	Ser	Glu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Cys	Lys
625					630					635				640
Glu	Lys	Asp	Ile	Leu	His	Glu	Asn	Ser	Thr	Leu	Arg	Glu	Glu	Ile
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Met	Leu	Arg	Leu	Glu	Leu	Asp	Thr	Met	Lys	His	Gln	Ser	Gln	Leu
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 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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 ccaatatccc aggagaagca ttggggagtt gggggcaggt gaaggaccca ggactcacac 180
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<210> 382
 <211> 3279
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

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acaagacggt ggggcaaact ctgatttccg tgggggaatg tcatggtctt gctttactaa 3060
gttttgagac tggcaggtag tgaaactcat taggctgaga accttgtgga atgcagctga 3120
cccagctgat agaggaagta gccaggtggg agcctttccc agtgggtgtg ggacatatct 3180
ggcaagattt tgtggcactc ctggttacag atactggggc agcaaataaa actgaatctt 3240
gttttcagac cttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaagtttt 3279

```

<210> 383

<211> 155

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 383

```

Met Ala Gly Val Arg Asp Gln Gly Gln Gly Ala Arg Trp Pro His Thr
          5                      10                      15

```

```

Gly Lys Arg Gly Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Thr Trp Ala Thr Gly Gly
          20                      25                      30

```

```

His Cys Phe Ser Ser Glu Glu Ser Gly Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Gly Gln
          35                      40                      45

```

```

Lys Lys Asp Arg Ala Trp Leu Arg Cys Pro Glu Ala Val Ala Gly Phe
          50                      55                      60

```

```

Pro Leu Gly Ser Asp Cys Arg Glu Gly Gly Arg Gln Gly Cys Gly Gly
          65                      70                      75                      80

```

```

Ser Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Leu Gly Val Ala Pro Gly Leu Ala Pro Ala
          85                      90                      95

```

```

Trp Ala Leu Thr Gln Pro Pro Ser Gln Ser Pro Gly Pro Gln Ser Leu
          100                     105                     110

```

```

Pro Ser Thr Pro Ser Ser Ile Trp Pro Gln Trp Val Ile Leu Ile Thr
          115                     120                     125

```

```

Glu Leu Thr Ile Pro Ser Pro Ala His Gly Pro Pro Trp Leu Pro Asn
          130                     135                     140

```

```

Ala Leu Glu Arg Gly His Leu Val Arg Glu
          145                     150

```

<210> 384
<211> 557
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 384
ggatcctcta gagcgccgc ctactactac taaattcgcg gccgcgtcga cgaagaagag 60
aaagatgtgt tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgtggg tttccaacca 120
ggggaagggt cccttttgca ttgccaagtg ccataaccat gagcactact ctaccatggt 180
tctgcctcct ggccaagcag gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg 240
acttaacctt gaaatggaaa gtcttgcaat cccatttgca ggatccgtct gtgcacatgc 300
ctctgtagag agcagcattc ccagggacct tggaaacagt tggcactgta aggtgcttgc 360
tccccaaagac acatcctaaa aggtgttgta atggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc 420
ccttcttatt tatgtgaaca actgtttgtc tttttttgta tcttttttaa actgtaaaagt 480
tcaattgtga aaatgaatat catgcaaata aattatgcga ttttttttcc aaagtaaaaa 540
aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 557

<210> 385
<211> 337
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 385
ttcccagggtg atgtgcgagg gaagacacat ttactatcct tgatgggggt gattccttta 60
gtttctctag cagcagatgg gttaggagga agtgacccaa gtggttgact cctatgtgca 120
tctcaaagcc atctgctgtc ttcgagtacg gacacatcat cactcctgca ttgttgatca 180
aaacgtggag gtgcttttcc tcagctaaga agcccttagc aaaagctcga atagacttag 240
tatcagacag gtccagtttc cgcaccaaca cctgctgggt ccctgtcgtg gtctggatct 300
ctttggccac caattcccc ttttccacat cccggca 337

<210> 386
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 386
gggcccgtca ccggcccagg ccccgctcgc cgagtccctc tccccgggtg cctgcccgca 60
gcccgtcgcg ccagagggt gggcgcgagg ctgcctctac cggctggcgg ctgtaactca 120
gcgaccttg ccgaaggct ctagcaagga cccaccgacc ccagccgcgg cggcggcggc 180
gcggactttg cccggtgtgt ggggcggagc ggactgcgtg tccgcggacg ggcagcgaag 240
atgttagcct tcgctgccag gaccgtggac cgatcccagg gctgtggtgt aacctcagcc 300

<210> 387
<211> 537
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 387
gggcccagtc gggcaccaag ggactctttg caggcttcct tcctcggatc atcaaggctg 60
ccccctctg tgccatcatg atcagcacct atgagttcgg caaaagcttc ttccagaggc 120
tgaaccagga ccggcttctg ggcggctgaa aggggcaagg aggcaaggac cccgtctctc 180
ccacggatgg ggagagggca ggaggagacc cagccaagtg ccttttcctc agcactgagg 240
gagggggcct gtttcccttc cctcccggcg acaagctcca gggcagggct gtccctctg 300

```

gcggcccagc acttcctcag acacaacttc ttcctgctgc tccagtcgtg gggatcatca 360
cttaccacc cccaagtgc aagaccaa atctccagctg ccccttcgt gtttcctgt 420
gtttgctgta gctgggcatg tctccaggaa ccaagaagcc ctcagcctgg ttagtctcc 480
ctgacccttg ttaattcctt aagtctaaag atgatgaact tcaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 537

```

<210> 388

<211> 520

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 388

```

aggataat ttaaaccaat caaatgaaaa aaacaaacaa acaaaaaagg aaatgtcatg 60
tgagggtaaa ccagtttgca ttccccta atgtggaaaaag taaggaggact actcagcact 120
gtttgaagat tgccctctct acagcttctg agaatttgtt tatttcactt gccaaagtga 180
ggacccccct cccaacatgc ccagcccccac ccctaagcat ggctcccttg caccaggcaa 240
ccaggaaact gctacttggt gacctcacca gagaccagga gggtttggt agctcacagg 300
acttccccca cccagaaga ttagcatccc atactagact catactcaac tcaactaggc 360
tcatactcaa ttgatggtta ttagacaatt ccatttcttt ctgggttatta taaacagaaa 420
atctttctct ttctcattac cagtaaaggc tcttggtatc ttctctgttg aatgatttct 480
atgaacttgt cttattttaa tgggtgggtt ttttctggt 520

```

<210> 389

<211> 365

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 389

```

cgttgcccc gtttgacaga aggaaaggcg gagcttattc aaagtctaga gggagtggag 60
gagttaaggc tggatttcag atctgcctgg ttccagccgc agtgtgccct ctgctcccc 120
aacgactttc caaataatct caccagcgcc ttccagctca ggcgtcctag aagcgtcttg 180
aagcctatgg ccagctgtct ttgtgttccc tctcaccgc ctgtcctcac agctgagact 240
cccaggaaac cttcagacta ccttctctct ccttcagcaa ggggcgttgc ccacattctc 300
tgagggtcag tggaagaacc tagactccca ttgctagagg tagaaagggg aaggggtgctg 360
gggag 365

```

<210> 390

<211> 221

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (221)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 390

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tgctctcca tcttgcccc gacttctctg tcaggaaagt ggggatggac cccatctgca 60
tacacggnnt ctcatgggtg tggaacatct ctgcttgctg ttccaggaag gcctctggct 120
gctctangag tctgancnga ntcgttgccc cantntgaca naaggaaagg cggagcttat 180
tcaaagtcta gagggagtgg aggagttaag gctggatttc a 221

```

<210> 391

<211> 325

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(325)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 391
tggagcaggt cccgaggcct ccctagagcc tggggccgac tctgtgnega tgcangcttt 60
ctctcgcgcc cagcctggag ctgctcctgg catctaccaa caatcagncg aggcgagcag 120
tagccagggc actgctgcca acagccagtc cnnataccat catgtnaccc ggtgngctct 180
naantngat ntccanagcc ctacccatcn tagttctgct ctcccacgg ntaccagccc 240
cactgcccag gaatcctaca gccagtaccc tgtcccgacg tctctaccta ccagtacgat 300
gagacctccg gctactacta tgacc 325

<210> 392
<211> 277
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(277)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 392
atattgttta actccttcct ttatatcttt taacattttc atggngaaaag gtccacatct 60
agtctcactt nggcnaagnn ctccctacttg agtctcttcc ccggcctggn ccagtnagnaa 120
antaccanga accgncatgn cttaanaacn ncctggtttn tgggttnntc aatgactgca 180
tgcagtgcac caccctgtcc actacgtgat gctgtaggat taaagtctca cagtgggcgg 240
ctgaggatac agcgcgcgct cctgtgttgc tggggaa 277

<210> 393
<211> 566
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 393
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttcgcggccg cgtcgacgga caggtcagct gtctggctca 60
gtgatctaca ttctgaagtt gtctgaaaat gtcttcatga ttaaattcag cctaaacgtt 120
ttgccgggaa cactgcagag acaatgctgt gagtttccaa ccttagccca tctgcgggca 180
gagaaggctct agtttgtcca tcagcattat catgatatca ggactgggta cttgggtaag 240
gaggggtcta ggagatctgt cccttttaga gacaccttac ttataatgaa gtatttggga 300
gggtgggttt caaaagtaga aatgtcctgt attccgatga tcatcctgta aacattttat 360
catttattaa tcatccctgc ctgtgtctat tattatattc atatctctac gctggaaact 420
ttctgctca atgtttactg tgcccttgtt ttgctagtt tgtgttgttg aaaaaaaaaa 480
cattctctgc ctgagtttta attttgtcc aaagtattt taatctatac aattaaaagc 540
ttttgcctat caaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 566

<210> 394
<211> 384
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(384)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 394

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gaacatacat gtccccggcac ctgagctgca gtctgacatc atcgccatca cgggcctcgc 60
tgcaaattng gaccggggcca aggctggact gctggagcgt gtgaaggagc tacagggcna 120
gcaggaggac cgggctttta ggagttttta gctgagtgtc actgtagacc ccaaatacca 180
tccaagatt atcgggagaa agggggcagt aattacccaa atccggttgg agcatgacgt 240
gaacatccag tttcctgata aggacgatgg gaaccagccc caggaccaa ttaccatcac 300
agggtacgaa aagaacacag aagctgccag ggatgctata ctgagaattg tgggtgaact 360
tgagcagatg gtttctgagg acgt 384
```

<210> 395

<211> 399

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 395

```
ggcaaaactg tgtgacctca ataagacctc gcagatccaa ggtcaagtat cagaagtgc 60
tctgaccttg gactccaaga cctacatcaa cagcctggct atattagatg atgagccagt 120
tatcagaggt ttcattcattg cggaaattgt ggagtctaag gaaatcatgg cctctgaagt 180
attcacgtct ttccagtacc ctgagttctc tatagagttg cctaacacag gcagaattgg 240
ccagctactt gtctgcaatt gtatcttcaa gaataccctg gccatccctt tgactgacgt 300
caagtctctt ttggaaagcc tgggcattct ctcactacag acctctgacc atgggacggg 360
gcagcctggg gagaccatcc aatcccaaat aaaatgcac 399
```

<210> 396

<211> 403

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(403)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 396

```
tggagtntc agtgcaaaca agccataaag cttcagtagc aaattactgt ctacagaaa 60
gacattttca acttctgctc cagctgctga taaaacaaat catgtgttta gcttgactcc 120
agacaaggac aacctgttcc ttcataactc tctagagaaa aaaaggagtt gttagtagat 180
actaaaaaaaa gtggatgaat aatctggata tttttcctaa aaagattcct tgaaacacat 240
taggaaaaatg gagggcctta tgatcagaat gctagaatta gtccattgtg ctgaagcagg 300
gtttagggga gggagtgagg gataaaagaa ggaaaaaag aagagtgaga aaacctatct 360
atcaaagcag gtgctatcac tcaatgttag gccctgctct ttt 403
```

<210> 397

<211> 100

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(100)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 397

actagtnacg tgtggtggaa ttcgcgcccg cgtcgaccta naanccatct ctatagcaaa 60
tccatccccg ctccctggtg gtnacagaat gactgacaaa 100

<210> 398

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 398

gcggcccgct cgacagcagt tccgccagcg ctgccccctg ggtgggggatg tgctgcacgc 60
ccacctggac atctggaagt cagcggcctg gatgaaagag cggacttcac ctggggcgat 120
tcaactactgt gcctcgacca gtgaggagag ctggaccgac agcgagggtg actcatcatg 180
ctccggggcag cccatccacc tgtggcagtt cctcaaggag ttgctactca agccccacag 240
ctatggccgc ttcat tangt ggctcaacaa ggagaagg 278

<210> 399

<211> 298

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(298)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 399

acggagggtgg aggaagcgnc cctgggatcg anaggatggg tcctgncatt gaccncctcn 60
ggggtgcccng catggagcgc atgggcgcgg gcctgggcca cggcatggat cgcgtgggct 120
ccgagatcga gcgcattggc ctggtcatgg accgcatggg ctccgtggag cgcattgggct 180
ccggcattga gcgcattggc ccgctgggccc tcgaccacat ggctccanc attgancgca 240
tgggcccagac catggagcgc attggctctg gcgtggagcn catgggtgcc ggcattggg 298

<210> 400

<211> 548

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 400

acatcaacta cttcctcatt ttaaggtatg gcagttccct tcatccccct ttcctgcctt 60
gtacatgtac atgtatgaaa tttccttctc ttaccgaact ctctccacac atcacaagg 120
caaagaacca cagccttaga agggtaagag ggcaccctat gaaatgaaat ggtgatttct 180
tgagtctctt ttttccacgt ttaaggggccc atggcaggac ttagagttgc gagttaagac 240
tgcagagggc tagagaatta tttcatacag gctttgaggc caccatgtc acttatccc 300
tataccctct caccatcccc ttgtctactc tgatgcccc aagatgcaac tgggcagcta 360
gtttggcccca taattctggg cctttgttgt ttgttttaat tacttgggca tcccaggaag 420
ctttccagtg atctcctacc atgggcccc ctctgggat caagccccct ccaggccctg 480
tccccagccc ctctgcccc agcccccccg ctgtccttgg tgctcagccc tcccattggg 540
agcaggtt 548

<210> 401
<211> 355
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(355)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 401
actgtttcca tggtatgttt ctacacattg ctacctcagt gtccttgga acttagcttt 60
tgatgtctcc aagtagtcca ctttcattta actctttgaa actgtatcat ctttgccaag 120
taagagtggg ggcctatttc agctgctttg acaaaatgac tggctcctga cttaacgttc 180
tataaatgaa tgtgctgaag caaagtgcc atggtggcgg cgaagaagan aaagatgtgt 240
tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgnngg tttccaacca ggggaagggt 300
cccttttgca ttgccaagtg ccataaccat gagcactact ctaccatggn tctgc 355

<210> 402
<211> 407
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(407)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 402
atggggcaag ctggataaag aaccaagacc cactggagta tgctgtcttc aagaaacca 60
tctcacatgc ggtggcatac ataggctcaa aataaaggaa tggagaaaaa tatttcaagc 120
aaatggaaaa cagaaaaaag caggtgttgc actcctactt tctgacaaaa cagactatgc 180
gaataaagat aaaaaagaga aggacattac aaaggtggtc ctgacctttg ataaatctca 240
ttgcttgata ccaacctggg ctgttttaat tgcccaaaacc aaaaggataa tttgctgagg 300
ttgtggagct tctcccctgc agagagtccc tgatctccca aaatttgggt gagatgtaag 360
gntgattttg ctgacaactc cttttctgaa gttttactca tttccaa 407

<210> 403
<211> 303
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(303)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 403
cagtatttat agcnaactg aaaagctagt agcaggcaag tctcaaatcc aggcacccaa 60
tcctaagcaa gagccatggc atggtgaaaa tgcaaaagga gagtctggcc aatctacaaa 120
tagagaacaa gacctactca gtcatgaaca aaaaggcaga caccaacatg gatctcatgg 180
gggattggat attgtaatta tagagcagga agatgacagt gatcgtcatt tggcacaaca 240
tcttaacaac gaccgaaacc cattatttac ataaacctcc attcggtaac catgttgaaa 300
gga 303

<210> 404
<211> 225
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 404
aagtgttaact tttaaaaatt tagtggattt tgaaaattct tagaggaaag taaaggaaaa 60
attgttaatg cactcattta cctttacatg gtgaaagtgc tctcttgatc ctacaaacag 120
acattttcca ctctgtgttc catagtgtt aagtgtatca gatgtgttgg gcatgtgaat 180
ctccaagtgc ctgtgtaata aataaagtat ctttatttca ttcatt 225

<210> 405
<211> 334
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(334)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 405
gagctgttat actgtgagtt ctactaggaa atcatcaaat ctgagggttg tctggaggac 60
ttcaatacac ctccccccat agtgaatcag cttccagggg gtccagtcct tctccttact 120
tcatccccat cccatgccaa aggaagaccc tccctccttg gctcacagcc ttctctaggc 180
ttcccagtgct ctccaggaca gagtgggtta tgttttcagc tccatccttg ctgtgagtg 240
ctggtgcggt tgtgcctcca gcttctgctc agtgcttcat ggacagtgtc cagcccatgt 300
cactctccac tctctcanng tggatcccac ccct 334

<210> 406
<211> 216
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(216)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 406
tttcatacct aatgagggag ttganatnac atnnaaccag gaaatgcatg gatctcaang 60
gaaacaaaca cccaataaac tcggagtggc agactgacaa ctgtgagaca tgcacttgct 120
acnaaacaca aatttnatgt tgcacccttg tttctacacc tgtgggttat gacaaagaca 180
actgccaaag aatnttcaag aaggaggact gccant 216

<210> 407
<211> 413
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 407
gctgacttgc tagtatcatc tgcattcatt gaagcacaag aacttcatgc cttgactcat 60
gtaaatgcaa taggattaaa aaataaattt gatatcacat ggaaacagac aaaaaatatt 120
gtacaacatt gcacccagtg tcagattcta cacctggcca ctcaggaagc aagagttaat 180
cccagaggtc tatgtcctaa tgtgttatgg caaatggatg tcatgcacgt accttcattt 240

ggaaaattgt catttgtcca tgtgacagtt gatacttatt cacatttcat atgggcaacc 300
tgccagacag gagaaagtct tcccatgtta aaagacattt attatcttgt tttcctgtca 360
tgggagttcc agaaaaagtt aaaacagaca atgggccagg ttctgtagta aag 413

<210> 408

<211> 183

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(183)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 408

ggagctngcc ctcaattcct ccatntctat gttancatat ttaatgtctt ttgnnattaa 60
tncttaacta gttaatcctt aaagggctan ntaatcctta actagtcctt ccattgtgag 120
cattatcctt ccagtattcn ccttctnttt tattttactcc ttcttggtta cccatgtact 180
ntt 183

<210> 409

<211> 250

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(250)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 409

cccacgcatg ataagctctt tatttctgta agtctctgcta ggaaatcatc aaatctgacg 60
gtggtttggg ggacctgaac aaacctcctg taattaatca gctttcagtt tctcccccta 120
gtccctcctt caacaacata ggaggatcct ccccttcttt ctgtcacagg ccttatctag 180
gcttcccagt gccccagga cagcgtgggc tatgtttaca gcgntcctt gctggggggg 240
ggccttatgc 250

<210> 410

<211> 306

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(306)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 410

ggctggtttg caagaatgaa atgaatgatt ctacagctag gacttaacct tgaaatggaa 60
agtcttgcaa tcccatgtgc aggatccgtc tgtgcacatg cctctgtaga gaggcagatt 120
cccagggacc ttggaaacag ttggcactgt aagggtgctt ctccccaaaga cacatcctaa 180
aagggtgttg aatggtgaaa accgcttcct tctttattgc ccttctttat ttatgtgaac 240
nactggtttg ctttttttgn atctttttta aactggaaag ttcaattgng aaaatgaata 300
tcntgc 306

<210> 411
<211> 261
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(261)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 411
agagatattn cttaggtnaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaattgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggngaggcaa a 261

<210> 412
<211> 241
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(241)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 412
gttcaatgtt acctgacatt tctacaacac cccactcacc gatgtattcg ttgccagtg 60
ggaacatacc agcctgaatt tggaaaaaat aattgtgttt cttgccagg aaatactacg 120
actgactttg atggctccac aaacataacc cagtgtaaaa acagaagatg tggaggggag 180
ctgggagatt tctactgggta cattgaattc ccaaactacc cangcaatta cccagccaac 240
a 241

<210> 413
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(231)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 413
aactcttaca atccaagtga ctcatctgtg tgcttgaatc cttccactg tctcatctcc 60
ctcatccaag ttcttagtac cttctctttg ttgtgaagga taatcaaact gaacaacaaa 120
aagtttactc tctctatttg gaacctaaaa actctcttct tcctgggtct gagggctcca 180
agaatccttg aatcanttct cagatcattg gggacaccan atcaggaacc t 231

<210> 414
<211> 234
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 414

```
actgtccatg aagcactgag cagaagctgg aggcacaacg caccagacac tcacagcaag 60
gatggagctg aaaacataac ccactctgtc ctggaggcac tgggaagcct agagaaggct 120
gtgagccaag gagggagggt cttcctttgg catgggatgg ggatgaagta aggagaggga 180
ctggaccccc tggaagctga ttcactatgg ggggagggtg attgaagtcc tcca      234
```

<210> 415

<211> 217

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (217)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 415

```
gcataggatt aagactgagt atcttttcta cattctttta acttttctaag gggcacttct 60
caaaacacag accaggtagc aaatctccac tgctctaagg ntctcaccac cacttttctca 120
cacctagcaa tagtagaatt cagtcctact tctgaggcca gaagaatggt tcagaaaaat 180
antggattat aaaaaataac aattaagaaa aataatc      217
```

<210> 416

<211> 213

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (213)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 416

```
atgcatatnt aaagganact gcctcgcttt tagaagacat ctggnctgct ctctgcatga 60
ggcacagcag taaagctctt tgattcccag aatcaagaac tctccccttc agactattac 120
cgaatgcaag gtgggtaatt gaaggccact aattgatgct caaatagaag gatattgact 180
atattggaac agatggagtc tctactacaa aag      213
```

<210> 417

<211> 303

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (303)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 417

```
nagtcttcag gcccatcagg gaagttcaca ctggagagaa gtcatacata tgtactgtat 60
gtgggaaagg ctttactctg agttcaaadc ttcaagccca tcagagagtc cacactggag 120
agaagccata caaatgcaat gagtgtggga agagcttcag gagggattcc cattatcaag 180
ttcatctagt ggtccacaca ggagagaaac cctataaatg tgagatatgt gggaagggct 240
tcantcaaag ttcgtatctt caaatccatc ngaaggncca cagtatanan aaacctttta 300
agt      303
```


<210> 418
 <211> 328
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(328)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 418
 tttttggcgg tggtaggggca gggacgggac angagtctca ctctgttgcc caggctggag 60
 tgcacaggca tgatctcggc tcactacaac ccctgcctcc catgtccaag cgattcttgt 120
 gcctcagcct tccctgtagc tagaattaca ggcacatgcc accacaccca gctagttttt 180
 gtatttttag tagagacagg gtttcacat gttggccagg ctggtctcaa actcctnacc 240
 tcagnngtca ggctggtctc aaactcctga cctcaagtga tctgcccacc tcagcctccc 300
 aaagtgctan gattacaggc cgtgagcc 328

<210> 419
 <211> 389
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(389)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 419
 cctcctcaag acggcctgtg gtccgcctcc cggcaaccaa gaagcctgca gtgccatag 60
 acccctgagc catggactgg agcctgaaag gcagcgtaca ccctgctcct gatcttgtg 120
 cttgtttcct ctctgtggct ccattcatag cacagttgtt gcactgaggc ttgtgcaggc 180
 cgagcaaggc caagctggct caaagagcaa ccagtcaact ctgccacggg gtgccaggca 240
 ccggttctcc agccaccaac ctactcgtc cccgcaaagt gcacatcagt tcttctaccc 300
 taaaggtagg accaaagggc atctgctttt ctgaagtcct ctgctctatc agccatcacg 360
 tggcagccac tcnggctgtg tcgacgcgg 389

<210> 420
 <211> 408
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 420
 gttcctccta actcctgcc aaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
 tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtc tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
 gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
 gtccatttga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
 gccaaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
 gatatagaaa attcttgaat gaggcctata aacatgaaca gggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
 acgttgaccg gactttgatg aagtgcctatg acaaacctgg caagcccc 408

<210> 421
 <211> 352
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(352)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 421

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atnggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt acggaggcca 60
gaggagaatg aggcctggcc tgggagccct gtgcctacta naagcacatt agattatcca 120
ttcactgaca gaacaggtct tttttgggtc cttcttctcc accacnatac atttgcagtc 180
ctccttcttg aagattcttt ggcagttgtc tttgtcataa cccacaggtg tagaaacaag 240
ggtgcaacat gaaatttctg tttcgtagca agtgcattgtc tcacaagttg gcangtctgc 300
cactccgagt ttattgggtg tttgtttcct ttgagatcca tgcatttcct gg 352
```

<210> 422

<211> 337

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 422

```
atgccaccat gctggcaatg cagcgggagg tcgaaggcct gcatatccag cccaagctgg 60
cgatgatcga cggcaaccgt tgcccgaagt tgccgatgcc agccgaagcg gtggtcaagg 120
gcgatagcaa ggtgccggcg atcgcggcgg cgtcaatcct ggccaaggtc agccgtgac 180
gtgaaatggc agctgtcgaa ttgatctacc cgggttatgg catcggcggg cataagggct 240
atccgacacc ggtgcacctg gaagccttgc agcggctggg gccgacgccg attcaccgac 300
gcttcttccg ccggtacggc tggcctatga aaattat 337
```

<210> 423

<211> 310

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(310)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 423

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atatggcatg gctacacaat cattgactat tagaggccag 60
aggagaatga ggcttggcct gggagccctg tgcctactan aagcncatta gattatccat 120
tcactgacag aacaggtctt ttttgggtcc ttcttctcca ccacgatata cttgcagtcc 180
tccttcttga agattctttg gcagttgtct ttgtcataac ccacaggtgt anaaacaagg 240
gtgcaacatg aaatttctgt ttcgtagcaa gtgcatgtct cacagttgtc aagtctgccc 300
tccgagttta 310
```

<210> 424

<211> 370

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(370)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 424
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg ataggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt agaggccaga 60
ggagaatgag gcctggcctg ggagccctgt gcctactaga agcacattag attatccatt 120
cactgacaga acaggtcttt tttgggtcct tcttctccac cactatatac ttgcagtcct 180
ccttcttgaa gattcttttg cagttgtctt tgtcataacc cacaggtgta gaaacatcct 240
ggttgaatct cctggaactc cctcattagg tatgaaatag catgatgcat tgcataaagt 300
cacgaaggtg gcaaagatca caacgctgcc cagganaaca ttcattgtga taagcaggac 360
tccgtcgacg 370

<210> 425
<211> 216
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(216)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 425
aattgctatn ntttattttg ccactcaaaa taattaccaa aaaaaaaaaa tnttaaataga 60
taacaacnca acatcaaggn aaananaaca ggaatggntg acntgcata aatnggccga 120
anattatcca ttatnttaag ggttgacttc aggntacagc acacagacaa acatgcccg 180
gaggntntca ggaccgctcg atgtnttntg aggagg 216

<210> 426
<211> 596
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 426
cttccagtga ggataaccct gttgccccgg gccgagggtc tccattaggc tctgattgat 60
tggcagtcag tgatggaagg gtgttctgat cattccgact gcccgaaggg tcgctggcca 120
gctctctgtt ttgctgagtt ggcagtagga cctaatttgt taattaagag tagatgggtga 180
gctgtccttg tattttgatt aacctaatgg ccttcccagc acgactcgga ttcagctgga 240
gacatcacgg caacttttaa tgaaatgatt tgaagggccca ttaagaggca cttcccgtta 300
ttaggcagtt catctgcact gataacttct tggcagctga gctggtcgga gctgtggccc 360
aaacgcacac ttggcttttg gttttgagat acaactctta atcttttagt catgcttgag 420
gggtgatggc cttttcagct ttaacccaat ttgcaactgc ttggaagtgt agccaggaga 480
atacactcat atactcgtgg gcttagaggc cacagcagat gtcattgggtc tactgcctga 540
gtcccgcgtg tcccatccca ggaccttcca tcggcgagta cctgggagcc cgtgct 596

<210> 427
<211> 107
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(107)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 427
gaagaattca agttaggttt attcaaaggg cttacngaga atcctanacc caggncccag 60

cccgaggagca gccttanaga gctcctgttt gactgcccgg ctcagng

107

<210> 428

<211> 38

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(38)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 428

gaacttcena anaangactt tattcactat ttacatt

38

<210> 429

<211> 544

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 429

ctttgctgga cggaataaaa gtggacgcaa gcatgacctc ctgatgaggg cgctgcattt 60
attgaagagc ggctgcagcc ctgcggttca gattaaaatc cgagaattgt atagacgccg 120
atatccacga actcctgaag gactttctga tttatccaca atcaaactcat cggttttcag 180
tttggatggg ggctcatcac ctgtagaacc tgacttggcc gtggctggaa tccactcgtt 240
gcctccact tcagttacac ctactcacc atcctctcct gtgggttctg tgctgcttca 300
agatactaag cccacatttg agatgcagca gccatctccc ccaattcctc ctgtccatcc 360
tgatgtgcag ttaaaaaatc tgccctttta tgatgtcctt gatgttctca tcaagcccac 420
gagtttagtt caaagcagta ttcagcgatt tcaagagaag ttttttattt ttgctttgac 480
acctcaacaa gttagagaga tatgcatatc cagggatttt ttgccagggtg gtaggagaga 540
ttat 544

<210> 430

<211> 507

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(507)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 430

cttatcncaa tggggctccc aaacttggct gtgcagtgga aactccgggg gaattttgaa 60
gaacactgac acccatcttc caccgcgaca ctctgattta attgggctgc agtgagaaca 120
gagcatcaat ttaaaaagct gcccagaatg ttntcctggg cagcgttgtg atctttgccn 180
ccttcgtgac tttatgcaat gcatcatgct atttcatacc taatgaggga gttccaggag 240
attcaaccag gatgtttcta cncctgtggg ttatgacaaa gacaactgcc aaagaatntt 300
caagaaggag gactgcaagt atatcgtggg ggagaagaag gacccaaaaa agacctgttc 360
tgtcagtga tggataatct aatgtgcttc tagtaggcac agggctccca ggccaggcct 420
cattctcctc tggcctctaa tagtcaatga ttgtgtagcc atgcctatca gtaaaaagat 480
ttttgagcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 507

<210> 431

<211> 392

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(392)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 431

```
gaaaaattcag aatggataaa aacaaatgaa gtacaaaata tttcagattt acatagcgat 60
aaacaagaaa gcacttatca ggaggactta caaatggaag tacactctan aaccatcatc 120
tatcatggct aaatgtgaga ttagcacagc tgtattattt gtacattgca aacacctaga 180
aagagatggg aaacaaaatc ccaggagttt tgtgtgtgga gtcctgggtt ttccaacaga 240
catcattcca gcattctgag attaggngga ttggggatca ttctggagtt ggaatgttca 300
acaaaagtga tgttgttagg taaaatgtac aacttctgga tctatgcaga cattgaaggt 360
gcaatgagtc tggcttttac tctgctgttt ct 392
```

<210> 432

<211> 387

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(387)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 432

```
ggtatcnta cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattggngt agattaccac 60
aaatgcaagg caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg 120
ngtagtccaa gctctcgna gtccagccac tgngaaacat gctcccttta gattaacctc 180
gtggacnctn ttgttgnatt gtctgaactg tagngccctg tattttgctt ctgtctgnga 240
attctgtgct ttctggggca tttccttgng atgcagagga ccaccacaca gatgacagca 300
atctgaattg ntccaatcac agctgcgatt aagacatact gaaatcgtac aggaccggga 360
acaacgtata gaacactgga gtccttt 387
```

<210> 433

<211> 281

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(281)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 433

```
ttcaactagc anagaanact gcttcagggg gtgtaaaatg aaaggcttcc acgcagttat 60
ctgattaaag aacactaaga gagggacaag gctagaagcc gcaggatgtc tacactatag 120
caggcnctat ttgggttggtc tggaggagct gtggaaaaca tggagagatt ggcgctggag 180
atgcgcgtgg ctattcctcn ttgntattac accagngagg ntctctgtnt gccactggg 240
tnnaaaaccg ntatacaata atgatagaat aggacacaca t 281
```

<210> 434

<211> 484

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 434

```

ttttaaaata agcatttagt gctcagtcct tactgagtag tctttctctc cctcctctctg 60
aatttaattc tttcaacttg caatttgcaa ggattacaca tttcactgtg atgtatattg 120
tggtgcaaaa aaaaaaaagt gtctttgttt aaaattactt ggtttgtaga tccatcttgc 180
tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa acatctgaag 240
agctagtcta tcagcatctg acaggtgaat tggatgggtc tcagaacccat ttcacccaga 300
cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca taacaaaccc 360
tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt agtcagcacc cccaccaaac 420
tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataaag tacccatgtc 480
ttaa
484

```

<210> 435

<211> 424

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 435

```

gcgcccgtca gagcagggtc ctttctgcct tccacgtcct ccttcaagga agccccatgt 60
gggtagcttt caatatcgca ggttcttact cctctgcctc tataagctca aaccacacaa 120
cgatcgggca agtaaacccc ctccctcgcc gacttcggaa ctggcgagag ttcagcgcag 180
atgggcctgt ggggaggggg caagatagat gagggggagc ggcattggtgc ggggtgaccc 240
cttggagaga ggaaaaaggc cacaagaggg gctgccaccg ccactaacgg agatggccct 300
ggtagagacc tttgggggtc tggaacctct ggactcccca tgctctaact cccacactct 360
gctatcagaa acttaaactt gaggattttc tctgtttttc actcgcaata aattcagagc 420
aaac
424

```

<210> 436

<211> 667

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (667)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 436

```

accttgggaa nactctcaca atataaaggg tcgtagactt tactccaaat tccaaaaagg 60
tcctggccat gtaatcctga aagttttccc aaggtagcta taaaatcctt ataaggggtc 120
agcctcttct ggaattcctc tgatttcaaa gtctcactct caagttcttg aaaacgaggg 180
cagttcctga aaggcaggta tagcaactga tcttcagaaa gaggaactgt gtgcaccggg 240
atgggctgcc agagtaggat aggattccag atgctgacac cttctggggg aaacagggct 300
gccaggtttg tcatagcact catcaaagtc cggtcacagt ctgtgcttcg aatataaacc 360
tgttcatgtt tataggactc attcaagaat tttctatata tctttcttat atactctcca 420
agttcataat gctgctccat gccagctggg gtgagttggc caaatccttg tggccatgag 480
gattccttta tggggtcagt gggaaagggt tcaatgggac ttcgggtctcc atgccgaaac 540
accaaagtca caaacttcaa ctcttggtc agtacacttc ggtctagcca gaaaaaaagc 600
agaaacaaga agccaaggct aaggcttgct gccctgccag gaggaggggt gcagctctca 660
tgttgag
667

```

<210> 437

<211> 693

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 437

```

ctacgtctca accctcattt ttaggtaagg aatcttaagt ccaaagatat taagtgactc 60
acacagccag gtaaggaaag ctggattggc acactaggac tctaccatac cgggttttgt 120
taaagctcag gttaggaggc tgataagctt ggaaggaaact tcagacagct ttttcagatc 180
ataaaagata attcttagcc catgttcttc tccagagcag acctgaaatg acagcacagc 240
aggtactcct ctattttcac ccctcttgct tctactctct ggcagtcaga cctgtgggag 300
gccatgggag aaagcagctc tctggatggt tgtacagatc atggactatt ctctgtggac 360
catttctcca ggttacccta ggtgtcacta ttggggggag agccagcatc tttagctttc 420
atttgagttt ctgtctgtct tcagtagagg aaacttttgc tcttcacact tcacatctga 480
acacctaaact gctgttgctc ctgaggtggt gaaagacaga tatagagctt acagtattta 540
tcctatttct aggcactgag ggctgtgggg taccttgtgg tgccaaaaca gatcctgttt 600
taaggacatg ttgcttcaga gatgtctgta actatctggg ggctctgttg gctctttacc 660
ctgcatcatg tgctctcttg gctgaaaatg acc                                     693

```

<210> 438

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 438

```

ctgcttatca caatgaatgt tctcctgggc agcgttgtga tctttgccac cttcgtgact 60
ttatgcaatg catcatgcta tttcatacct aatgagggag ttccaggaga ttcaaccagg 120
atgtttctac acctgtgggt tatgacaaag acaactgcc aagaatcttc aagaaggagg 180
actgcaagta tatctgggtg agaagaagga cccaaaaaag acctgttctg tcagtgaatg 240
gataatctaa tgtgcttcta gtaggcacag ggctcccagg ccaggcctca ttctcctctg 300
gcctctaata gtcaataatt ggttagccat gcctatcagt aaaaagattt ttgagcaaac 360

```

<210> 439

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(431)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 439

```

gttcctnnta actcctgcc aaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tgccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gcttttttcc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag t                                     431

```

<210> 440

<211> 523

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 440

```

agagataaag cttagggtcaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaattgtc tgaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaattctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggagaggcaa agaaaggaga tacagtggag acatctggaa agttttctcc 300
actggaaaac tgctactatc tgtttttata tttctgttaa aatatatgag gctacagaac 360
taaaaattaa aacctctttg tgtcccttg tcttggaaca tttatgttcc ttttaaagaa 420
acaaaaatca aactttacag aaagatttga tgtatgtaat acatatagca gctcttgaag 480
tatatatatc atagcaaata agtcattctga tgagaacaag cta 523

```

<210> 441

<211> 430

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 441

```

gttcctccta actcctgcc aaaacagctc tctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtc tcttggttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtgtg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgaccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgctga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag 430

```

<210> 442

<211> 362

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 442

```

ctaaggaatt agtaggttc ccatcacttg tttggagtgt gctattctaa aagattttga 60
tttctggaa tgacaattat attttaactt tgggtgggga aagagttata ggaccacagt 120
cttcaacttct gatacttgta aattaatctt ttattgcact tgttttgacc attagctat 180
atgttttagaa atggtcattt tacggaaaaa ttagaaaaat tctgataata gtgcagaata 240
aatgaattaa tgttttactt aatttatatt gaactgtcaa tgacaaataa aaattctttt 300
tgattatatt ttgttttcat ttaccagaat aaaaactaag aattaaaagt ttgattacag 360
tc 362

```

<210> 443

<211> 624

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (624)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 443

```

tttttttttt gcaacacaat atacatcaca gtgaaatgtg taatccttgc aaattgcaag 60
ttgaaagaat taaattcaga ggaggggaga gaaagagtac tcagtaggga ctgagcacta 120
aatgcttatt ttaaaagaaa tgtaaagagc agaaagcaat tcaggctacc ctgccttttg 180
tgctggctag tactccggtc ggtgtcagca gcacgtggca ttgaacattg caatgtggag 240

```



```
cccaaaccac agaaaatggg gtgaaattgg ccaactttct attaacttgg cttcctgttt 300
tataaaatat tgtgaataat atcacctact tcaaagggca gttatgaggc ttaaatgaac 360
taacgcctac aaaacactta aacatagata acataggtgc aagtactatg tatctggtac 420
atggtaaac tctttattat taaagtcaac gctaaaatga atgtgtgtgc atatgctaata 480
agtacagaga gagggcactt aaaccaacta agggcctgga gggaagggtt cctggaaaga 540
ngatgcttgt gctgggtcca aatcttggtc tactatgacc ttggccaaat tattttaaact 600
ttgtccctat ctgctaaaca gatac 624
```

<210> 444

<211> 425

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(425)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 444

```
gcacatcatt nntcttgcatt tctttgagaa taagaagatc agtaaatagt tcagaagtgg 60
gaagctttgt ccaggcctgt gtgtgaaccc aatgttttgc ttagaaatag aacaagtaag 120
ttcattgcta tagcataaca caaaatttgc ataagtgttg gtcagcaaat ccttgaatgc 180
tgcttaatgt gagaggttgg taaaatcctt tgtgcaacac tctaactccc tgaatgtttt 240
gctgtgctgg gacctgtgca tgccagacaa ggccaagctg gctgaaagag caaccagcca 300
cctctgcaat ctgccacctc ctgctggcag gatttgtttt tgcacacctg gaagagccaa 360
ggaggcacca gggcataagt gagtagactt atggctcgacg cggccgcgaa tttagtagta 420
gtaga 425
```

<210> 445

<211> 414

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(414)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 445

```
catgtttatg nttttggatt actttgggca cctagtgttt ctaaactcgtc tatcattctt 60
ttctgttttt caaaagcaga gatggccaga gtctcaacaa actgtatctt caagtctttg 120
tgaaattctt tgcattgtggc agattatttg atgtagtctt ctttaactag catataaatc 180
tggtgtgttt cagataaatg aacagcaaaa tgtggtggaa ttaccatttg gaacattgtg 240
aatgaaaaat tgtgtctcta gattatgtaa caaataacta tttcctaacc attgatcttt 300
ggatttttat aatcctactc acaaatgact aggcctctcc tcttgtattt tgaagcagtg 360
tggtgtgctgg attgataaaa aaaaaaaaaaag tcgacgcggc cgcaattta gtag 414
```

<210> 446

<211> 631

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(631)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 446

```

acaaattaga anaaagtgcc agagaacacc acataccttg tccggaacat tacaatggct 60
tctgcatgca tgggaagtgt gagcattcta tcaatatgca ggagccatct tgcagggtgtg 120
atgctgggta tactggacaa cactgtgaaa aaaaggacta cagtgttcta tacgttggtc 180
ccggtcctgt acgatttcag tatgtcttaa tcgcagctgt gattggaaca attcagattg 240
ctgtcatctg tgtggtggtc ctctgcatca caagggccaa actttaggta atagcattgg 300
actgagattt gtaaactttc caaccttcca ggaaatgccc cagaagcaac agaattcaca 360
gacagaagca aaatacaggg cactacagtt cagacaatac aacaagagcg tccacgaggt 420
taatctaaag ggagcatgtt tcacagtggc tggactaccg agagcttgga ctacacaata 480
cagtattata gacaaaagaa taagacaaga gatctacaca tgttgccctg catttgtggg 540
aatctacacc aatgaaaaca tgtactacag ctatatattga ttatgtatgg atatatttga 600
aatagtatac attgtcttga tgttttttct g                                     631

```

<210> 447

<211> 585

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(585)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 447

```

ccttgggaaa antntcacia tataaagggt cgtagacttt actccaaatt ccaaaaagggt 60
cctggccatg taatcctgaa agttttccca aggtagctat aaaatcctta taagggtgca 120
gcctcttctg gaattcctct gatttcaaag tctcactctc aagtctctga aaacgagggc 180
agttcctgaa aggcaggtat agcaactgat cttcagaaaag aggaactgtg tgcaccggga 240
tgggctgcca gtagtaggata ggattccaga tgctgacacc ttctggggga aacaggggctg 300
ccagggtttgt catagcactc atcaaagtcc ggtcaacgtc tgtgcttcga atataaacct 360
gttcatgttt ataggactca ttcaagaatt ttctatatct ctttcttata tactctccaa 420
gttcataatg ctgtcccatg cccagctggg tgagttggcc aaatccttgt ggccatgagg 480
attcctttat ggggtcagtg ggaaagggtg caatgggact tcgggtctcca tgccgaaaca 540
ccaaagtcac aaacttcaac tccttggcta gtacacttcg gtcta                                     585

```

<210> 448

<211> 93

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(93)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 448

```

tgctcgtggg tcattctgan nccgaactg accntgccag ccctgccgan gggccnccat 60
ggctccctag tgccctggag agganggggc tag                                     93

```

<210> 449

<211> 706

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(706)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 449
ccaagttcat gctntgtgct ggacgctgga cagggggcaa aagcnnttgc tcgtgggtca 60
ttctgancac cgaactgacc atgccagccc tggcagatggt cctccatggc tccctagtgc 120
cctggagagg aggtgtctag tcagagagta gtccctggaag gtggcctctg ngaggagcca 180
cggggacagc atcctgcaga tggtcgggcg cgtcccattc gccattcagg ctgcgcaact 240
gttgggaagg gcgatcgggt cgggcctctt cgctattacg ccagctggcg aaagggggat 300
gtgctgcaag gcgattaagt tgggtaacgc caggggttttc ccagtcncga cgttgtaaaa 360
cgacggccag tgaattgaat ttaggtgacn ctatagaaga gctatgacgt cgcattgcacg 420
cgtacgtaag cttggatcct ctagagcggc cgctactac tactaaattc gcggcgcgct 480
cgacgtggga tccnactga gagagtggag agtgacatgt gctggacnct gtccatgaag 540
cactgagcag aagctggagg cacaacgcnc cagacactca cagctactca ggaggctgag 600
aacaggttga acctgggagg tggagggtgc aatgagctga gatcaggccn ctgcncccca 660
gcatggatga cagagtgaag ctccatctta aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 706

<210> 450
<211> 493
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 450
gagacggagt gtcactctgt tggccaggct ggagtgcagc aagacactgt ctaagaaaaa 60
acagttttta aaggtaaaac aacataaaaa gaaatatcct atagtggaaa taagagagtc 120
aaatgaggct gagaacttta caaagggatc ttacagacat gtcgccaata tcaactgcatg 180
agcctaagta taagaacaac ctttggggag aaaccatcat ttgacagtga ggtacaattc 240
caagtcagggt agtgaaatgg gtggaattaa actcaaatta atcctgccag ctgaaacgca 300
agagacactg tcagagagtt aaaaagtgag ttctatccat gaggtgattc cacagtcttc 360
tcaagtcaac acatctgtga actcacagac caagttctta aaccactggt caaactctgc 420
tacacatcag aatcacctgg agagctttac aaactcccat tggcaggggg cgacgcggcc 480
gcgaatttag tag 493

<210> 451
<211> 501
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(501)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 451
gggcgcgtcc cattcgccat tcaggctgcg caactgttgg gaagggcgat cgggtgcgggc 60
ctcttcgcta ttacgccagc tggcgaaagg gggatgtgct gcaaggcgat taagttgggt 120
aacgccaggg ttttccagc cncgacgttg taaaacgacg gccagtgaat tgaatttagg 180
tgacnctata gaagagctat gacgtcgcat gcacgcgtac gtaagcttgg atcctctaga 240
gcggccgcct actactacta aattcgcggc cgcgtcgacg tgggatccnc actgagagag 300
tggagagtga catgtgctgg acnctgtcca tgaagcactg agcagaagct ggaggcacia 360
cgcncagac actcacagct actcaggagg ctgagaacag gttgaacctg ggaggtggag 420
gttgcaatga gctgagatca ggcnctgcn cccagcatg gatgacagag tgaaactcca 480

tcttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a

501

<210> 452

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(51)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 452

agacggtttc accnttacaa cnccttttag gatgggnntt ggggagcaag c

51

<210> 453

<211> 317

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(317)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 453

tacatcttgc tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa 60
acatctgaag agctagtcta tcagcatctg gcaagtgaat tggatgggtc tcagaaccat 120
ttcacccana cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca 180
taacaaaccc tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt antcagcacc 240
cccacaaac tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataagg 300
taccatgtc tttatta 317

<210> 454

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 454

ttcgaggtag aatcaactct cagagtgtag tttccttcta tagatgagtc agcattaata 60
taagccacgc cagctcttg aaggagtctt gaattctcct ctgctcactc agtagaacca 120
agaagaccaa attcttctgc atcccagctt gcaaacaaaa ttgttcttct aggtctccac 180
ccttcctttt tcagtgttcc aaagctcttc acaatttcat gaacaacagc t 231

<210> 455

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 455

taccaaagag ggcataataa tcagtctcac agtaggggtc accatcctcc aagtgaaaaa 60
cattgttccg aatgggcttt ccacaggcta cacacacaaa acaggaaaca tgccaagttt 120
gtttcaacgc attgatgact tctccaagga tcttcctttg gcacgacca cattcagggg 180
caaagaattt ctcatagcac agtcacaaat acagggtctc tttctcctct a 231

<210> 456
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 456
ttggcaggta cccttacaaa gaagacacca taccttatgc gttattaggt ggaataatca 60
ttccattcag tattatcggt attattcttg gagaaaccct gtctgtttac tgtaaccttt 120
tgcaactcaa ttcttttata aggaataact acatagccac tatttacaaa gccattggaa 180
cctttttatt tgggtgcagct gctagtcagt ccctgactga cattgccaaag t 231

<210> 457
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (231)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 457
cgaggtagcc aggggtctga aaatctctnn tttantagtc gatagcaaaa ttgttcatca 60
gcattcctta atatgatctt gctataatta gattttttct cattagagtt catcacgttt 120
tatttgattt tattagcaat ctctttcaga agacccttga gatcattaag ctttgatatcc 180
agttgtctaa atcgatgcct catttcctct gaggtgtcgc tggcttttgc g 231

<210> 458
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 458
aggtctggtt ccccccaett cactccccct ctactctctc taggactggg ctggggccaag 60
agaagagggg tgggttaggga agccgttgag acctgaagcc ccacctcta ccttccttca 120
acaccctaac cttgggtaac agcatttgga attatcattt gggatgagta gaatttccaa 180
ggctcctgggt taggcatttt ggggggccag accccaggag aagaagattc t 231

<210> 459
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 459
ggtaccgagg ctgcctgaca cagagaaacc ccaacgcgag gaaaggaatg gccagccaca 60
ccttcgcgaa acctgtggtg gccaccagt cctaacggga caggacagag agacagagca 120
gccctgcact gttttccctc caccacagcc atcctgtccc tcattggctc tgtgctttcc 180
actatacaca gtcaccgtcc caatgagaaa caagaaggag caccctccac a 231

<210> 460
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 460

gcagggtataa catgctgcaa caacagatgt gactaggaac ggccggtgac atggggagggg 60
cctatcaccc tattcttggg ggctgcttct tcacagtgat catgaagcct agcagcaaatt 120
cccacctccc cacacgcaca cggccagcct ggagcccaca gaagggtcct cctgcagcca 180
gtggagcttg gtccagcctc cagtccaccc ctaccaggct taaggataga a 231

<210> 461

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 461

cgagggtttga gaagctctaa tgtgcagggg agccgagaag caggcggcct agggaggggtc 60
gcgtgtgctc cagaagagtgt tgtgcatgcc agaggggaaa caggcgcctg tgtgtcctgg 120
gtgggggttca gtgaggagtgt ggaaattggt tcagcagaac caagccgttg ggtgaataag 180
aggggggattc catggcactg atagagccct atagtttcag agctgggaat t 231

<210> 462

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 462

aggtagcctc attgtagcca tgggaaaatt gatgttcagt ggggatcagt gaattaaatg 60
gggtcatgca agtataaaaa ttaaaaaaaaaa aagacttcat gcccaatctc atatgatgtg 120
gaagaactgt tagagagacc aacagggtag tgggttagag atttcagag tcttacattt 180
tctagaggag gtatttaatt tcttctcact catccagtgt tgtatttagg a 231

<210> 463

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 463

tactccagcc tggtagacaga gcgagaccct atcacgccc cccacccac caaaaaaaaaa 60
actgagtaga cagggtgtcct cttggcatgg taagtcttaa gtcccctccc agatctgtga 120
catttgacag gtgtcttttc ctctggacct cgggtgtccc atctgagtga gaaaaggcag 180
tggggagggtg gatcttccag tcgaagcggg atagaagccc gtgtgaaaag c 231

<210> 464

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 464

gtactctaag attttatcta agttgccttt tctgggtggg aaagtttaac cttagtgact 60
aaggacatca catatgaaga atgtttaagt tggaggtggc aacgtgaatt gcaaacaggg 120
cctgtctcag tgactgtgtg cctgtagtcc cagctactcg ggagtctgtg tgaggccagg 180
gggtccagcg caccagctag atgctctgta acttctaggc cccattttcc c 231

<210> 465

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 465

```

catgttggtg tagctgtggt aatgctggct gcatctcaga cagggttaac ttcagctcct 60
gtggcaaat agcaacaaat tctgacatca tatttatggt ttctgtatct ttgttgatga 120
aggatggcac aatttttgct tgtgttcata atatactcag attagttcag ctccatcaga 180
taaactggag acatgcagga cattagggta gtgtttagc tctggtaatg a 231

```

<210> 466

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 466

```

cagggtacctc tttccattgg atactgtgct agcaagcatg ctctccgggg tttttttaat 60
ggccttcgaa cagaacttgc cacataccca ggtataatag tttctaacat ttgcccagga 120
cctgtgcaat caaatattgt ggagaattcc ctactggag aagtcacaaa gactatagga 180
aataatggag accagtccca caagatgaca accagtcgtt gtgtgaggct g 231

```

<210> 467

<211> 311

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 467

```

gtacaccctg gcacagtcca atctgaactg gttcggcact catctttcat gagatggatg 60
tggcggtttt tctccttttt catcaagact cctcagcagg gagccagac cagcctgcac 120
tgtgccttaa cagaagggtct tgagattcta agtgggaatc atttcagtga ctgtcatgtg 180
gcatgggtct ctgcccgaagc tcgtaatgag actatagcaa ggcggctgtg ggacgtcagt 240
tgtgacctgc tgggcctccc aatagactaa caggcagtg cagttggacc caagagaaga 300
ctgcagcaga c 311

```

<210> 468

<211> 3112

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 468

```

cattgtgttg ggagaaaaac agaggggaga tttgtgtggc tgcagccgag ggagaccagg 60
aagatctgca tgggtgggaag gacctgatga tacagagttt gataggagac aattaaaggc 120
tgggaaggcac tggatgcctg atgatgaagt ggactttcaa actggggcac tactgaaacg 180
atgggatggc cagagacaca ggagatgagt tggagcaagc tcaataacaa agtggttcaa 240
cgaggacttg gaattgcatg gagctggagc tgaagtttag cccaattgtt tactagtga 300
gtgaatgtgg atgattggat gatcatttct catctctgag cctcaggttc cccatccata 360
aaatgggata cacagtatga tctataaagt gggatatagt atgatctact tcaactgggtt 420
atttgaagga tgaattgaga taatttattt caggtgccta gaacaatgcc cagattagta 480
catttgggtg aactgagaaa tggcataaca ccaaatttaa tatatgtcag atgttactat 540
gattatcatt caatctcata gttttgtcat ggcccaattt atcctcactt gtgcctcaac 600
aaattgaact gttaacaaag gaatctctgg tcctgggtaa tggctgagca ccactgagca 660
tttccattcc agttggcttc ttgggtttgc tagctgcac actagtcatc ttaataaaat 720
gaagttttta catttctcca gtgatttttt tatctcacct ttgaagatac tatgttatgt 780
gattaaataa agaacttgag aagaacagggt ttcattaaac ataaaatcaa tgtagacgca 840
aattttctgg atgggcaata cttatgttca caggaaatgc tttaaaatat gcagaagata 900
attaaatggc aatggacaaa gtgaaaaact tagacttttt tttttttttt ggaagtatct 960
ggatgttcct tagtcactta aaggagaact gaaaaatagc agtgagttcc acataatcca 1020
acctgtgaga ttaaggctct ttgtggggaa ggacaaagat ctgtaaatct acagtttcct 1080
tccaaagcca acgtcgaatt ttgaaacata tcaaaagctct tcttcaagac aaataatcta 1140
tagtacatct ttcttatggg atgcacttat gaaaaatggg ggctgtcaac atctagtcac 1200

```

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tttagctctc aaaatgggtc attttaagag aaagttttag aatctcatat ttattcctgt 1260
ggaaggacag cattgtggct tggactttat aagggtcttta ttcaactaaa taggtgagaa 1320
ataagaaagg ctgctgactt taccatctga ggccacacat ctgctgaaat ggagataatt 1380
aacatcacta gaaacagcaa gatgacaata taatgtctaa gtagtgacat gtttttgac 1440
atttccagcc cctttaaata tccacacaca caggaagcac aaaaggaagc acagagatcc 1500
ctgggagaaa tggccggccg ccatcttggg tcatcgatga gcctcgccct gtgcctggtc 1560
ccgcttgtag gggaaggaca ttagaaaatg aattgatgtg ttccctaaag gatgggcagg 1620
aaaacagatc ctgttggtga tatttatttg aacgggatta cagatttgaa atgaagtcac 1680
aaagttagca ttaccaatga gaggaaaaca gacgagaaaa tcttgatggc ttcacaagac 1740
atgcaacaaa caaaatggaa tactgtgatg acatgaggca gccaaagctgg ggaggagata 1800
accacggggc agagggtcag gattctggcc ctgctgccta aactgtgcgt tcataaccaa 1860
atcatttcat atttctaacc ctcaaaacaa agctgttgta atatctgac tctacggttc 1920
cttctgggcc caacattctc catatatcca gccacactca tttttaatat ttagttccca 1980
gatctgtact gtgacctttc tacactgtag aataacatta ctcattttgt tcaaagacct 2040
ttcgtgttgc tgcctaatat gtagctgact gtttttccca aggagtgttc tggcccagg 2100
gatctgtgaa caggctggga agcatctcaa gatctttcca ggggtatact tactagcaca 2160
cagcatgac attacggagt gaattatcta atcaacatca tcctcagtgt ctttgcccat 2220
actgaaattc atttccact tttgtgccc tctcaagac ctcaaaatgt cattccatta 2280
atatcacagg attaactttt tttttaacc tggagaatt caatgttaca tgcagctatg 2340
ggaatttaac tacatatatt gttttccagt gcaaagatga ctaagtcctt tatccctccc 2400
ctttgttga tttttttcc agtataaagt taaaatgctt agccttgtag tgagggtgta 2460
tacagccaca gcctctcccc atccctccag ccttatctgt catcaccatc aacccctccc 2520
atgcacctaa acaaaatcta acttgtaatt ccttgaacat gtcaggcata cattattcct 2580
tctgcctgag aagctcttcc ttgtctctta aatctagaat gatgtaaagt tttgaataag 2640
ttgactatct tacttcatgc aaagaaggga cacatatgag attcatcatc acatgagaca 2700
gcaataacta aaagtgtaat ttgattataa gagtttagat aaatatatga aatgcaagag 2760
ccacagaggg aatgtttatg gggcacgttt gtaagcctgg gatgtgaagc aaaggcagg 2820
aacctcatag tatcttatat aatatacttc atttctctat ctctatcaca atatccaaca 2880
agcttttcac agaattcatg cagtgcacaa ccccaaagg aacctttatc catttcatgg 2940
tgagtgcgct ttagaatttt ggcaaatcat actggtcact tatctcaact ttgagatgtg 3000
tttgtccttg tagttaattg aaagaaatag ggcactcttg tgagccactt tagggttcac 3060
tcctggcaat aaagaattta caaagagcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa 3112

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<210> 469

<211> 2229

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 469

```

agctctttgt aaattcttta ttgccaggag tgaaccctaa agtggctcac aagagtgcc 60
tatttctttc aattaactac aaggacaaac acatctcaaa gttgagataa gtgaccagta 120
tgatttgcca aaattctaaa gcgcactcac catgaaatgg ataaagggtta cctttgggga 180
tttgactgac atgaattctg tgaaaagctt gttggatatt gtgatagaga tagagaaatg 240
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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁷ : C12N 15/12, C07K 14/47, C12Q 1/68, A61K 39/395, G01N 33/68, 33/574, C07K 16/30, C12N 15/62, 5/02 // A61P 35/00		A3	(11) International Publication Number: WO 00/04149 (43) International Publication Date: 27 January 2000 (27.01.00)																					
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US99/15838 (22) International Filing Date: 14 July 1999 (14.07.99) (30) Priority Data: <table border="0"><tr><td>09/115,453</td><td>14 July 1998 (14.07.98)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/116,134</td><td>14 July 1998 (14.07.98)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/159,822</td><td>23 September 1998 (23.09.98)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/159,812</td><td>23 September 1998 (23.09.98)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/232,880</td><td>15 January 1999 (15.01.99)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/232,149</td><td>15 January 1999 (15.01.99)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/288,946</td><td>9 April 1999 (09.04.99)</td><td>US</td></tr></table> (71) Applicant: CORIXA CORPORATION [US/US]; Suite 200, 1124 Columbia Street, Seattle, WA 98104 (US). (72) Inventors: DILLON, Davin, Clifford; 21607 N.E. 24th Street, Redmond, WA 98053 (US). HARLOCKER, Susan, Louise; 6203 20th Avenue N.W., Seattle, WA 98107 (US). YUQIU, Jiang; 5001 South 232nd Street, Kent, WA 98032 (US). XU, Jiangchun; 15805 S.E. 43rd Place, Bellevue, WA 98006 (US). MITCHAM, Jennifer, Lynn; 16677 Northeast 88th Street, Redmond, WA 98052 (US).		09/115,453	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US	09/116,134	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US	09/159,822	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US	09/159,812	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US	09/232,880	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US	09/232,149	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US	09/288,946	9 April 1999 (09.04.99)	US	(74) Agents: MAKI, David, J. et al.; Seed and Berry LLP, 6300 Columbia, 701 Fifth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104-7092 (US). (81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>With international search report.</i> (88) Date of publication of the international search report: 20 July 2000 (20.07.00)	
09/115,453	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US																						
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09/288,946	9 April 1999 (09.04.99)	US																						
(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER																								
(57) Abstract Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more prostate tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a prostate tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as prostate cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a prostate tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.																								

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DE	Germany	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
DK	Denmark	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		
EE	Estonia						

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 99/15838

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 C12N15/12 C07K14/47 C12Q1/68 A61K39/395 G01N33/68
G01N33/574 C07K16/30 C12N15/62 C12N5/02
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According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C12N C07K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	WO 97 33909 A (CORIXA CORP) 18 September 1997 (1997-09-18) the whole document ---	1-22, 29-31, 35-49, 53-79
A	SJOGREN H O: "Therapeutic immunization against cancer antigens using genetically engineered cells" IMMUNOTECHNOLOGY, vol. 3, no. 3, 1 October 1997 (1997-10-01), pages 161-172, XP004097000 ISSN: 1380-2933 the whole document --- -/-	23-28, 32-34, 53-57



Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.



Patent family members are listed in annex.

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"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

31 January 2000

Date of mailing of the international search report

04.05.00

Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

ANDRES S.M.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT, JS 99/15838

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	<p>CHU R S ET AL: "CPG OLIGODEOXYNUCLEOTIDES ACT AS ADJUVANTS THAT SWITCH ON T HELPER 1 (TH1) IMMUNITY" JOURNAL OF EXPERIMENTAL MEDICINE, vol. 186, no. 10, 1 November 1997 (1997-11-01), pages 1623-1631, XP002910130 ISSN: 0022-1007 the whole document</p> <p>---</p>	14-20, 25-27, 41-47
A	<p>EP 0 317 141 A (BECTON DICKINSON CO) 24 May 1989 (1989-05-24) the whole document</p> <p>---</p>	50-52
A	<p>ZITVOGEL L ET AL: "Eradication of established murine tumors using a novel cell-free vaccine: dendritic cell-derived exosomes" NATURE MEDICINE, vol. 4, no. 5, 1 May 1998 (1998-05-01), pages 594-600, XP002085387 ISSN: 1078-8956 cited in the application</p> <p>---</p>	
P,X	<p>WO 98 37093 A (CORIXA CORP) 27 August 1998 (1998-08-27)</p> <p>---</p> <p>page 3, line 20 -page 22, line 2 page 35, line 9 - last line page 76, line 34 -page 78, line 22 claims</p> <p>---</p>	1-15, 17-19, 21,22, 29-31, 34,35, 39-42, 44-46, 48,49, 58-79
P,X	<p>WO 98 37418 A (CORIXA CORP) 27 August 1998 (1998-08-27)</p> <p>---</p> <p>page 2 -page 24 example 2 page 35, line 15 -page 36, line 11 page 81, line 14 -page 83, line 11 claims</p> <p>-----</p>	1-15, 17-19, 21,22, 29-31, 34,35, 39-42, 44-46, 48,49, 58-79

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

In ternational application No.

PCT/US 99/ 15838

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of Item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
Remark: Although claims 29-34, 48-49, 52, 55-57
are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal
body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged
effects of the compound/composition.
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such
an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

see additional sheet

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all
searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment
of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report
covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☒ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is
restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

1-79 all partially

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

.....
Invention 1. Claims: 1-79 (all partially)

A polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein defined as SEQ ID 108 and which is encoded by the related SEQ IDs 2,3,107 (according to the Description of the Sequence Identifiers), fragments and variants thereof, fusion proteins comprising it, polynucleotides or oligonucleotides derived therefrom, antibodies or fragments thereof binding to the polypeptide, pharmaceutical compositions or vaccines comprising these products and their use in methods for inhibiting, monitoring or diagnosing the development of a prostate cancer, for removing tumor cells from a sample or for expanding and/or stimulating T-cells.

Inventions 2. to 439. Claims: 1-79 (all partially and as far as applicable)

As for subject 1. but concerning respectively SEQ IDs 1,4-106,109-111,115-171,173-175,177,179-305,307-315,326,328,330,332-335,340-375,381,382 and 384-472.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/JS 99/15838

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
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		BR 9708082 A	27-07-1999
		CA 2249742 A	18-09-1997
		EP 0914335 A	12-05-1999
		NO 984229 A	13-11-1998
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